

Title/Type: On-Site Sewerage Management System Design Report

Property Address: 156 Ainsworth Road, Mongogarie, NSW, 2470 Lot/DP: 9/755625 Council: Richmond Valley Council Date: December 2023

Prepared for: Andrew Bevan Prepared by: Ecoteam Internal Document Number: 23399

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The information contained in this publication is based on knowledge and understanding at the time of writing. However, because of advances in knowledge, users are reminded of the need to ensure that information upon which they rely is up to date and to check currency of the information with the appropriate LGA Council Officers or government advisory body.

SUMMARY

Ecoteam has been engaged by Andrew Bevan to design an On-Site Wastewater Management System (OSSMS) for 2 proposed dwellings on Lot/DP 9/755625, 156 Ainsworth Road, Mongogarie, NSW, 2470. The property area is 39.15 ha. The new OSSMS system will treat the wastewater from both dwellings and will be comprised of an AWTS, and spray irrigation.

Soils

Soils are Strongly Structured Light Clay of the Yorklea soil landscape. Soils are non-dispersive and slaking with a pH of 4.5-5.

Site Constraints

The Land Application Area (LAA) is located approximately 25 m south, down slope of the proposed 2-bedroom dwelling and 50 m south down slope of the proposed 3-bedroom dwelling. LAA is sloped to the south at 13% with good exposure. The site is grassed around the LAA and is located outside of all building, boundary, and environmental buffers. There is bedrock across the site at varying depths ranging from 750 mm to 450 mm around the LAA.

Modelling Parameters

Modelling parameters are based on the Richmond Valley Council On-site Sewage Wastewater Model. Treatment system is sized on 3 BR + 2BR (7 EP). The proposed dwellings utilise roof harvesting rainwater supply with full water saving devices (120L/person/day) (LGA guidelines) for a total daily wastewater load of 840 L/day.

System Components

The treatment system is shown in Table 1.

Component	Required	Specified
Primary and	AWTS	Taylex ABSNR-1350+P
treatment		
Pump	Submersible Pump	Davey D40
Filter	Suitable Filter	40 mm Triangle 120-micron filter
		assembly
Land application	378 m ²	424.25 m ² Spray Irrigation
		4 sprayer heads (XCEL-WOBBLER #6
		MA nozzle)

nts.

Conclusion

- a) Soil characteristics, conditions and drainage are suitable for effluent land application via spray irrigation and will provide optimal conditions for plant growth.
- b) The LAA is located approximately 25 m south from the proposed 2-bedroom dwelling and 50 m south of the proposed 3-bedroom dwelling with suitable reserve area in the same location.
- c) The aspect of the proposed LAA is south with a 13% slope. There is good exposure across the LAA.
- d) Soils indicated slaking, non-dispersive, Strongly Structured Light Clays with a pH of 4.5-5.
- e) LAA will be 424.25 m² to safely dispose of treated wastewater.
- f) The LAA is located outside of all building, boundary, and environmental buffers.
- g) There is bedrock across the site at varying depths ranging from 750 mm to 450 mm around the LAA. Disposal to be achieved through spray irrigation.

The wastewater system is designed for the site to achieve a sustainable wastewater treatment solution as per the Local Government Area (LGA) On-Site Sewage and Wastewater Management Strategy and Australian Standards AS/NZS1547:2012. The proposed design addresses all the site constraints and provides an ecologically sustainable solution and effectively manages potential risks to environmental and human health.

PROPRIETOR'S DECLARATION

Please read the design report and sign this declaration before lodging with Council.

I have read the report and understand the concepts and physical attributes of the system. I agree to maintain the system using the methods and scheduling recommended by the designer.

Signed by the proprietor

Date

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Project Outline

Ecoteam has been engaged by Andrew Bevan to design an On-Site Wastewater Management System (OSSMS) for a residential dwelling. Refer to **Table 2** for the property and dwelling details. Refer to **Figure 1** for the location of the property.

Table 2.	Details of the subject property and proposed development.
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Feature	Description
Proposed development	A 3-bedroom dwelling and a 2-bedroom dwelling
Number of bedrooms	Primary 3 BR, secondary 2 BR - (7EP)
Address	156 Ainsworth Road, Mongogarie, NSW, 2470
Lot/DP	9/755625
Local Government Area	Richmond Valley Council
Zone (Richmond Valley Council Local Environment Plan (LEP) 2014	RU1 Primary Production
Allotment size	39.15 ha
Easements	None
Water supply	Roof water harvesting.
Date of assessment	24/11/2023
Recent weather conditions	Sunny and fine
Existing vegetation	Grassed with trees





2. SITE ASSESSMENT & LIMITATIONS

Site characteristics recorded during the site assessment were used to direct the OSSMS designs as per the LGA Council On-site Sewage and Wastewater Management Strategy. **Table 3** summarises the site characteristics for the proposed development. **Appendix A** presents a property overview and soil investigation locations.

Site Feature	ature Limitation Guideline Description		Design	
(Method of assessment)			Consideration	
Slope	>15%	13%	Irrigation	
(clinometer)				
Landform (observed)	Convergent land shape (drainage- concentrating)	Divergent	No Limitation	
Exposure / aspect (observed)	Facing within SW or SE quadrant, and sheltered from sun-wind	South facing aspect, good exposure	Prevent overshading of LAA.	
Buffer distance to water	<100 m to perennial and	 √		
body & human-made	intermittent watercourse			
features	<250 m to domestic groundwater	\checkmark		
(Measured: desktop/field,	wells			
NSW NR Atlas)	<40 m to gullies	\checkmark	No Limitation	
	LAA <12 m if up-gradient and <6			
	m if down-gradient of property	/		
	boundaries, but 6 m/3 m as above	V		
	tor pools		NI 11 16 16	
Run on and	Major, where diversion not	Moderate W/	No Limitation	
up slope seepage	practical	divergent landscape		
Flooding potential	Disposal system below 1 in 20-	Above all flood	No Limitations	
(observed/anecdotal)	vear flood contour OR	levels		
(obeen real anecaetary	your nood contour ort	10 4 010		
	Treatment system below 1 in 100- year flood contour			
Site drainage	Signs of surface dampness	No visible signs of	No Limitation	
(observed/estimated)		surface dampness		
Vegetation indicating waterlogging (observed)	Presence of sedges that indicate waterlogged soil	Absence of sedges that indicate waterlogged soil	No Limitation	
Surface condition (observed)	Bare ground or cracking	No bare ground, grass cover	No Limitation	
Fill (observed/anecdotal)	Disposal area contains fill	Disposal area not on fill	No Limitation	
Erosion / mass movement (observed)	Rills, slips	No sign of rills, slips	No Limitation	
Soil category	Soil Categories 5,6 excluding strongly structured light clays (dispersive or shrink-swell soils are to be considered as Soil Category 6 soils)	Strongly Structured Light Clay (Category 5)	No Limitation	
Coarse fragments	Occupies >20% of soil volume	Occupies <5% soil	No Limitation	
(observed)	(increase Soil Category by one class)	volume		
Field pH	≤5.5	4.5-5	Ameliorate with Lime	
(Raupach field test)			at a rate of 150g/m ²	
Dispersiveness (Modified EAT)	Class 3 or 4	Class 1 and 2	No Limitation	
Depth to watertable or	Soil depth of <1 m before	Bedrock	Treatment system with	
bedrock	groundwater or bedrock is	encountered 450	nutrient reduction and	
(observed/estimated)	encountered	mm to 750 mm	chlorination required.	
			LAA to be spray	
			ingation.	

Table 3. Site features, limitations & design considerations.

3. SOIL

3.1. Geology & Soil Landscape.

Table 4 presents the geology and soil landscape of the proposed LAA.

Table 4. Geology and soli lanuscape	Table 4.	Geology and soil landscape
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Feature	Description
Geology	Grafton Formation: sandstone, siltstone, claystone, coal. Tertiary gravels (gravel, sand, sandstone and greybilly) also occur throughout this soil landscape (Chesnut 1980).
Soil landscape	Yorklea (yo) – very low undulating rises on Grafton Formation sediments and Tertiary gravels. Relief is 20 –30 m, slopes 2–10%. Slopes are simple and convex; crests are moderately broad. Extensively cleared tall eucalypt woodland with banksia woodland on sands and gravels.
Soil	Moderately deep (100–150 cm), moderately well-drained Red and Yellow Earths on crests. Moderately deep (100–150 cm), poorly drained Red Podzolic Soils, Yellow Podzolic Soils, Soloths with occasional Lateritic Podzolic Soils on slopes.
Soil landscape limitations	Highly erodible, hardsetting, dispersible, slowly permeable, seasonally waterlogged soils of low fertility. Localised salinity.

3.2. Soil Test pits

Three soil test pits were dug by excavator at the site. Refer to **Tables 5, 6, and 7** for soil profile descriptions. **Appendix B** presents photo plates of soil profiles for the test pits. Bedrock was encountered between 450 mm to 750 mm depth within test pits.

Test pits B1 (North)							
Soil lands	scape:	Yorklea					
Horizon	Depth (mm)	Colour	Structure	Texture	Coarse Fragments	рН	Dispersive Class
1	0-200	Brown	Strongly	Loam	0%	5	2
2	200-	Brown	Strongly	Light Clay	0%	4.5	2
	450						
3	450-	Brown	Strongly	Light Clay	0%	4.5	2
	750						
	Limi	tation × No li	mitation ✓ :	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	\checkmark

Test pit B2 (East)							
Soil lands	scape:	Yorklea					
Horizon	Depth	Colour	Structure	Texture	Coarse	рН	Dispersive
	(mm)				Fragments		Class
1	0-200	Brown	Strongly	Clay Loam	0%	5	2
2	200-	Brown	Strongly	Clay Loam	0%	5	2
	400						
3	400-	Brown	Strongly	Light Clay	0%	4.5	2
	600						
	Limi	tation × No li	mitation ✓ :	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	✓

Table 6. Test pit 2 soil profile description.

Limitation ≭ No limitation ✓ : \checkmark \checkmark

 Table 7.
 Test pit 3 2 soil profile description.

Test pit B3 (West)							
Soil lands	scape:	Yorklea					
Horizon	Depth (mm)	Colour	Structure	Texture	Coarse Fragments	рН	Dispersive Class
1	0-150	Brown	Strongly	Loam	0%	5	2
2	150-	Brown	Strongly	Light Clay	0%	4.5	2
	450						
Limitation * No limitation \checkmark :				\checkmark	\checkmark	×	\checkmark

3.3. Soil Summary

The presence of the following soil characteristics demonstrates that soils are generally consistent across the location and are suited for the proposed disposal method.

- Strongly Structures Category 5 Light Clays.
- Class 1 and 2, non-dispersive, slaking soils.
- 0% coarse fragments.
- Soil pH of 4.5-5.
- Bedrock at 450 mm to 750 mm depth

4. SITE OPPORTUNITIES AND DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

4.1. Site Opportunities

- The dwellings utilise rainwater harvesting tank water supply with flushing toilets and full water saving devices.
- Soil characteristics, conditions, and drainage are suitable for the proposed disposal method.
- There is a suitable area approximately 25 m south from the proposed 2-bedroom dwelling and 50 m south of the proposed 3-bedroom dwelling for disposal and reserve area.
- The proposed LAA is divergent with good exposure across the LAA.
- LAA cleared therefore, tree clearing will not be required.
- The LAA is located outside of all building, boundary, and environmental buffers.

4.2. Design Considerations

- Slope is 13%.
- Minor runoff during rain events along with divergent slope, no need for diversion drain.
- Bedrock was encountered across the site ranging from 450 mm to 750 mm requiring spray irrigation for LAA.
- Soils are acidic requiring amelioration with lime at a rate of 150 g/m².
- The site outside the LAA is heavily vegetated making it unsuitable for alternative LAA locations.

The wastewater system is designed for the site to achieve a sustainable wastewater treatment solution as per the LGA Council On-Site Sewage and Wastewater Management Strategy and Australian Standards AS/NZS1547:2012. The proposed design addresses all the site constraints and provides an ecologically sustainable solution that will effectively manages potential risks to environmental and human health. The system will replace a failing system and therefore environmental outcomes will be improved.

5. TREATMENT COMPONENTS & SIZING

5.1. Modelling Parameters

The Richmond Valley Council On-site Wastewater Model (Single Rural Households) was used to size the treatment and land application components (**Appendix C**).

5.2. Household Water Usage

Household water usage was estimated using council OSSMS guidelines (Table 8).

Table 8.Household water usage.

Parameter	Description / Value
Water supply	Rainwater Supply
Number of bedrooms	3 Bedrooms + 2 Bedroom
Person's equivalent	7 EP
Total daily flow (L/day)	840 L

5.3. AWTS

The following is specifications for the AWTS (**Table 9**). See **Appendix D** for service and maintenance requirements as well as further design specifications and certificate of accreditation.

Table 9.	Septic Tank Details.
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Parameter	Description / Value	
AWTS	Taylex ABSNR-1350+P	
Maximum Load	9 EP	
Water received	Toilet, bathroom, kitchen, laundry	
Pump out frequency	(see Table 10)	
Pumps to	LAA via indexing valve	

5.4. Disposal Pump

Sump pump will be installed in the AWTS pump out chamber to deliver wastewater to the LAA. Pump design specification are present in **Table 10**, and **Appendix E**. A vacuum breaker and non-return valve will be located on the outlet from the pump well. AWTS specified in report has additional storage in case of pump failure.

Parameter	Description / Value		
Туре	1 x Davey D40 sump pump or similar will be installed in the AWTS		
Pressure Line	40 mm Lilac Polypipe PN8		
Pump operation	A level float switch activates the pump when the effluent reaches the maximum operating water level and deactivates the pump when the effluent reaches the minimum operating water level.		
Discharge per cycle	Approximately 500 L per cycle		
Pump Capacity	Duty Point for flushing: 91.71 l/min at 9.28 m head Duty point for irrigation: 16.4 l/min at 11.57 m head (See Appendix A)		
Expected cycle length	30 minutes		
Expected activation interval	14.3 hours		
Failure alarm	An electrical cable and all-weather power outlet will be positioned adjacent to the sump to provide power for the pumps and the failure alarm.		
Located	In AWTS pump out chamber		
Pumps to	Irrigation field		

Table 10.Disposal pump details.

Pump failure alarm

The AWTS will be fitted with a pump failure alarm which will include a flashing light located directly adjacent to system or in a visible area on or around the tank (e.g., on structure wall). The alarm shall be activated when the water level increases within the AWTS. The expected life of an effluent sump pump is 3 - 10 years.

Pump commissioning

Prior to commissioning of the pumps, the following testing procedure will be undertaken. Steps 2 to 4 should be conducted annually.

- 1. A 24-hour draw-down test for leaks with the lid on, recording any drop in the water level (with the pump off).
- 2. Three draw-down tests should be undertaken to confirm that the pump is operating as specified.
- 3. The failed-pump alarm should be checked to ensure that it is working and set at an appropriate level.
- 4. Check that float switches are functioning, and free of entanglement.

5.5. Filter and Water Conditioning System

Refer to **Table 11** for the filters and conditioning system details and **Appendix A** for a filtration layout.

Table 11.	Summary of Filter Manifolds
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Parameter	Description / Value
Pressure gauges	400 kPa Pressure Gauge located immediately up and downstream of the inline disk filter.
Disk filter	DN40 TRI T040V 120 mesh screen filter
Air release valve/ vacuum breaker.	DN40 RIV Comb Air Relief Valve
Flows to	Irrigation Field

5.6. Surface Spray Irrigation

Spray irrigation specifications are present in **Table 12**. Detailed diagram of the LAA and irrigation specifications are present in **Appendix A**. Sprinkler specifications are present in **Appendix F**.

Table 12.	Surface	Irrigation	Specifications
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Parameter	Description / Value			
Distribution	40 mm high pressure polypipe			
Surface sprayers	4 XCEL-WOBBLER #6 MA nozzles spaced at 12.5 m apart raised 600 mm with risers.			
Air release valve/vacuum breaker	DN40 RIV Comb Air Relief Valve			
Signage	The effluent irrigation area requires signs indicating "Sewage disposal area."			

5.7. Flushing

Flushing pit specification and times are shown in **Table 13**.

 Table 13.
 Flushing Irrigation Specification

Parameter	Description / Value
Flush Valve	40 mm Ball Valve with upstream pressure gauge (open to
Travel time from pump to flushing valve	80 seconds
Flushing time	120 seconds
Flushing pressure	9.28 m
Flushing pit dimensions	W: 1 m L: 3 m D: 0.4 m
Flush pit capacity	480 L
Flushing velocity	1.3 – 1.5 m/s

6. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

6.1. Source Control

- Use biodegradable and low phosphorus detergents where possible.
- Minimise the amount of bleach, Napisan[©], disinfectants or chemicals entering the system.
- Use low sodium detergents in washing machine to reduce sodium entering disposal areas.

6.2. AWTS

- The owner's manual prepared by the manufacturer shall contain a plan for the on-going management of the AWTS. The plan shall include details of:
 - the treatment process,
 - procedures to be followed in the event of a system failure,
 - emergency contact numbers,
 - maintenance requirements,
 - inspection and sampling procedures to be followed as part of the on-going monitoring program developed by the local council.
- Effluent from the AWTS taken in any random grab sample shall comply with the following standard:
 - BOD5 -less than 30 mg/L,
 - TSS -less than 45 mg/L,
 - E. coli -less than 100 cfu/100 ml,
 - Free residual chlorine -greater than 0.5 and less than 2.0 mg/L.

6.3. Pump

- Conduct a 24-hour draw-down test for leaks with the lid on, recording any drop in the water level (with the pump off)
- Three pump draw-down tests should be undertaken to confirm that the pump is operating as specified.
- The water level alarm should be checked to ensure that it is working and operating at an appropriate level.
- Check that float switches are functioning, and free of entanglement.

6.4. Filtration & Conditioning System

- The primary disc filter (black) should be removed and cleaned with a pressurised hose every 6 months and reinstalled. Replace every 2-3 years.
- The tech filter (brown) should be checked and cleaned every 12 months. Replace every 2 years.

6.5. Spray Irrigation Field

- Prevent entry of vehicles and livestock to the irrigation area. Fence if required.
- The vegetation in the irrigation area is to be maintained (i.e. mowed)
- Air release valves should be checked for signs of leakage every 3 months and removed, cleaned, and reinstalled every 12 months. Replace as required.
- Apply gypsum to LAA if soil instability is noticed or damage to the soil surface occurs.

Appendix A. System Design



23399 Irrigation System	Design Para	me
ITEM	UNITS	R
Bedrooms		
Number of EP	EP	
Total daily output	l/day	
Hydraulic loading area	m ²	
Nutrient Loading area	m ²	
Land application area	m ²	
Soil type		Li
Average site slope	%	
LTAR	mm/week	
Vegetation		
Gross application rate	mm/hr	
Number of irrigation zones		
Zone area	m ²	L
Pump out volume	L	
Quantity applied	mm	
Irrigation duration	min	
Irrigation Frequency	hrs	
Emitter spacing	m	
Emitter output rate	l/hr	
Mainline diameter	mm	
Flushing velocity Mainline	m/s	1
Pump type		Da
Flush pit Volume	L	
Flush pit porosity		
Irrigation duty	Flow (I/min)	
	Pressure (m)	
Flushing duty	Flow (I/min)	
	Pressure (m)	





Appendix B. Soil and Site photos



Plate B. Test pits 2.



Plate C. Test pits 3.



PLATE D. Soil profiles and assessment.



Appendix C.	Wastewater Model
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Clear	RVC On-site Wastewater Model (Single Rural Households)	Dofault	User-
Client	Andrew Bevan	Delault	denned
Address	156 Ainsworth Road, Mongogarie		
Site	Block size (m2)		391500
	Buffer (m) from land application area t stream	>100	
	Water (L/p.d) fron Roof water harvesting	120	
	Persons		7
Wastowator	Internal wastewater sources split? Multiple households? How mar	iy?	
components/system	Toilet 🔽		
componentassystem	Bathroom		
	Kitchon V		
	Tatel westswater flow (L(d) [seeds coution if year defined]	040	
	Total wastewater now (L/d) [needs caution if user-defined]	040	
Troatmont system	Secondary AM/TS		
riedunent system	Nitrogen computed 9/	209/	66.09/
	Nitrogen removal %	20%	00.9%
	Maximum N allowed to go down from evistom (kg/yr)	15.00	
	Maximum N allowed to go down from system (kg/yr)	15.00	
Land application	Land application type Subsurface drip irrigation	200	
	Design depth of root zone (mm)	300	
Soil information	Morand code (examples) *Alluvial*Soils= dp, ep, le, n		
	Phosphorus sorption (kg/ha.m)	10000	
	Depth to water table or bedrock (for P calcs) (m)		0.5
	Texture/structure Light clays - strongly structured		
	DIR (mm/d)	4.25	
	Hydraulic area (m2) (or override with SSI industry		Calc
Area calculations	estimate)	378.0	Area
	Nitrogen area (m2) [allowing export of 15.00 kg/yr]	0.0	
	Phosphorus area (m2) Required land application area (m2)	63.7 379.0	Print
	Required faild application area (mz)	570.0	
			66.9%

Appendix D. NSW Health Certificate of Accreditation



Certificate of Accreditation Sewage Management Facility Aerated Wastewater Treatment System Advanced Secondary Effluent Nutrient Reduction

This Certificate of Accreditation is issued by the Secretary of the NSW Ministry of Health pursuant to Clause 41(1) of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021.

System: Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced Secondary Nutrient Reduction AWTS

Manufacturer: Taylex Australia Pty Ltd

Address: 56 Prairie Road, Ormeau, Queensland, 4208

The Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced Nutrient Reduction AWTS as described in Schedule A, has been Accredited as a sewage management facility in accordance with the Secondary Treatment System Accreditation Guideline 2018 for use in single domestic premises in NSW. This Accreditation is subject to the conditions and permitted uses specified in Schedule B.

Director, Environmental Health for Secretary (delegation PH335)

Issued: 20/ レイ 2022 Certificate No: STS-AWTS071 Expires: 31 December 2027

Schedule A:

Specification: Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced Secondary Nutrient Reduction AWTS

Name and Model of STS: Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced Nutrient Reduction Secondary AWTS (known as Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS)

The Taylex Concrete BSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS is designed to treat sewage daily flow rate of 1350 litres per day from a residential dwelling occupied by 9 persons.

- The STS is contained in one of the following vessels:
- Vessel 1: A collection well with design capacity of 9,320 L; NSW Health Accreditation Number STCW045;
- Vessel 2: A collection well with design capacity of 11,000 L; NSW Health Accreditation Number STCW045:
- Vessel 3: A collection well with design capacity of 11,700 L; NSW Health Accreditation Number STCW045;

Chamber	Design capacities
Primary treatment	2,565 L (1,684 L + 842 L)
 Partition 	yes
Secondary treatment	2015 (190) 2015 (190)
 Aeration chamber 	2,071 L
Clarifier	602 L
 Irrigation chamber 	621 L
Emergency storage	3,440 L
Operational water level (depth)	00270
primary	1,430 mm
 secondary 	1,410 mm

The emergency storage capacity is achieved by increased height of chambers.

The attached "Specification" should be consulted.

Schedule B: Conditions of Accreditation

1. General

- 1.1 Prior to installation the owner/occupier of the premises shall make an application, in accordance with Clause 26 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, to the local authority for approval to install and operate the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS as a Sewage Management Facility in accordance with Section 68, Part C of the Local Government Act 1993.
- 1.2 The local authority shall apply those Conditions of Accreditation, appropriate to the owner / occupier, to any approval to operate the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS issued under Clause 45(4), Local Government (General) Regulation 2021.
- 1.3 In accordance with Clause 36 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS shall have an expected service life of 5 years in the case of mechanical and electrical components and 15 years in the case of other components.
- 1.4 The owner / occupier shall ensure that the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS is installed or constructed:
 - in accordance with the accredited specifications of the type tested unit and in accordance with good trade practice, and
 - so as to allow ease of access for maintenance, and
 - with regard to the health and safety of users, operators and persons maintaining the facility, and
 - must be installed or constructed so as to make appropriate provision for access to, and removal of, contents in a safe and sanitary manner, and
 - must, if it is intended to be a permanent fixture, be anchored to prevent movement.

- 1.5 The manufacturer / supplier shall ensure that the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS is supplied, constructed, and installed in accordance with the design (including the disinfection unit) as submitted and accredited by the NSW Ministry of Health. The Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS shall not be modified or altered except that alternate individual mechanical and electrical components such as pumps, PLCs, etc, may be substituted provided that the component meets the accredited design specification.
- 1.6 Any permanent modification or variations to the accredited design of the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS shall be submitted for separate consideration and variation of the Certificate of Accreditation by the NSW Ministry of Health. Modifications will be considered in accordance with section 2.3.13 of AS1546.3:2017.
- Each Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS shall be permanently and legibly marked by the manufacturer in accordance with section 3 of AS1546.3:2017.
- 1.8 The manufacturer shall supply with each Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS an owner's manual, which sets out the care, operation, maintenance, and on-going management requirements of the system. The owner's manual prepared by the manufacturer shall specifically contain a plan for the on-going management of the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS. The manual shall include details of:
 - the treatment process,
 - · procedures to be followed in the event of a system failure,
 - emergency contact numbers,
 - maintenance requirements,
 - inspection and sampling procedures to be followed as part of any on-going monitoring program developed by the local authority.

1.9 The manufacturer shall provide the following information to each local authority where it is intended to install a Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS in their area once Ministry Accreditation has been obtained:

- Statement of warranty
- Statement of service life
- Quality Assurance Certification
- Installation Manual
- Service Manual
- Owner's Manual

- Manufacturer's Service Report Form
- Engineering Drawings
- Specifications
- A4 Plans
- Certificate of Accreditation documentation from NSW Health.

The manufacturer need not provide the above information to the local council where the information or document is contained on the manufacturer's web site.

2. Installation and Commissioning

- 2.1 The owner / occupier shall have the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS inspected and checked by the manufacturer or the manufacturer's agent. The manufacturer or the agent is to certify that the system has been installed and commissioned in accordance with its design, conditions of accreditation and any additional requirements of the local authority.
- 2.2 The owner / occupier shall ensure that all electrical work is carried out on the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS by a licensed electrician and in accordance with the relevant provisions of AS/NZS 3000.
- 2.3 The owner / occupier shall not commission the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS unless the land application system has been completed.

3. Maintenance

3.1 The owner / occupier of the premises shall enter into a minimum 12-month contract or agreement with a service agent and ensure that the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS is serviced:

- in accordance with the manufacturer's / supplier's service manual and using the manufacturer's / supplier's service sheet; and
- · by a service agent who
 - has completed a course on the servicing and maintenance of STS; and has some supervised servicing experience or extensive un-supervised experience;
 - is employed or authorised by the manufacturer / supplier of the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS;
 - uses replacement parts which meet the minimum specification of the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS;
 - o has advised of their name, contact details and credentials to the local authority;
 - submits a completed NSW Health "Local Council Service Report" (template attached) to the local authority immediately after each and every service;
 - shall report to the local authority any instances where the owner / occupier refuses to authorise repairs, replacement of parts or maintenance; and
 - does not perform electrical work or enter confined spaces unless trained and is suitably qualified to do so.
- 3.2 The owner/occupier shall not service the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS unless they are an authorised agent of the manufacturer.
- 3.3 The Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS once installed and commissioned shall be serviced at three (3) monthly intervals.
- 3.4 The manufacturer / supplier of the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS shall place on its web site a copy of the service manual, service sheet or form and specifications for the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS to facilitate servicing, maintenance and repairs. Commercial-inconfidence documents may be provided directly to the service agent without uploading to the web site.
- 3.5 Each three-monthly service shall, as a minimum where provided, include a check on all mechanical,
 - electrical and functioning parts of the system including:
 - The chlorinator and replenishment of the disinfectant,
 - Pump and air blower,
 - The alarm system,
 - Slime growth on the filter media,
 - Operation of the sludge return system,
 - The effluent irrigation area,
 - On-site testing for free residual chlorine, pH and dissolved oxygen at the appropriate check points.

4. Verification

- 4.1 Effluent from the Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS taken in any random grab sample shall comply with the following standard:
 - BOD⁵ less than 30 mg/L
 - TSS less than 45 mg/L
 - E. coli less than 100 cfu/100 ml
 - Free residual chlorine greater than 0.2 and less than 2.0 mg/L

5. Permitted uses

- 5.1 The effluent is suitable for re-use for garden purposes by way of any of the forms of irrigation as described in AS/NZS 1547:2012:
 - above ground spray irrigation; and/or
 - surface drip irrigation covered by mulch; and/or
 - sub-surface drip irrigation installed at around 100 mm depth; and or
 - any form of sub-soil application.

Each of the forms of irrigation or application is subject to the approval of the local authority.

6. Advanced Secondary Treatment System

6.1 The Taylex Concrete ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS when tested by a Product Certification Body in accordance with AS1546.3:2017 was found to comply with the Advanced Secondary Effluent Criteria as follows:

TABLE 2.1 (Abrev) AS1546.3:2017 ADVANCED SECONDARY EFFLUENT COMPLIANCE CRITERIA FOR A STS

Parameter	Advanced secondary effluent		
	90% of Samples	Maximum	
BOD5	≤ 10mg/L	12 mg/L	
TSS	≤ 10 mg/L	8 mg/L	
E. coli *	≤ 10 cfu/100mL	3 cfu/100mL	
FACþ	Minimum 0.5 mg/L†	N/A	
Turbidity ?	N/A	10 NTU	

* Where disinfection is required.

Þ Where chlorine disinfection is used.

† Minimum level, not 90% of samples.

? Where UV light is used for disinfection.

7 Reduction in nutrient levels

During the testing of the Taylex ABSNR-1350+P Advanced AWTS the treated effluent was tested for total Nitrogen (TN) and total Phosphorous (TP) concentrations. The treatment process has the capacity to reduce the TN and TP concentrations as follows:

- Total N from an average of 70.4 mg/l to 23.3 mg/l which represents a reduction of 66.9%.
- Total P from an average of 11.64 mg/l to 0.4 mg/l which represents a reduction of 96.65%.

4



Local cour	cil STS (DG	iTS) Se	rvice Report: Feb	oruary 2018
Owner's Name:		Local Council:		
Installation Address:				
System Brand & Model:	Domes	stic		Commercial
Date of this service:	Date of la	st Serv	ice:	Next service due:
Has the STS/DGTS been serviced using the service sheet? If "No" why not?	in accordan Tes	ice with	n the manufacturer No	's / supplier's requirements and
STS/DGTS functioning correctly? If "No" why not?	🗆 Yes		10	
According to sludge-judge or ot If "Yes" what action is recommend	her method led?	dology	is de-sludging ne	eded? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No
Offensive odours?	□ Yes	🗆 No	If "Yes" what ac	tion is recommended?
Alarms tested and functional?	□ Yes [□ No	If not "functiona	al" what action is recommended?
Tested?	□ Ves	r	- No	
Tested? Disinfected? Chlorine tablets remaining? Quality? On what evidence is this judgemen	□ Yes □ Yes □ Yes □ Satisfact nt made?	tory (If "Un	□ No □ No □ No □ Unsatisfactory Isatisfactory* what	action was recommended?
Tested? Disinfected? Chlorine tablets remaining? Quality? On what evidence is this judgemen Land Application Area Surface ponding? Run off? Excess plant growth? Effluent leaving premises. High risk areas contaminated? * Operating satisfactorily? recommended?	□ Yes □ Yes □ Satisfact nt made? □ Yes □ □ Yes □ □ Yes □ □ Yes □ □ Yes □ □ Yes □ □ Yes □	If "Un If "Un No No No No No No No	□ No □ No □ Unsatisfactory satisfactory" what * Patio, play are If "Not operating	action was recommended? eas, BBQ, etc satisfactorily" what action was
Tested? Disinfected? Chlorine tablets remaining? Quality? On what evidence is this judgemen Surface ponding? Run off? Excess plant growth? Effluent leaving premises. High risk areas contaminated? * Operating satisfactorily? recommended? Overall Condition of STS? Comments / Action Recommende	□ Yes □ Yes □ Satisfact nt made? □ Yes □ □ Yes □	I no I No No No No No No No No No No	□ No □ No □ Unsatisfactory satisfactory" what * Patio, play are If "Not operating Good □ Fair d / Repairs Perfore	eas, BBQ, etc satisfactorily" what action was
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Tested? Disinfected? Chlorine tablets remaining? Quality? On what evidence is this judgemen Surface ponding? Run off? Excess plant growth? Effluent leaving premises. High risk areas contaminated? * Operating satisfactorily? recommended? Overall Condition of STS? Comments / Action Recommende Has the owner / occupier taken recommender	□ Yes □ Yes □ Satisfact nt made? □ Yes □ □ Yes □	tory [If "Un No No No No No No No No No d actio	□ No □ No □ Unsatisfactory satisfactory" what * Patio, play are If "Not operating Good □ Fair d / Repairs Perform ns? □ Yes □ Contact Details:	action was recommended? eas, BBQ, etc satisfactorily" what action was Poor med: No

Council inspectors" in Designing and Installing On-Site Wastewater Systems, Sydney Catchment Authority, May 2012

5



Specification

CONCRETE ADVANCED BLOWER SYSTEM -Nutrient Reduction -1350L/per day -with Taylex Phosphorus Removal System

ABSNR-1350 P



TAYLEX ADVANCED BLOWER SYSTEM NUTRIENT REDUCTION 1350L/ per day with Taylex Phosphorus Removal System

ABSNR -1350 P

Specification

General Description:

The Taylex Advanced Blower System NR 1350 P (ABSNR-1350 P) Secondary Treatment System (STS) is designed to treat the wastewater from a residential dwelling up to 1,350 Litres per day, with a daily flow of 150 Litres per person and an average daily BOD⁵ 70g per person.

The Taylex ABSNR-1350 P STS is contained in one vertical axis type cylindrical precast concrete collection well with a design capacity of 9,320 Litres and an operating capacity of 5,880 Litres.

Flow path of wastewater:

- 1. A primary pre-treatment chamber, with a capacity of 1,684 Litres.
- 2. A secondary pre-treatment chamber, with a capacity of 842 Litres.
- An aeration chamber, with a capacity of 2,071 Litres. This chamber is fitted with bio block media, 2, 9" disk diffusers.
- A sedimentation / clarifier chamber, with a capacity of 662 Litres, containing a Taylex Filter Control (TFC) fitted to the outlet, and recirculation to the primary.
- A Disinfection chamber, with a capacity of 621 Litres, incorporating a capacity of 300 Litres for chlorine contact
 of effluent. A chlorine disinfection unit is installed on the inlet to the irrigation chamber. The system is fitted with
 either a Davey D25 or D42 Irrigation Pump.
- 6. An Emergency Storage Buffer 3440 Litres.
- The automatic irrigation pump transfers the treated effluent to the effluent disposal area / land application area (LAA).





Product Specification Table:

Australian Standards Compliance		
Effluent Testing	AS1546	.3:2017
where we also and we ask as	In Ground	AS1546.1:2008
Tank Design and Testing	Above Ground	AS3735.2001
System Model	ABSNR -1350 P	Concrete
Treatment Level	Advanced Secondary + + aylex Phosphoru	% Nutrient Reduction is Removal System

Tank Capacity			
Total Tank Capacity	9320L		
Uperating Capacity 5880L			

System Chamber Capacities		
Primary Chamber	1684L.	
Secondary Chamber	842L	
Aeration Chamber	2071L.	
Clarifier Chamber	662L	
irrigation Chamber	621L	
Emergency Storage	3440L	
Maximum Hydraulic Loading Capacity	1,350 litres per day / 9EP	

Design Parameters		
Parameter	Total Per Day	Total Per person Per day
Daily Flow	1,350L/ 9 EP	150L
Maximum Organic Loading BOD ⁵	630g	70g
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	630g	70g
Total Nitrogen (TN)	135g	15g
Total Phosphorus (TP)	22.5g	2.5g

Effluent Compliance: AS1546.3:2017		
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD ⁵)	<u>≤</u> 10mg/l	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	<u><10</u> mg/l	
E.Coll	<10cfu/100ml	
Min. FAC	Min 0.5 mg/l	

Temperature		
	Minimum	Maximum
Operating Temperature C ^o	-2°C	45°C

Electricity Consumption		
Kilowatt hours per day (kWh/d)	1.90	
Kilowatt hours per 1000L (kWh/1000L)	1.52	

Servicing and Maintenance		
Servicing Frequency Every 3 months		







On-Site Sewerage Management System and Design Report – 156 Ainsworth Road, Mongogarie, NSW, 2470









Appendix E. Pump Specification

DAVEY

OPERATING LIMITS			
Capacities to	240 lpm		
Maximum total head 12m			
Maximum submergence 10m			
Maximum operating temperature 50°C			
Suitable Fluids: Clean or "grey water" of neutral pH containing up to 10% small soft solids or 1% fine solids. Some wear should be expected while pumping hard solids in suspension.			

MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION						
Part	Material					
Motor top	Polycarbonate (D15), Cast Iron (D25/40)					
Pump body	Cast iron					
Motor shell	304 stainless steel					
Strainer	304 stainless steel					
Impeller	Polycarbonate (D15), Cast Iron (D25/40)					
Lip ring	Nitrile					
Mechanical seal	Silicon carbide/ceramic in oil bath w/- oil seal Carbon/ceramic on motor side (D25/40)					
Seal and bottom bearing housing	Cast iron					
Handle	304 stainless steel					
Fasteners	304 stainless steel					
Float & power supply leads	HO7RN-F oil resistant					

ELECTRICAL DATA								
Supply voltage/Hz	24	0V/50Hz single pha	ISE					
Cable length		10m						
Output	150W	250W	400W					
Start	9.0A	12.0A	10.5A					
Run	1.5A	2.2A	3.7A					
Speed		2 pole, 2850rpm						
Insulation class		F						
IP rating		X8						
Starting		P.S.C.						

INSTALLATION & PRIMING

Use a rope to position and retrieve the pump. Do not lower or retrieve the pump using the power lead as this may damage the cable entry seals, causing water leaks and unsafe operation.

Don't use this product for recirculating or filtering swimming pools, spas, etc. While these pumps are built to high safety standards, they are not approved for installations where people will be in the water while they are operating.

Don't pump abrasive materials. Sand and grit in the water being pumped will accelerate wear, causing shortened pump life.

Keep your pump clean, particularly in situations where lint, hair or fibrous materials may get bound around the pump shaft. Regular inspection and cleaning will extend pump life.

Make room for the float switch to operate. Automatic models have a float switch to turn them on when the water level rises and turn them off again when it has been pumped down to the safe operating level of the pump. If the float switch is not free to rise and fall, correct pump operation may not be possible.

Don't run your pump dry. Non-automatic models must be switched off manually or by way of an external float/level switch when the water level is reduced to the top of the pump housing. Submersible Drainage Pumps





All dimensions in mm unless otherwise stated.

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This literature is not a complete guide to product usage. All images provided in this document are for illustration purposes only. Further information is available from your Davey Dealer, Davey Support Centre and from the relevant product Installation and Operating Instructions. Must be read in conjunction with the relevant product Installation and Operating Instructions and all applicable statutory requirements. Product specifications may change without notice. ® Davey is a registered trademark of Davey Water Products Pty Ltd. © Davey Water Products Pty Ltd 2017. DWP1163/061

Appendix F. Sprinkler Specifications

MINI-WOBBLER WOBBLER XCEL-WOBBLER

Xcel-Wobbler® Mid & High Angle

The Xcel-Wobbler uses Senninger's off-center rotaryaction technology, It provides an extremely uniform and instantaneous application pattern over a large area at lower pressures, and with very low evaporative loss.





FEATURES

- Counter-balance reduces vibration for a smooth, stable performance
- Only one moving part which translates to longer life
- Connections: ¾" or ½" NPT male
- Flow rates: 0.78 to 6.97 gpm (177 to 1583 L/hr)
- Operating pressures: 10 to 25 psi (0.69 to 1.72 bar)
- Low wind drift and evaporative loss at low pressures
- Two-year warranty on materials, workmanship and performance
- Color-coded nozzles for easy size identification. Warranted to maintain correct orifice size for five years

OVERHEAD COMPARISON OF SPRINKLER DISTRIBUTION PATTERNS



The Xcel-Wobbler's larger area of instantaneous application minimizes the impact on the soil structure, helping to maintain infiltration capability.



HIGH-ANGLE

The Xcel-Wobbler provides a maximized area of coverage for under-tree applications and nursery canopy applications.

WOBBLERS



Senninger" | A Hunter Industries Company

SPRINKLER BASE		p			SPRINKLER BASE				
PRESSURE-US	10	15	20	25	PRESSURE-METRIC	0.69	1.03	1.38	1.72
#6 Nozzle - Gold (3/32")					#6 Nozzle - Gold (2.38 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	0.78	0.95	1.10	1.23	Flow (L/hr)	177	216	250	279
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	32.0	35.0	38.5	41.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	9.8	10.7	11.7	12.5
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	36.5	41.0	45.0	46.0	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	11.1	12.5	13.7	14.0
#7 Nozzle - Lime (7/64")					#7 Nozzle - Lime (2.78 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	1.06	1.30	1.50	1.68	Flow (L/hr)	241	295	341	382
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	33.0	36.5	40.5	41.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	10.1	11.1	12.4	12.5
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	40.0	46.5	47.0	50.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	12.2	14.2	14.3	15.4
#8 Nozzle - Lavender (1/8")					#8 Nozzle - Lavender (3.18 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	1.40	1.71	1.98	2.21	Flow (L/hr)	318	388	450	502
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	34.0	38.5	41.0	42.5	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	10.4	11.7	12.5	13.0
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	42.0	46.5	47.0	51.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	12.8	14.2	14.3	15.7
#9 Nozzle - Grey (9/64")					#9 Nozzle - Grey (3.57 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	1.80	2.20	2.54	2.84	Flow (L/hr)	409	500	577	645
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	34.5	40.5	42.0	43.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	10.5	12.4	12.8	13.1
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	44.0	47.0	50.5	52.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	13.4	14.3	15.4	16.0
#10 Nozzle - Turquoise (5/32")					#10 Nozzle - Turquoise (3.97 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	2.22	2.72	3.14	3.51	Flow (L/hr)	504	618	713	797
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	36.0	41.0	42.5	44.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	11.0	12.5	13.0	13.4
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	44.5	49.0	50.5	53.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	13.6	14.9	15.4	16.3
#11 Nozzle - Yellow (11/64")					#11 Nozzle - Yellow (4.37 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	2.69	3.30	3.81	4.26	Flow (L/hr)	611	749	865	968
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	36.0	41.5	43.0	44.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	11.0	12.7	13.1	13.4
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	44.5	50.5	51.5	54.0	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	13.6	15.4	15.7	16.5
#12 Nozzle - Red (3/16")					#12 Nozzle - Red (4.76 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	3.23	3.96	4.57	5.11	Flow (L/hr)	734	899	1038	1161
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	36.5	41.5	44.5	44.5	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	11.1	12.7	13.6	13.6
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	46.0	50.5	52.0	54.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	14.0	15.4	15.9	16.6
#13 Nozzle - White (13/64")					#13 Nozzle - White (5.16 mm)				
Flow (gpm)	3.80	4.65	5.38	6.01	Flow (L/hr)	863	1056	1222	1365
MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	36.5	41.5	44.5	45.0	MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	11.1	12.7	13.6	13.7
HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)	46.5	51.0	52.5	55.5	HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)	14.2	15.6	16.0	16.9

Mid & High Angle Xcel-Wobbler®

Sprinkler performance may vary with actual field conditions. Other nozzle sizes are available. Consult factory for specific performance data. Stream heights range from 2.5 to 5.5 ft (0.8 to 1.7 m) above nozzle based on pressure and nozzle size. Minimum recommended riser height is 1.5 ft (0.46 m).

#14 Nozzle - Blue (5.56 mm)

MA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)

HA Diameter at 0.46 m ht (m)

Flow (L/hr)

Visit senninger.com

Flow (gpm)

#14 Nozzle - Blue (7/32")

MA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)

HA Diameter at 1.5 ft ht (ft)

4.40 5.39 6.23 6.97

37.0 42.5 45.0 46.5

47.0 51.0 53.0 55.5

> AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION | LOW PRESSURE - HIGH PERFORMANCE 14

1224 1415

16.2

999

11.3

14.3

1583

14.2

16.9