STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

CONSTRUCTION OF SHOP TOP HOUSING, GROUP HOMES AND INFILL AFFORDABLE HOUSING

PROPERTY: 146-152 Johnston Street, Casino

OUR REF: 230176
DATE: January 2024



DOCUMENT AND PROJECT DETAILS

Document title:	Construction of Shop Top Housing, Group Homes and Infill Affordable Housing
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Proponent:	Momentum Collective
Date of issue:	24 th January 2024
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	PTMA Architecture
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	PTMA Architecture
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1. Executive Summary

1.1 Development Application

Development consent is sought from Richmond Valley Council for the construction of a shop top housing development, group home and infill affordable housing. The proposed development is located at Lots 155-158 DP 834821, commonly known as 146-152 Johnston Street, Casino. The components of the development application are summarised below:

Lots 157 & 158 - Johnston Street

- Construction of shop top housing development comprising ground floor commercial space and four (4) residential units,
- Construction of group homes within the rear portion of the site,
- Construction of ten (10) parking spaces,
- Landscaping and associated civil works.

Lots 155 & 156 - Clark Street

- Construction of multi dwelling housing containing six (6) x 2-bedroom units utilised as in-fill affordable housing,
- Construction of six (6) parking spaces,
- Landscaping and associated civil works.

The proposal is inclusive of removal of existing vegetation, construction of carparking and associated civil works, earthworks, fencing and consolidation of existing lots to create two large lots. The proposal involves the construction of two new driveway crossings to service the development, one being off Johnston Street and one being off Clark Street.

The proposed development will be constructed and managed by Momentum Collective. Third Sector Australia Ltd, trading as Momentum Collective is a registered not for profit Community Housing Provider, community services and charitable organisation. The organisation was originally founded in 1979 and now trades as Momentum Collective. Previously known as Casino Neighbourhood Centre, Twin Towns Welfare Action Group, Tweed Heads Community Aid Council, Tweed Valley Fellowship, On Track Community Programs and S3A. Momentum Collective aims 'to help people get a roof, a job, live a better life and engage with the community.'

The subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre under the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan (RVLEP 2012). The proposed shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing is permissible with consent in the zone, and is generally compliant with the relevant provisions of the LEP, and relevant SEPPs. The proposal has also been assessed against the relevant provisions of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan (DCP) and the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide, and is generally compliant with the relevant controls. A variation request to the DCP is sought in relation to carparking and considered reasonable and justified in the circumstances.

It is noted Section 2.4 of the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guides states that 'The development application proposal is merit assessed. If the development application cannot meet the design criteria, then the consent authority is to be flexible in applying these provisions and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the relevant objectives'. There are a number of provisions in which

the development does not strictly meet the design criteria, however demonstrates compliance with the objective of the development standard. As a result, it is considered the proposal is consistent with the Design Guide.

In accordance with the Quantity Surveyors Report provided as part of this application, the development has an estimated Capital Investment Value greater than \$5 million. As such, the project meets the criteria to be considered Regionally significant Development as listed in Schedule 6, Item 5 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021*, and is therefore required to be determined by the Northern Regional Planning Panel.

This report examines the existing development and site location, how the proposed development relates to the location and the environment, as well as the planning merits of the development with respect to the relevant legislation. Based on the assessment completed, it is requested that the application be approved subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



Plate 1: Artist impression of the proposed development

1.2 Site Details

The site details relevant to the proposed development are provided within **Table 1** below.

Table 1: Site Details

Property Address	146-152 Johnston Street, Casino	
	Lots 155-158 DP 834821	
Property Description	Parish of North Casino	
	County of Rous	
Registered Owner	Third Sector Australia Ltd	
Proponent	Momentum Collective	
Applicant Newton Denny Chapelle for and on behalf of the proponent		
Local Authority Richmond Valley Council		

	Lot 155 – 803.9m ²
Cita Avaa	Lot 156 – 803.9m ²
Site Area	Lot 157 – 833.m ²
	Lot 158 – 788.9m ²
Easements	No
Existing Land Use Vacant commercial zoned land	
Local Planning Instrument	Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012
Land Zoning	E1 Local Centre
Maximum Building Height	8.5 metres
Floor Space Ratio	Nil
Integrated Referrals	Nil
Concurrence	Essential Energy
Concurrence	Transport for NSW
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

1.3 Purpose

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) is intended to accompany the Development Application prepared by Newton Denny Chapelle for and on behalf of the proponent of the subject development being Momentum Collective.

The intent of this report is to describe the site, its existing and proposed uses and to address all the issues relevant to this application's assessment and subsequent determination.

This report should be read in conjunction with the following plans and technical assessments identified within **Table 2**, which support the development proposal.

Table 2: Accompanying Plans and Technical Assessments

Company	Plan/Report	
Richmond Valley Council	Pre-lodgement Minutes	
	Architectural Design Plans	
PTMA Architecture	Design Verification Statement	
	Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide Review	
Easterly Point Environmental	Detailed Site Investigation	
Tim Fitzroy & Associates	Environmental Noise Impact Assessment	
TTM Group	Traffic Engineering Report	
Manage Design Engineer Pty Ltd	Civil Engineering Plans	
Contaminated Site Investigation	Air Quality Assessment	
Australia Pty Ltd		
Blackwood Ecological Services	Ecological Assessment	
	Basix Certificate	
Senica Consulting Group	NatHERs Certificate	
	Energy Efficiency Report	
HMC Environmental Consulting Pty Ltd	Waste Management Plan	
Newton Denny Chapelle	Statement of Environmental Effects	
Newton Denny Chapene	Request to vary Development Control Plan	

1.4 Pre-lodgement Meeting

A Development Assessment Panel (DAP) meeting was held with officers of Richmond Valley Council concerning the project on 16th May 2023 and 31st October 2023. A copy of the Minutes for each meeting is provided at **Attachment 1**. The DAP Meeting provided a range of information with respect to Council and State government requirements associated with the development application. This has been used as a guide to form the structure of the current report. The proposal has been designed in response to the comments raised and is generally compliant with the relevant provisions of the Richmond Valley LEP, and Richmond Valley DCP.

Table 3: Pre-lodgement Minutes

DAP Comment	Response
Comments from meeting held 16 th May 2023	
Land use definitions – consider if separate land use definitions are required.	The proposal seeks consent for shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing development.
Permissible on proposed site – plans are only conceptual at this stage	Noted.
Potentially a staged development, provide clear staging details in application	The proposal will be staged. Staging of the development will be determined based on available funding and the new cadastral boundaries following consolidation.
Safety and security to be addressed – adjoining premises including rear of site to be considered.	Refer to Section 4.3.9 .
Consider adjoining land uses and any potential conflicts with the use proposed.	The proposal has been designed having regard to the surrounding land uses, and is supported by a number of technical reports.
Short-term residences - access to services is key	The proposal will be operated and managed by Momentum Collective who provide access to key services to participants and clients.
Carparking to be considered	Carparking has been addressed in Section 3.4.2 and Section 4.3.9. A request to vary the DCP is provided at Attachment 13.
Location of driveway – will this remove the ability to park on the street?	Two driveways are proposed, one on Johnston Street, and one on Clark Street. No formalised parking is provided in either location, however it is noted informal parking is provided within Johnston Street. The proposal involves the relocation of the existing driveway access on Johnston Street. In this regard, it is considered no further parking will be removed from the area as a result of the relocated driveway.
Traffic study to be undertaken	A Traffic Engineering Report prepared by TTM Group is provided at Attachment 7 . Further consideration is provided at Section 4.6.
Referral to TfNSW required as Johnston Street is a classified	Noted.
road – TfNSW have been reluctant in the past on approving driveways onto Johnston Street.	The driveway onto Johnston Street is existing and will be relocated as a result

DAP Comment	Response
	of this development. Access to this site is only available off Johnston Street.
The site is subject to the 1% AEP design flood. The brief supplied by NDC for the pre-lodgement stated "the minimum habitable floor level requirements of 22.6-22.8m AHD", from review of formal flood modelling this statement is correct. Council has recently received final draft flood modelling for our new flood study. The 1% AEP design flood at 146-152 Johnston has been reviewed and compared against the current formal flood modelling available. It is noted that the levels are largely unchanged at this site and future adoption of the new flood study will not result in an increased minimum floor level requirement for 146-152 Johnston Street.	The proposal has been designed to comply with the updated minimum habitable floor level requirements provided in minutes dated 31 st October 2023.
TfNSW will be referred this application for assessment given the development has frontage to Johnston Street (Bruxner Hwy – State Road).	Noted.
Driveways are to be dual width (minimum 6.0m) heavy duty concrete aprons. TfNSW may have particular interest in the driveway proposed off Johnston Street (Bruxner Hwy - State Road).	Complies. Refer to architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2 .
Off-street parking must be in accordance with AS2890	Parking has been designed in accordance with AS2890.
The water connection arrangement for the proposed development will – likely be a master meter near a street frontage (owned and read by RVC) with internal sub-metering (private infrastructure) as needed by the owner.	Noted.
Sufficient hydrant coverage is required for the whole development site to satisfy fire-fighting requirements. a coverage of 90m from fire hydrant must be shown, if full coverage of the property cannot be achieved there will need to be some form of booster infrastructure on property in an accessible location that meets the fire-fighting flow rates and pressure. Plans must be provided by hydraulic engineer	Hydrant coverage is demonstrated with the architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2 .
The site has sewer infrastructure on property in 2 separate locations. The sewer main that extends into the site from the north along the rear of lot 155 DP 834821 only services the site and may be removed and capped at the manhole to suit the development. The sewer main on property 1.5m from the Clark Street boundary is very deep (say 4.9m deep) and has a clear zone of 4.0m, resulting in a clear zone requirement 5.5m from the Clark St boundary where no structure, footing, overhang etc is permitted. A Sewer zone of influence (ZOI) extends past this clear zone requirement at an angle of 45 degrees (starting 300mm below the sewer main), any structure subject to the sewer ZOI must have footings founded below the depth of the sewer ZOI. For reference, the closest structure is 4.5m from the sewer main, meaning the footings on the edge of the structure closest to the main would be required to be a minimum depth of 0.7m below natural ground.	Refer to Civil Engineering Plans provided at Attachment 8 .
All stormwater outflow must meet quality and quantity requirements outlined in the DCP and NRLG Specification. There is 2 potential Council systems where the stormwater outflow could be directed (dependant on invert levels), being the adjacent table drain or a stormwater pit some 100-120m from the development site. Site filling and shaping along with potentially splitting the internal stormwater network may result	Refer to Civil Engineering Plans provided at Attachment 8 .

DAP Comment	Response
in the potential to outflow to the table drain adjacent, if outflow	•
to the table drain cannot be achieved it is anticipated that	
outflow would need to be directed to a Council stormwater pit	
some 100-120m from the development site.	
A Section 138 Roads Act application will be needed for any	Noted.
works in the road reserve. Concurrence from TfNSW will be	Noted.
required for works in the road reserve of Johnston St, TfNSW	
will require an ROL if there is any form of occupancy of the	
Johnston St roadway (likely includes traffic control signage).	
A Section 7.12 Levy is likely applicable for the development.	Noted.
However, under part (4) of Section 208 of the EP&A Regulation	Please see attached QS report prepared
2021 there is a list of items that do not form part of the	by Asset Advisory which provides an
proposed cost of works that will be levied under Section 7.12.	overall cost of the development. The QS
	•
Given the unique nature of the development, it would be	report also provides separate figures for
appreciated if the applicant could provide detail on which parts	the commercial component of the
of the development may meet this list of legislated exemptions,	development, and the community
particularly for affordable housing.	(affordable) housing component.
Section 64 contributions will apply to the proposed	Noted.
development. The site is currently determined to have 4.0ETs of	
water and sewer credits. The proposed development was not	
very detailed, hence cannot confirm the demand the	
development will have.	
Contaminated land	Refer to Detailed Site Investigation
Boundary – potentially affected by unground pollution from	provided at Attachment 5 . Further
neighbouring servo	consideration provided at Section 4.4.6.
Consider setbacks/location from fuel vents/ air pollution from	Refer to Air Quality Assessment provided
servo	at Attachment 9 . Further consideration
Air quality assessment and report needed	provided at Section 4.7.
Liquid trade waste required for commercial building such as	N/A
shops	Commercial component of the proposed
Ensure there is access for servicing of grease trap etc	shop top housing will be used entirely by
	Momentum Collective to provide their
	services to tenants and occupants.
Waste storage and collection – waste management plan to be	Refer to Waste Management Plan
provided	provided at Attachment 11 . Further
	consideration is provided at Section 4.9.
Noise assessment required	Refer to NIA provided at Attachment 6.
Consider how mechanical ventilation will be positioned	Further consideration is provided at
between the commercial and residential interface. Potential	Section 4.5.
Noise and Fire Safety	
BCA assessment to be submitted with DA - required for multiple	Architectural design plans have been
building classes to address fire separation	designed in consultation with a certifier
Consider emergency areas and access	in relation to requirements for the BCA
consider emergency areas and access	and emergency egress/access.
Council has the ability to be the certifying authority for the	Noted.
Construction Certificate	
Lodge S68 with DA	Noted.
Comments from meeting held 31st October 2023	
Would like a concept landscaping plan.	Refer to architectural design plans
2. 2 a. 2b. 1 a. a.a.a.b 0 b.a	provided at Attachment 2 .
Change of land use, not sure if intensions align with the	Refer to Section 4.2.
objectives (Development is permitted by SEPP in the zone).	
Infill affordable housing does not present well to the street,	Refer to architectural design plans
streetscape and front fencing details required.	provided at Attachment 2 .
	provided at Attachment 2 .
Commercial properties should face the street along with	
signage.	

DAP Comment	Response
Ensure compliance on the individual subdivided lots.	Refer to architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2 .
Storm water swale around the front of the building (what is purpose)	Stormwater swale has been removed from design plans.
Bin storage area looks small.	Refer to Waste Management Plan provided at Attachment 11 .
Fencing fronting Clark Street, residential orientation	Refer to architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2 .
All under one DA is OK and to have under one ownership.	Noted.
Shared space where does it belong – Residential or Commercial	Refer to architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2 .
Subdivision done timely so CC can be issued without the new properties in place.	Noted. Consolidation of existing allotments to be undertaken separately. Development consent not required for consolidation.
Land use definition — Shop top housing? It is an open zone, possibly apply for integrated community housing.	The proposal seeks consent for shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing development.
One owner, one DA, one CC no problem. But at OC it is better to have everything tidied up.	Noted.
Shop top housing in residential exempt from new Sustainable Buildings SEPP if total development under \$5m. Will still need to report embodied emissions (as part of BASIX) and energy efficiency standards for the development, submit in portal as part of uploading application.	Please find attached Energy Efficiency Report prepared by <i>Senica Consulting Group</i> provided at Attachment 12 . The commercial component of the shop top housing development does not exceed a cost of works of greater than \$5 million, and therefore Chapter 3 of the Sustainable Buildings SEPP is applicable to the development.
Contaminated land Arsenic – said the report was incorrect now has a clear soil test.	Refer to Detailed Site Investigation provided at Attachment 5 . Further consideration provided at Section 4.4.6 .
Carpark and commercial waste service	Refer to Waste Management Plan
Number of bins on the street	provided at Attachment 11.
Bin storage area is a bit small	,
Noise level for neighbours	Refer to NIA provided at Attachment 6 . Further consideration is provided at Section 4.5 .
Interface between class 6 & 3 – barriers between them look at sooner than later.	Noted.
Certification class 2 & 3 (RAB Act) competent person to look at design to make sure it is compliant.	Noted.
New certifiers regulations to have separation.	Noted.
Break into a few different stages makes it easier to process.	The proposal will be staged. Staging of the development will be determined based on available funding and the new cadastral boundaries following consolidation.
The site is subject to the 1 % AEP design flood. Levels have been previously supplied to NDC to utilise in preliminary design, however since this Council has formally adopted the Richmond Valley Flood Study 2023 on 19 September 2023. The new flood study has resulted in a change in the flood planning level (FPL – 1% CC design flood + 0.5m freeboard). The new formal FPL at 136-142 Johnston Street ranges from 23.0m to 23.1m AHD. It is to be noted that the lot proposed to front Clark St will have an	The proposal has been designed to comply with the updated minimum habitable floor level requirements provided in minutes dated 31st October 2023.

DAP Comment	Response
FPL of 23.0m AHD, while the lot proposed to solely front	·
Johnston St will have an FPL of 23.1m AHD.	
TfNSW will be referred this application for assessment given the	Noted.
development has frontage to Johnston Street (Bruxner Hwy -	
State Road).	
Driveways are to be dual width (minimum 6.0m) heavy duty	Complies.
concrete aprons. TfNSW may have particular interest in the	Refer to architectural design plans
driveway proposed off Johnston Street (Bruxner Hwy – State Road). The old driveway requiring relocation at Johnston Street	provided at Attachment 2 .
will need to be removed and kerb rectified.	
Off-street parking must be in accordance with AS2890.	Parking has been designed in accordance
011 011 011 011 011 011 011 011 011 011	with AS2890.
Clark Street will likely need to be signposted as "no parking" for	Noted.
the properties frontage as the road is not wide enough to	
facilitate on-street parking.	
The water connection arrangement for the proposed	Noted.
development will likely be a master meter near a street frontage	
(owned and read by RVC) with internal sub-metering (private	
infrastructure) as needed by the owner.	
Sufficient hydrant coverage is required for the whole	Hydrant coverage is demonstrated with
development site to satisfy fire-fighting requirements. a coverage of 90m from fire hydrant must be shown, if full	the architectural design plans provided at Attachment 2.
coverage of the property cannot be achieved there will need to	at Attaciiiieiit 2.
be some form of booster infrastructure on property in an	
accessible location that meets the fire-fighting flow rates and	
pressure. Plans must be provided by hydraulic engineer.	
The site has sewer infrastructure on property in 2 separate	Refer to Civil Engineering Plans provided
locations. The sewer main that extends into the site from the	at Attachment 8.
north along the rear of lot 155 DP 834821 only services the site	
and may be removed and capped at the manhole to suit the	
development. The sewer main on property 1.5m from the Clark	
Street boundary is very deep (say 4.9m deep) and has a clear zone of 4.0m, resulting in a clear zone requirement 5.5m from	
the Clark St boundary where no structure, footing, overhang etc	
is permitted (ground covers and hardstand areas are fine, small	
vegetation may be permitted subject to the proposed root	
systems). A Sewer zone of influence (ZOI) extends past this clear	
zone requirement at an angle of 45 degrees (starting 300mm	
below the sewer main), any structure subject to the sewer ZOI	
must have footings founded below the depth of the sewer ZOI.	
For reference, the closest structure is 4.5m from the sewer	
main, meaning the footings on the edge of the structure closest	
to the main would be required to be a minimum depth of 0.7m below natural ground.	
All stormwater outflow must meet quality and quantity	Refer to Civil Engineering Plans provided
requirements outlined in the DCP and NRLG Specification. There	at Attachment 8 .
is 2 potential Council systems where the stormwater outflow	
could be directed (dependant on invert levels), being the	
adjacent table drain or a stormwater pit some 100-120m from	
the development site. Site filling and shaping along with	
potentially splitting the internal stormwater network may result	
in the potential to outflow to the table drain adjacent, if outflow	
to the table drain cannot be achieved it is anticipated that	
outflow would need to be directed to a Council stormwater pit	
some 100-120m from the development site.	

DAP Comments	Response
A Section 138 Roads Act application will be needed for any	Noted.
works in the road reserve. Concurrence from TfNSW will be	
required for works in the road reserve of Johnston St, TfNSW	
will require an ROL if there is any form of occupancy of the	
Johnston St roadway (likely includes traffic control signage).	
There is overhead electricity in the Johnston Street road reserve	Noted.
adjacent to the development site, any works in the vicinity	
should take this into consideration. It is to be noted that	
Essential Energy have there own clearance requirements for	
their own infrastructure.	
A Section 7.12 Levy is likely applicable for the development.	Refer to estimate cost of works.
However, under part (4) of Section 208 of the EP&A Regulation	The proposed infill effected by become
2021 there is a list of items that do not form part of the	The proposed infill affordable housing
proposed cost of works that will be levied under Section 7.12.	has been provided a separate cost of
Given the unique nature of the development, it would be appreciated if the applicant could provide detail on which parts	works to the remaining portion of the development.
	development.
	Noted
	Troca.
water and sewer credits.	
of the development may meet this list of legislated exemptions, particularly for affordable housing. Section 64 contributions will apply to the proposed development. The site is currently determined to have 4.0ETs of	Noted.

1.5 Further Information

Should Council require any additional information or wish to clarify any <u>technical matter</u> raised by this proposal or submissions made to same, Council is requested to consult with **Mr Damian Chapelle** on (02) 6622 1011 or <u>dchapelle@ndc.com.au</u> prior to determination of this application.

2. Site Description

2.1 Location & Land Use

The subject site is located at 146-152 Johnston Street, Casino and is identified as Lots 155-158 DP 834821. The site has a combined total area of 3,230.1m². It is generally rectangular in shape and forms the corner allotment on the Johnston Street and Clark Street frontages.

The site is located within the north-eastern urban area of Casino, and is zoned E1 Local Centre pursuant to the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012. The subject site is currently vacant and forms part of the existing commercial zoned area containing an existing service station, gym and commercial premises. An existing tree is located within Lot 156, with the remainder of the site being grassed area.

The subject site is bordered on all four frontages by the following uses:

- Single storey residential dwellings to the north;
- Clark Street road reserve to the east, with single storey residential dwellings further east;
- Existing commercial development to the west containing service station, commercial premises including laundromat, physio, gym, and bakery; and
- Johnston Street road reserve with an existing caravan park and residential zoned land further south.

Plate 2 provides an air view of the land, **Plate 3** identifies the site within the local context and **Plate 4** provides an extract of the deposited plan for the site.



Plate 2: Aerial view of subject site



Plate 3: Surrounding Land Uses

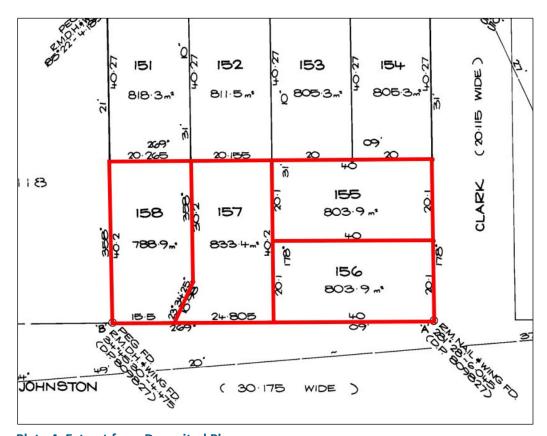


Plate 4: Extract from Deposited Plan

2.2 Photographic Plates

Plates 5 to 8 illustrate the site the subject of the current application.



Plate 5: View of subject site from corner of Clark Street & Johnston Street



Plate 6: View of Johnston Street/Clark Street intersection facing west & Existing Footpath



Plate 7: View of adjoining commercial development to west of site



Plate 8: View of subject site facing west

2.3 Site Analysis

Site inspection and searches of local government records indicate the key site characteristics as outlined within **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Site Analysis

Site Characteristics	Comment
Existing structures within the	Vacant commercial zoned land
subject site	
Easements	Nil
Topography within the subject site	Generally flat.
Vegetation within the subject site	Existing single tree located on Lot 156.
Infrastructure services	The subject site is connected to all essential infrastructure including water, sewer, NBN, telecommunications and electricity. The site has frontage to two public roads being Johnston Street & Clark Street.
Hazard Mapping	• Flood Prone Land – the proposed development will comply with the required minimum habitable floor levels.
Adjoining land uses	Refer to above.
Biodiversity Conservation	The site is <u>not</u> identified on the Biodiversity Values Map. Clearing of existing tree is proposed to facilitate the development. Further consideration of the Biodiversity Conservation Act is provided at Section 4.8.

2.4 Consent Register

A search of Council's records indicated the following existing development applications on the land:

Table 5: Existing Applications

Consent Number	Proposal
DA2021/0033	Construction of centre-based child care facility for a maximum of 100 children, car parking comprising 25 spaces and associated works

3. Development Proposal

3.1 Description of Proposal

Development consent is sought from Richmond Valley Council for the construction of a shop top housing development, group home, and infill affordable housing. The proposed development is located on Lots 155-158 DP 834821, being land known as 146-152 Johnston Street, Casino.

As detailed above, the proposed development is located across four (4) existing lots. The proposal involves the consolidation of Lots 155 & 156 into one larger allotment, and Lots 157 & 158 into a separate larger allotment. Whilst consolidation does not require development consent, it is noted within this application as it results in components of the current development application being located on separate allotments. In this regard, the development demonstrates compliance with the relevant standards for each development on the separate allotments.

As detailed within **Section 1.1** of this report, the proposed development will be constructed and managed by Momentum Collective. In this regard, the site will be entirely managed by Momentum Collective in accordance with the current management practices and will provide secure and affordable homes and support accommodation to Momentum tenants and occupants.

The components of the development application are summarised below:

Lots 157 & 158 - Johnston Street

- Construction of shop top housing development comprising ground floor commercial space and four (4) residential units,
- Construction of group homes within the rear portion of the site,
- Construction of ten (10) parking spaces,
- Landscaping and associated civil works.

Lots 155 & 156 - Clark Street

- Construction of multi dwelling housing containing six (6) x 2-bedroom units utilised as in-fill affordable housing,
- Construction of six (6) parking spaces,
- Landscaping and associated civil works.

The project is inclusive of vegetation removal, infrastructure servicing including stormwater management, sewer and water servicing, landscaping, and internal access footpaths. Each element of the development is described in more detail below.

The proposed development will be constructed of a variety of materials including face brickwork, painted cladding, weatherboard cladding, colorbond cladding and colorbond corrugated roof.

Reference should also be made to *PTMA Architecture* design set within **Attachment 2** of this report, which provide detailed design of the proposed development.

3.2 Shop Top Housing & Group Homes

As detailed within **Section 3.1** above, the proposed development involves the construction of a shop top housing development and group homes located on Lots 157 & 158 DP834821. The project is inclusive of parking, waste management, landscaping and associated civil works.

Shop Top Housing

The proposed development involves the construction of a shop top housing development within the front portion of the site. The shop top housing development generally comprises the following components:

Ground Floor Commercial:

- Entry court,
- Reception,
- Staff room,
- 2 x consult rooms,
- Conference room,
- Kitchen,
- Kid spaces,
- Living / communal area, and
- 2 x bathrooms.

First Floor Residential

- 2 x 1 bedroom units containing:
 - o Bedroom,
 - Kitchen / living / dining,
 - o Bathroom,
 - o Deck.
- 2 x 2 bedroom units containing:
 - o 2 bedrooms,
 - Kitchen / living / dining,
 - o Bathroom,
 - o Toilet,
 - o Deck.

As detailed within the design plans provided at **Attachment 2**, ground floor access to the shop top housing development is located within the site, behind the proposed boundary fencing. In this regard, no direct access is proposed from the street frontage. A pedestrian footpath is provided from the street frontage along the western façade leading to the entry court. Internal access is provided to the first-floor residential units via two internal staircases.

As detailed within **Section 3.1** of this report, the proposed development will be constructed and managed by Momentum Collective. In this regard, the proposed commercial space provided within the ground floor of the shop top housing development will be entirely utilised by Momentum Collective as commercial office space. There is <u>no</u> intention for the ground floor to be commercially tenanted, with the space being entirely dedicated to the provision of existing services offered by Momentum Collective.

The residential component of the shop top housing development will be utilised as short stay accommodation. The site will be entirely managed by Momentum Collective in accordance with the current management practices. In this regard, the residential units will not be rented through standard real estate practices.

The proposed shop top housing is two storeys in nature and provides a maximum building height of 8.4 metres, which is below the maximum building height provision of 8.5 metres. A setback of 2.75-3 metres is provided to the front boundary, with a setback of 1.5 metres provided to the nearest side boundary. The setbacks provided are compliant with the requirements of the DCP for the E1 Local Centre zone.

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Group Homes

The proposed development involves the construction of a group home located within the rear portion of the site. As detailed within the design plans provided at **Attachment 2**, the proposed group home provides three individual units, of which, two units provide 2 bedrooms, and one unit being 1 bedroom. The breakdown of unit types and the layout of each unit types is outlined in **Table 6**.

Table 6: Group Home Units Layout

Unit Type	Unit Numbers	Unit Layout
1BR	2	Open planned kitchen / living / dining
		• 1 x bedroom
		Bathroom,
		Outdoor terrace
2BR	1 & 3	Open planned kitchen / living / dining,
		• 2 x bedrooms,
		Bathroom,
		Toilet, and
		Outdoor terrace.

The group home is provided within communal laundry facilities which will be available for use by all three (3) units.

The proposed group home is single storey in nature and provides a maximum building height of 6.2 metres, which is below the maximum building height provision of 8.5 metres. A 2.3 metre setback is provided to the rear boundary, with a setback of greater than 1.5 metres provided to the nearest side boundary. The setbacks provided are compliant with the requirements of the DCP for the E1 Local Centre zone, and are also consistent with setbacks for residential dwellings.

The group home is provided internal access pathways to connect the residents to the services provided within the commercial component of the shop top housing building located at the front of the property, and the proposed parking area.

A Basix Certificate is provided at **Attachment 12**.

Carparking for the proposed shop top housing and group homes is located along the western boundary of the property, with a new direct driveway access being provided from Johnston Street. A total of ten (10) parking spaces, including 1 accessible space is provided. Internal pathways are provided to connect the proposed units to the parking area, and to the existing pedestrian footpath which is provided along the southern (Johnston Street) frontage of the property. A parking area is provided at the front of the property for a service van / deliveries.

A communal bin storage area is provided within the carparking area. The shop top housing development and group home units will include adequate internal storage for household waste prior to it being taken to the communal waste storage area.

3.3 Infill Affordable Housing

As detailed within **Section 3.1** above, the proposed development involves construction of multi dwelling housing development containing six (6) x 2-bedroom units to be utilised as in-fill affordable housing located on Lots 155 & 156 DP834821. The project is inclusive of parking, waste management, landscaping and associated civil works.

The proposed infill affordable housing is lodged pursuant to Section 16 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*. A detailed assessment of the relevant provisions of the SEPP is provided at **Section 4.4.2** of this report.

The proposed units are single storey in nature and provide a maximum building height of 6.4 metres, being below the maximum building height of 8.5 metres. The proposed units each provide two (2) bedrooms and generally comprises the following components:

• 2 bedrooms,

- Laundry,
- Open plan living / kitchen / dining,
- Outdoor terrace.

Bathroom,

As detailed within the design plans provided at **Attachment 2**, the proposed units are provided in two separate cluster buildings, each building containing three (3) units, identified on the design plans as Cluster Building 02 and Cluster Building 03. The proposal has been designed to address the Clark Street frontage, and be sympathetic to the existing residential dwellings within Clark Street. Cluster Building 03 provides direct frontage to Clark Street, with the front access to the dwellings fronting the street. Cluster Building 02 is located towards the rear of the lot, however aims to address the Clark Street frontage and proposed parking area.

Carparking for the proposed units is located within the north-eastern corner of the property, with a new direct driveway access being provided from Clark Street. A total of six (6) parking spaces, including 1 accessible space is provided. Internal pathways are provided to connect the proposed units to the parking area, and to the existing pedestrian footpath which is provided along the southern (Johnston Street) frontage of the property.

As detailed within **Section 3.1** of this report, the proposed development will be constructed and managed by Momentum Collective. In this regard, the site will be entirely managed by Momentum Collective in accordance with the current management practices and will provide homes for Momentum Collective tenants. As a result, Momentum Collective's management practices will manage who are offered accommodation within the infill affordable housing development to ensure the homes are appropriately tenanted.

A communal bin storage area is provided within the carparking area. Individual units will include adequate internal storage for household waste prior to it being taken to the communal waste storage area.

The proposed units have been designed with regard to the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021,* the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan and the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide. A Design Verification Statement as required by the LRHDDG is provided at **Attachment 3.** Further assessment is provided at **Section 4.3** and **Section 4.4.**

3.4 Vehicle Access, Carparking & Services

3.4.1 Vehicle Access

Lots 155 & 156 - Clark Street

As detailed within **Section 3.3** above, the proposed infill affordable housing development located on Lots 155 & 156 will be provided a new driveway access off Clark Street, with a width of 6.5 metres. The driveway access is located within the north-eastern corner of the property. The location of the driveway will require the relocation of an existing stay wire associated with the existing overhead powerlines within Clark Street to be relocated, and as a result, the application is required to be referred to Essential Energy for review.

Lots 157 & 158 - Johnston Street

As detailed within **Section 3.2** above, the proposed shop top housing development and group home will be accessed from a new driveway crossing from Johnston Street.

An existing driveway crossing is provided from Johnston Street which currently comprises a layback kerb within the area of the driveway. This will be removed and reinstated to upright kerb and guttering to match the existing along Johnston Street.

The existing deposited plan for the subject site is accompanied by an 88B instrument which includes a restriction on the title relating to access in this location. The restriction is provided below, with the name of the person empowered to release, vary or modify the restriction being identified as *The Council of Casino*:

'No access shall be available to Johnston Street except within 10m of the common boundary of Lots 158 and 157.'

As detailed within **Section 3.1** above, the proposed development will result in the consolidation of the existing lots, to create two larger lots. As a result, the common boundary referenced in the restriction will no longer exist. The proposed driveway crossing is located within 10 metres from the previous common boundary between Lots 157 & 158, and therefore complies with the restriction on the title.

A Traffic Impact Assessment has been prepared by *TTM Group* provided at **Attachment 7** which incorporates details with respect to the vehicular access for the proposed development.

3.4.2 Parking

The proposed development provides two separate parking areas to service the two developments, one being access off Clark Street and one being accessed off Johnston Street. **Table 7** outlines the car parking provided as part of this development.

Table 7: Carparking Provision

Component	Required	Provided			
Lots 155 & 156 – Clark Street					
Car Parking	Infill Affordable Housing	6 spaces			
	as per Housing SEPP 2021				
		Including one (1) accessible space.			
	Section 18(G)				
	(ii) for each dwelling containing 2				
	bedrooms—at least 1 parking				
	space, or				
	Required: 6 spaces				
Lots 157 & 158 - John	nston Street				
Car Parking	Shop top housing	In accordance with the DCP, a total of			
	1 per dwelling, plus	fourteen (14) parking spaces are			
	1 visitor space per 10 dwellings	required. As detailed within the			
		design plans, a total of 10 parking			
	Required: 5 spaces	spaces are provided including 1			
	Commercial premises	accessible space, and therefore			
	1 per 30m² (>1,000m²)	results in a shortfall of 4 spaces.			
	Dominada O anagas	A request to very the Development			
	Required: 8 spaces	A request to vary the Development Control Plan is provided at			
	Group home	Attachment 13, which is considered			
	1 per 10 beds, plus 1 per 2 supervisors or carer	reasonable and justified having			
	1 per 2 supervisors of caref	regard to the circumstances of the			
	Required: 1 space	case, and use of the subject site.			
	neganica. 1 space				

3.4.3 Infrastructure Services

Attachment 8 provides Civil Drawings for Roadworks, Stormwater Drainage, Sewer & Water Reticulation prepared by *Manage Design Engineer Pty Ltd*. As indicated, the project will be serviced by connection to the existing reticulated infrastructure services as follows:

- Roads The property maintains road frontages on two (2) property boundaries. Works will be required in the Clark Street and Johnston Street road reserves associated with the proposed driveway crossovers which will require a Section 138 approval.
- Water The site will be connected to reticulated water supply.
- **Sewer** The subject site maintains existing connections to reticulated sewer. The proposal will continue to be serviced by reticulated sewer.
- Stormwater Stormwater infrastructure is proposed to be provided to convey stormwater from the site to the existing street system. A pit and pipe system is proposed with stormwater being direct to the existing swale within Johnston Street with underground detention tanks also provided.
- **Electricity & telecommunications** The electricity and telecommunication services will be provided to the site in accordance with supplier requirements.

3.5 Earthworks

As detailed within the civil engineering plans provided at **Attachment 8**, earthworks are proposed to facilitate the development. The proposed earthworks involve both cut and fill, with a maximum cut depth of 0.6 metres, and a maximum fill depth of 1 metre. The proposal will involve cut of 35.6m³, whilst a total of 1,033.2m² of fill is proposed.

3.6 Landscaping

The proposed development incorporates landscaping works along the frontages and within the development site to provide softening to the streetscape and landscaped open space to the development.

As detailed within the landscape concept plans provided at **Attachment 2**, significant landscaping is provided along the frontage of Johnston Street and Clark Street to soften the visual impact of the fencing along these boundaries. **Plate 9** provides an excerpt of the concept landscaping plan which indicates the extent of landscaping proposed within the development and along both street frontages. A detailed landscape plan for the development will be provided as part of the Construction Certificate documentation.



Plate 9: Concept Landscaping Plan

3.7 Vegetation Removal

As detailed within **Section 3.1** of this report, the proposed development is inclusive of removal of existing vegetation. An existing Forest Red Gum is located within existing Lot 156, which is required to be removed to facilitate the construction of the proposed infill affordable housing development. No other significant vegetation is provided at the site.

An Ecological Assessment has been prepared by *Blackwood Ecological* and is provided at **Attachment 10.** Further consideration is provided at **Section 4.8.**

3.8 Signage

The proposed development incorporates signage panels of uniform size and placement within the building form in relation to the commercial component of the shop top housing only. The signage will relate to the use of the commercial component only, which will be managed by Momentum Collective. The signage panels are identified in the design plans provided at **Attachment 2.**

3.9 Land Use Budget

The development provides the construction of a shop top housing development comprising ground floor commercial space and four (4) residential units within first floor, group home comprising three (3) units being 1 and 2 bedrooms, and infill affordable housing comprising six (6) 2-bedroom units. Details of the proposed land use budget are provided within **Table 8** below.

Table 8: Building Budget

Building Component	Budget Details		
Overall Site			
Site Area	3,230.1m ² (total combined site area)		
Site coverage	1,499m² (46%)		
Proposed GFA	1,259m ²		
Landscaped Area	1,281m ² (39%)		
Proposed Maximum Building Height	8.4m		
Car Parking	16 spaces		
Lots 155 & 156 - Clark Street - Infill	Affordable Housing Development		
Site Area	1,607.8m ²		
Site coverage	540m² (33.5%)		
Proposed GFA	540m ²		
Landscaped Area	761m² (47.33%)		
Proposed Maximum Building Height	6.4m		
Car Parking	6 spaces		
Lots 157 & 158 – Johnston Street – S	hop Top Housing & Group Home		
Site Area	1,622.3m ²		
Site coverage	773m² (47.6%)		
Proposed GFA	752m ²		
Landscaped Area	543m² (33.47%)		
Proposed Maximum Building Height	Shop top housing – 8.4m		
	Group Home – 6.2m		
Car Parking	10 spaces		

3.10 Architectural Design Plans

The proposed development is illustrated within the following plans prepared by *PTMA Architecture* and provided at **Attachment 2.**

Table 9: Architectural Design Plans

Project No.	Drawing No.	Description	Revision	Date
0197:001-B	TPL 0-01	DWG Register + 3D	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 0-02	3D Overall Views	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 0-03	3D Views Detail – Core + Cluster	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 0-04	3D Views Detail – CHIFF Entry	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 0-05	3D Views Detail – Courts + Play	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-00	Site Context – Photos (A1)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-01	Site Context	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-02	Site Plan	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-03	Site Plan – Levels	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-04	Site Plan – Roof	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-05	Site – Shadow Diagrams (Winter)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-10	Landscape Concept A1	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-10A	Landscape (Colour)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-11	Lscp Part – Clark St Dwy Frontage	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-12	Lscp Part – Cnr Clark + Johnston	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-13	Lscp Part – Johnston Dwy	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 1-14	Lscp Part – Rear NW	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 2-01	Building Plans – CORE GROUND	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 2-02	Building Plans – CORE UPPER	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 2-11	Cluster 01 (Core + Cluster)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 2-21	Cluster 02 (CHIFF)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 2-22	Cluster 03 (CHIFF) Clark St	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 4-00	KEY Elev+Sect	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 4-01	Site Elev South – JOHNSTON ST	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 4-02	Site Elevation East CLARK ST	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 4-03	Site Elevation East SERVICE STN	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 4-04	Site Elevation – NORTH	а	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 5-01	Detail – North Bdy (solar access)	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 9-01	SITE AERA Plan – GROUND	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 9-02	SITE AREA Plan – UPPER	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 9-03	SITE AREA Plan – ROOF AREAS	a	20Dec23
0197:001-B	TPL 9-04	SITE AREA Plan – Landscape	a	20Dec23

4. Statutory Assessment

4.1 Introduction

Section 4 documents the range of planning controls applicable in the subject case pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a) of the Act and tabulates the effect of these instruments in the circumstances of the development proposal described at Section 3. Section 4 also examines policy adopted by Council or other authority applicable in the subject matter which, whilst relevant, are not controls within the meaning of Section 4.15(1)(a).

4.2 Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012

4.2.1 Introduction

Table 10 summarises the provisions of the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012 and its applicability to the current application.

Table 10: RVLEP2012 Applicability

Richmo	nd Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012	Applicable		
Part 2: Permitted or prohibited development				
2.1	Lane use zones			
2.2	Zoning of land to which Plan applies			
2.3	Zone objectives and Land Use Table	×		
2.4	Unzoned land			
2.5	Additional permitted uses for particular land			
2.6	Subdivision – consent requirements			
2.7	Demolition requires development consent			
2.8	Temporary use of land			
2.9	Canal estate development prohibited			
Part 4:	Principal development standards			
4.1	Minimum subdivision lot size			
4.1AA	Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes			
4.1A	Minimum subdivision lot size for strata plan schemes in certain rural, residential			
	and environmental protection zones			
4.1B	Minimum lot sizes for dual occupancies			
4.1C	Exceptions to minimum lot size for dual occupancies			
4.2	Rural subdivision			
4.2A	Exceptions to minimum lot sizes for certain rural subdivisions			
4.2B	Erection of dual occupancies and dwelling houses on land in Zone RU1, R5 and E3			
4.2C	Exceptions to minimum subdivision lot size for lot boundary adjustments			
4.3	Height of buildings	×		
4.4	Floor space ratio			
4.5	Calculation of floor space ratio and site area			
4.6	Exceptions to development standards			
Part 5: Miscellaneous provisions				
5.1	Relevant acquisition authority			
5.1A	Development on land intended to be acquired for public purposes			
5.2	Classification and reclassification of public land			
5.3	Development near zone boundaries			
5.4	Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses			

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5.5	Controls relating to secondary dwellings on land in a rural zone	
5.6	Architectural roof features	
5.7	Development below mean high water mark	
5.8	Conversion of fire alarms	
5.9	Dwelling house or secondary dwelling affected by natural disaster	
5.10	Heritage conservation	☒
5.11	Bushfire hazard reduction	
5.12	Infrastructure development and use of existing buildings of the Crown	
5.13	Eco-tourist facilities	
5.14	Siding Spring Observatory – maintaining dark sky	
5.15	Defence communications facility	
5.16	Subdivision of, or dwellings on, land in certain rural, residential or conservation zones	
5.17	Artificial waterbodies in environmentally sensitive areas in areas of operation of irrigation corporations	
5.18	Intensive livestock agriculture	
5.19	Pond-based, tank-based and oyster aquaculture	
5.20	Standards that cannot be used to refuse consent – playing and performing music	
5.21	Flood planning	⊠
5.22	Special flood considerations	⊠
5.23	Public bushland	
5.24	Farm stay accommodation	
5.25	Farm gate premises	
Part 6:	Additional local provisions	
6.1	Acid sulfate soils	×
6.2	Essential services	×
6.3	Earthworks	☒
6.4	Protection of historic New Italy village area	
6.5	(Repealed)	
6.6	Terrestrial biodiversity	
6.7	Landslide risk	
6.8	Riparian land and watercourses	
6.9	Drinking water catchments	
6.10	Wetlands	
6.11	Airspace operations	
6.12	Development in areas subject to aircraft noise	
6.13	Development of The Glebe, Coraki	
6.14	Rural workers' dwellings	
6.15	Location of sex services premises	

4.2.2 Zoning and Permissibility

As detailed within **Plate 10** below, the subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre pursuant to the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012.



Plate 10: RVLEP Land Zone Map

Clause 1.2 - Aims of the Plan

The aim of the plan set out under Clause 1.2 are as follows:

- (2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows—
- (aa) to protect and promote the use and development of land for arts and cultural activity, including music and other performance arts,
- (a) to encourage the proper management, development and conservation of natural and man-made resources,
- (b) to support and encourage social and economic benefits within Richmond Valley,
- (c) to ensure that suitable land for beneficial and appropriate uses is made available as required,
- (d) to manage appropriate and essential public services, infrastructure and amenities for Richmond Valley,
- (e) to minimise the risk of harm to the community through the appropriate management of development and land use.

Comment: The proposed development involves the construction of a shop top housing, group home and multi dwelling housing for use as infill affordable housing development within a E1 Local Centre zoned area. As a result, the proposed development aims to achieve the desired strategic outcome of the area while encouraging social and economic benefits within Richmond Valley.

Clause 2.3 – Zone Objectives and Land Use Table

Comment: The site is zoned E1 – Local Centre pursuant to the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2012. Shop top housing, group homes and multi dwelling housing are permissible with development consent in the zone. The relevant planning definitions pursuant to the Dictionary within the LEP are provided below:

shop top housing means one or more dwellings located above the ground floor of a building, where at least the ground floor is used for commercial premises or health services facilities.

Note—Shop top housing is a type of **residential accommodation**—see the definition of that term in this Dictionary.

group home means a permanent group home or a transitional group home.

Note—Group homes are a type of **residential accommodation**—see the definition of that term in this Dictionary.

group home (permanent) or permanent group home means a dwelling—

- (a) that is occupied by persons as a single household with or without paid supervision or care and whether or not those persons are related or payment for board and lodging is required, and
- (b) that is used to provide permanent household accommodation for people with a disability or people who are socially disadvantaged,

but does not include development to which <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021</u>, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies.

Note—Permanent group homes are a type of **group home**—see the definition of that term in this Dictionary.

group home (transitional) or transitional group home means a dwelling—

- (a) that is occupied by persons as a single household with or without paid supervision or care and whether or not those persons are related or payment for board and lodging is required, and
- (b) that is used to provide temporary accommodation for the relief or rehabilitation of people with a disability or for drug or alcohol rehabilitation purposes, or that is used to provide half-way accommodation for persons formerly living in institutions or temporary accommodation comprising refuges for men, women or young people,

but does not include development to which <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021</u>, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies.

Note—Transitional group homes are a type of **group home**—see the definition of that term in this Dictionary.

multi dwelling housing means 3 or more dwellings (whether attached or detached) on one lot of land, each with access at ground level, but does not include a residential flat building.

Note—Multi dwelling housing is a type of **residential accommodation**—see the definition of that term in this Dictionary.

As detailed above, shop top housing, group homes and multi dwelling housing is permissible with development consent in the E1 Local Centre zone. The proposal is considered to comply with the land use definitions provided above.

The relevant zone objectives of the E1 Local Centre zone are addressed below, together with the proposal's response:

- To provide a range of retail, business and community uses that serve the needs of people who live in, work in or visit the area.
- To encourage investment in local commercial development that generates employment opportunities and economic growth.
- To enable residential development that contributes to a vibrant and active local centre and is consistent with the Council's strategic planning for residential development in the area.
- To encourage business, retail, community and other non-residential land uses on the ground floor of buildings.

Comment: The proposal relates to the construction of a shop top housing development comprising ground floor commercial space and four (4) residential units within first floor, group home comprising three (3) units being 1 and 2 bedrooms, and infill affordable housing comprising six (6) 2-bedroom units. The proposed development is considered to be consistent with the objectives of the E1 Local Centre zone. The proposed development provides commercial space to be utilised by Momentum Collective for office space that serves the needs to people who live at the site and utilises the ground floor of the shop top housing development, provides opportunity for employment, and provides residential development that is appropriately designed to support the transition of the streetscape, whilst being sympathetic to the surrounding residential land uses.

4.2.3 Applicable Provisions

Clause 4.3 - Height of Buildings

Comment: Pursuant to Clause 4.3 and the associated *Height of Buildings Map*, the maximum height for buildings on the subject site should not exceed 8.5m (as measured from ground level existing to the highest point of the building). The proposed development provides a maximum building height of 8.4 metres (shop top housing) and 6.2-6.4 metres (group home & infill affordable housing).

Clause 5.10 – Heritage Conservation

Comment: The subject site is not mapped as containing a heritage item, or being within a heritage conservation zone pursuant to Schedule 5 of the RVLEP.

Clause 5.21 – Flood Planning

Comment: Clause 5.21 requires the consent authority consider the impacts of development on the flood behaviour in the area. The following comments are made with respect to the assessment criteria contained in Clause 5.21(2) & (3):

(2) Development consent must not be granted to development on land the consent authority considers to		
be within the flood planning area unless the consent authority is satisfied the development—		
(a) is compatible with the flood function and behaviour on the land, and	The subject site is mapped as being within the 1 in 100 year flood planning event. The proposed development involves minor earthworks to facilitate	
	compliance with the required minimum habitable	
	floor levels. The subject site is mapped as being low	
	hazard and therefore the proposed development is	
	not considered likely to result in any adverse impacts	
	on the flood function and behaviour on the land.	
(b) will not adversely affect flood behaviour in a	As detailed above, the proposed development is	
way that results in detrimental increases in the	located on flood prone land. The subject site is	
potential flood affectation of other development or	mapped as being within the low hazard categories,	
properties, and	and therefore it is not considered likely the proposed	
	development will result in detrimental increases in	
	the potential flood affectation of other properties.	

(c) will not adversely affect the safe occupation and efficient evacuation of people or exceed the capacity of existing evacuation routes for the surrounding area in the event of a flood, and (d) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life in the event of a flood, and (e) will not adversely affect the environment or cause avoidable erosion, siltation, destruction of	The proposed development is not considered to have any adverse impacts on the safe occupation and efficient evacuation of people from the area in the event of a flood. The proposal is not considered to result in the existing evacuation routes capacity to be exceeded. The subject site will operate in accordance with existing Momentum Collective operational management practices, including triggers for evacuation of the property in the event of a flood. The subject site is not located within close proximity to an existing watercourse or river bank.
riparian vegetation or a reduction in the stability of	to an existing watercourse of fiver bank.
river banks or watercourses.	
(3) In deciding whether to grant development consent on land to which this clause applies, the consent authority must consider the following matters—	
(a) the impact of the development on projected changes to flood behaviour as a result of climate change,	The proposed development is not considered likely to result in any changes to flood behaviour as a result of climate change. The 1 in 100 year flood event including climate change identifies the property as being a low hazard.
(b) the intended design and scale of buildings resulting from the development,	The proposed development has been designed to comply with the minimum habitable floor levels provided by Council. The design and scale of the buildings are not considered to result in any adverse impacts on flooding.
(c) whether the development incorporates measures to minimise the risk to life and ensure the safe evacuation of people in the event of a flood,	As detailed above, the proposed development has been designed to comply with the minimum habitable floor level requirements. The subject site will also be managed in accordance with Momentum Collective's operational management practices, including triggers for evacuation of the property in the event of a flood.
(d) the potential to modify, relocate or remove buildings resulting from development if the surrounding area is impacted by flooding or coastal erosion.	In the event of a flood that was to impact the property, the landowners would determine whether to modify, relocate or remove the development.

Clause 5.22 – Special flood considerations

Comment: Clause 5.22(2) identifies development in which the clause applies as being:

- (a) for sensitive and hazardous development—land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood, and
- (b) for development that is not sensitive and hazardous development—land the consent authority considers to be land that, in the event of a flood, may—
 - (i) cause a particular risk to life, and
 - (ii) require the evacuation of people or other safety considerations.

The proposed development involves a group home which is included within the definition of sensitive and hazardous development in accordance with Clause 5.22.

Clause 5.22(3) provides the following requirements the consent authority must have regard to:

- (3) Development consent must not be granted to development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority has considered whether the development—
- (a) will affect the safe occupation and efficient evacuation of people in the event of a flood, and

Comment: The proposal involves the construction of shop top housing, group home and multi dwelling housing to be utilised as infill affordable housing. The proposed development will be constructed to comply with the minimum habitable floor levels. The subject site will be managed by Momentum Collective's current operational management requirements including provision for triggers to evacuate the site in the event of a flood. Additionally, the proposed group home provides temporary accommodation and therefore it is considered occupants of the group home will have a small amount of personal belongings. The group home is not proposed as specialised housing for elderly or physically handicapped persons.

(b) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life in the event of a flood, and

Comment: In the event of a flood above the 1 in 100 year event that may affect the property, residents would be required to evacuate in accordance with the instructions issued by the Local Emergency Response, NSW SES, and Momentum Collective's operational management policies. Additionally, the proposed group home provides temporary accommodation and therefore it is considered occupants of the group home will have a small amount of personal belongings. The group home is not proposed as specialised housing for elderly or physically handicapped persons.

(c) will adversely affect the environment in the event of a flood.

Comment: The proposal will be constructed to comply with the minimum habitable floor level requirements. The proposal does not involve any 'hazardous' development, and relates to residential style development only. As a result, it is not considered to proposed development will result in any adverse impacts on the environment in the event of a flood.

Clause 6.1 – Acid Sulfate Soils

Comment: The subject site is not mapped as containing acid sulfate soils.

Clause 6.2 – Essential Services

Comment: The proposed development will be provided all relevant essential services as detailed within **Section 3.4.3** of this report.

Clause 6.3 – Earthworks

Comment: As described in **Section 3**, the proposed development involves earthworks to facilitate the construction of the proposed new shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing development. Reference should be made to the comments provided against the relevant heads of consideration below.

- (3) Before granting development consent for earthworks (or for development involving ancillary earthworks), the consent authority must consider the following matters:
- (a) the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality of the development,

Comment: The subject is located approximately 330 metres north of the existing Richmond River. The proposed earthworks relate to the construction of the shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing development. The proposed earthworks are not considered likely to result in any adverse impacts on the drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality. The proposal involves stormwater management works which will deal with stormwater from the development. Appropriate erosion and sediment control measures will be in place during demolition and construction to ensure works are managed appropriately.

- (b) the effect of the development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land,

 Comment: The proposed works facilitate the development of the site as proposed. The earthworks associated with the proposed development will not adversely impact the redevelopment of the site in the future.
- (c) the quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both,

Comment: A Detailed Site Investigation has been prepared by *Easterly Point Environmental* and is provided at **Attachment 5.** The Detailed Site Investigation concluded the site is considered suitable for the proposed development. Further consideration is provided at **Section 4.4.6.**

- (d) the effect of the development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties,

 Comment: The proposed excavation earthworks will have no material impact upon the future development of adjoining lands. Accordingly, no adverse visual or amenity impacts are expected as the result of the earthworks. Construction works will be undertaken in accordance with conditions of consent, and to ensure minimal impact on the surrounding area.
- (e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material,
 Comment: Any fill material bought to site will be VENM. Any excavated material will be disposed of at any appropriately licenced facility to take such waste.
- (f) the likelihood of disturbing relics,
 Comment: An AHIMS search was undertaken in December 2023 which did not identify any Aboriginal places or sites being identified on the site.
- (g) the proximity to and potential for adverse impacts on any watercourse, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area,

Comment: The subject site is not mapped as being within a drinking water catchment, or within close proximity to an environmentally sensitive area. As detailed above, the subject site is located within approximately 330 metres to the Richmond River, located to the south. Due to the physical separation of the site to the river, and erosion and sediment control measures proposed to be implemented during construction, no adverse impact on the existing river is considered likely as a result of the development.

(h) any appropriate measures proposed to avoid, minimise or mitigate the impacts of the development.

Comment: Works will be undertaken in accordance with conditions of development consent. Appropriate erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction to ensure works are managed appropriately.

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4.3 Richmond Valley Development Control Plan 2021

4.3.1 Introduction

The Richmond Valley Development Control Plan (DCP) applies to the Richmond Valley Council Local Government Area and as such the subject site. The provisions contained within the DCP are intended to form a guideline under which development can take place that meet the underlying objectives of the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan. Where demonstrated, scope exists to allow meritorious assessment through alternate solutions where practicable. **Table 11** below summarises the application of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan.

Table 11: Richmond Valley DCP Applicability

Richmond Valley Development Control Plan 2021				
Part A:	Residential Development			
A-1	Dwelling houses in the R1 General Residential and RU5 Village zones			
	Reference should be made to Section 4.4.2 and the assessment against State			
	Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021.			
A-2	Dwelling houses in the RU1 Primary Production, R5 Large Lot Residential and E3			
	Environmental Management zones			
A-3	Dual Occupancies in the R1 General Residential and RU5 Village zones			
A-4	Dual Occupancy in the RU1 Primary Production, R5 Large Lot Residential and E3			
	Environmental Management zones			
A-5	Secondary dwellings in the R1 General Residential, RU5 Village and R5 Large Lot			
	Residential zones			
A-6	Ancillary residential development in R1 General Residential and RU5 Village zones			
A-7	Ancillary residential development in the RU1 Primary Production, R5 Large Lot			
	Residential and E3 Environmental Management zones	-		
A-8	Multi-dwelling Housing and Residential Flat Buildings Refer to Section 4.3.3 for assessment of the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide			
A-9	Shop Top Housing			
A-10	Seniors Housing and Affordable Housing	⊠		
A-11	DCP Explanatory Notes			
	: Commercial Development	⊔		
	Industrial Development			
	Rural Land Uses	П		
D-1	Roadside Stalls			
D-2	Kiosks			
D-3	Intensive Livestock Agriculture			
	Visitor Accommodation, Caravan Parks and Manufactured Home Estates			
E-1	Eco-tourist Facilities			
E-2	Bed and Breakfast Accommodation			
E-3	Serviced Apartments			
E-4	Hotel and Motel Accommodation			
E-5	Backpackers Accommodation			
E-6	Farm Stay Accommodation			
E-7	Manufactured Home Estates, Caravan Parks and Camping Grounds			
Part F:	<u>Signage</u>	×		
Part G:	Subdivision			
Part H:	Natural Resources and Hazards			
H-1	Flood Planning	\boxtimes		

H-2	Acid Sulfate Soils (ASS)			
H-3	Natural Resources (NRS)			
Part I: Other Considerations				
I-1	Environmental Heritage			
I-2	Development in, on, over or under a Public Road			
I-3	Building Setbacks	☒		
I-4	Car Parking Provisions	⊠		
I-5	Landscaping Guidelines			
I-6	Animal Boarding and Training Establishments			
I-7	Noise Impact Assessment (NIA)	⊠		
I-8	Social Impact Assessment (SIA)			
I-9	Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD)	⊠		
I-10	Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED)	⊠		
I-11	Land Use Conflict Risk Assessment (LUCRA)			
I-12	Context and Site Analysis			
I-13	Use of Shipping Containers			
I-14	Sex Service Premises, Restricted Premises and Home Occupations (Sex Services)			
I-15	Lane Widening and Access to Narrow Streets			
-				
I-16	Historic New Italy Village Area			

4.3.2 Part A-8 – Multi Dwelling Housing & Residential Flat Buildings

Part A-8 of the Richmond Valley DCP provides the development standards for multi dwelling housing and residential flat building developments within the Richmond Valley Local Government Area. **Table 12** summarises the applicable standards and demonstrates where compliance is achieved, or a variation sought for the proposal.

Table 12: Part A-8 – Multi Dwelling Housing & Residential Flat Building

Table 12.1 at t A-0 Walti Dwelling Housing & Residential Hat Dallating						
Part A-8 – Multi	Part A-8 – Multi Dwelling Housing & Residential Flat Buildings					
Part A-8.1 – Controls Common to Multi Dwelling Housing and Residential Flat Buildings						
A-8.1.1 Hazards	The development design must take into	All applicable hazards and constraints				
& Constraints	account any hazards or constraints applying	have been addressed within this report				
	to the land	and attached reports. Specifically:				
		Flood – The subject site is mapped as				
		being affected by the 1 in 100 year flood				
		event. A compliant minimum habitable				
		floor level is provided.				
		Contaminated Lands – Refer to Section				
		4.4.6.				
		Native Vegetation – A single tree is				
		proposed to be removed as part of this				
		application. Further consideration is				
		provided at Section 4.8.				
		Heritage – Clause 5.10 of the RVLEP 2012				
		has been addressed earlier in this report				
		with no issues raised.				
		Easements – the land is not subject to				
		any easements, however sewer mains				
		are present on the site. The development				
		is clear of the existing sewer mains.				

		Aircraft Noise – The development is proposed on an existing residential lot. Classified Road/Rail Corridor – The subject site adjoins Johnston Street which is a classified road. Access to the proposed multi dwelling housing component of the development to be used as infill affordable housing is from Clark Street.
A-8.1.2 Water,	Stormwater	Comment
Stormwater &	1. All dwellings must connect to Council's	Stormwater management for the
Sewage	stormwater infrastructure.	affordable housing site is detailed within
	2. A Stormwater Management Plan must be	the civil engineering plans provided at
	prepared as part of the development	Attachment 8. As detailed within the civil
	application. It is recommended to contact Council early in the design progress	engineering plans, stormwater management is proposed to include:
	regarding stormwater requirements,	• 4x underground stormwater detention
	which may vary depending on site	tanks.
	characteristics and the form of	Pit and pipe infrastructure to direct the
	development	stormwater to the existing swale
		within Johnston Street.
	Sewage	Comment
	3. Multi dwelling and residential flat building	The subject site is connected to Council's
	development is only permitted on sites	reticulated sewer system.
	serviced by reticulated town sewer. 4. The proposal must comply with Councils	
	sewage management requirements. These	
	requirements vary depending on the site	
	and scale of the development. It is	
	recommended that consultation with	
	Council occur early in the design process.	
	Water Supply	Comment
	5. Multi dwelling and residential flat	The subject site is connected to Council's
	development is only permitted on sites	reticulated water supply.
	serviced by reticulated town water. 6. It is recommended that early consultation	
	with Council occurs to ensure that the	
	reticulated water system in the locality can	
	adequately service the proposed	
	development.	
	7. In bushfire prone areas additional	
	firefighting water supply may be required	
	where the development cannot be	
A-8.1.3	serviced by a fire hydrant. Applications involving earthworks and	Comment
Earthworks &	Applications involving earthworks and retaining walls must:	As detailed within the civil engineering
Retaining Walls	(a) provide details of the extent of all cut and	plans provided at Attachment 8 ,
	fill, and	earthworks are proposed to facilitate the
	(b) where fill is greater than 600mm high	development. The proposed earthworks
	provide geotechnical certification to verify	involve both cut and fill, with a maximum
	the structural stability of any fill material, and	cut depth of 0.6 metres, and a maximum
	(c) not redirect the flow of any surface water	fill depth of 1 metre. The proposal will
	or ground water in a concentrated manner	

onto an adjoining property, and

- (d) be located outside the Clear Zone of and have footings outside which extend below the Zone of Influence for any sewer main, water main, or stormwater pipeline, and
- (e) have footings extend below the Zone of Influence for any sewer main, water main, or stormwater pipeline, and
- (f) have adequate drainage lines connected to the existing stormwater drainage system for the site, and
- (g) retaining walls must be of masonry construction and have engineering certification if:
- 900mm or higher in height, or
- if located within 900mm of a boundary, and (h) if the fill is imported to the site be free of building and other demolition waste, and only contain virgin excavated natural material (VENM) as defined in Part 3 of Schedule 1 to the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

involve cut of 35.6m³, whilst a total of 1,033.2m² of fill is proposed.

Part A-8.1 – Controls Common to Multi Dwelling Housing and Residential Flat Buildings

A-8.2.1 Adoption of the Low Rise Housing Diversity Guide for Development applications

Richmond Valley Council adopts the objectives and design criteria established for Multi Dwelling Housing contained in the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide for Development Applications (July 2020), (section 2.4 Multi Dwelling Housing) except as modified by the local provisions outlined below.

See Section 4.3.3 below for assessment of relevant provisions.

A-8.2.2 Minimum Lot Size and Width Design Criteria

1. The minimum lot dimensions are as indicated in the following table:

Minimum Dimensions					
Minimum Lot Size	1000m2				
Minimum Lot Width	20m				

Comment

The proposed multi dwelling housing to be utilised as infill affordable housing is located on Lots 155 & 156 which have a combined area of 1,607.8m², with a street frontage to Clark Street of 40.2 metres and to Johnston Street of 40 metres.

- 2. Where a variation is proposed to minimum lot size or width, Council must be satisfied that:
- The development provides safe and efficient vehicle and pedestrian access and allows vehicles to leave the site in a forward direction; and
- The development provides adequate vehicular parking, storage space and waste storage areas; and
- The development achieves a high standard of resident amenity and would have no greater impact on adjoining

N/A

The proposed development does not involve a variation to the minimum lot width or size.

development that would otherwise be the case; and d) The development is compatible with the streetscape and the landscape setting of the locality and complies with the minimum landscaped area requirement. Note. A smaller or narrower site width may not allow for the full gross floor area to be realised. A-8.2.3 As established by the Richmond Valley LEP Comment Maximum 2012. A maximum building height of 8.5 metres **Building Height** applies to the subject land. The proposed multi dwelling housing development provides a maximum building height of 6.4 metres. A-8.2.4 Setbacks **Primary Road Frontage** Comment to Streets 1. The setback of the dwelling from the A setback of 5.5 metres is provided to street is the lesser of the following: Clark Street. a) the distance defined below: i. 6 metres, and The proposal utilises the established ii. Garages, carports with enclosure or street setback provisions of the DCP with part enclosure on any side, and sheds the average setback of the nearest must be 1.0 metre behind the dwellings being 5 metres. In this regard, building line. the proposal is compliant with the front setback requirements. (b) the established street setback provisions below: i. The average distance of the setbacks of the nearest dwelling houses or dual occupancies located within 40m of the development and having the same primary road boundary, measured as follows: Existing Building Setback set by Table I-3.1 Secondary or Parallel Road Frontages, Comment including Setbacks to Lanes The proposed development provides a 3-2. Where the development is located on metre setback to Johnston Street. land having frontage to more than 1 road alignment whether those roads are formed or unformed or lanes, the following setback applies to secondary or parallel road frontage: Zone Minimum Setback Zone R1 – General 3 metres Residential Zone Zone RU5 – Village 3 metres **Setbacks from Public Reserves** N/A 3. Setback from public reserve: 3 metres The development is not located adjacent

a public reserve.

	Road subject to Widening	N/A
	4. The Front Building Line Setback to a road	Clark Street and Johnston Street is not
	subject to widening shall be increased by	subject to road widening
	width of land to be resumed by the	Subject to road widening
	widening as follows:	
	a) Lane Widening proposed in Chapter	
	I-15 of this DCP—the setback shall	
	be increased by 3 metres to	
	accommodate the proposed	
	widening,	
	b) land identified as Classified Road	
	(SP2) on the Richmond Valley LEP	
	2012 Land Reservation Acquisition	
	Map—the setback shall increase by	
	the width of identified resumption.	
	Foreshore Building Line	N/A
	5. Notwithstanding any other setback	The subject site is not subject to the
	provision, development on a lot	foreshore building line requirements.
	containing a foreshore building line shall	
	be behind that foreshore building line.	
A-8.2.5 Gross	1. The following maximum gross floor area	Comment
Floor Area	applies for all development on the site:	The subject site is mapped within the M1
	a) M1 Density Areas – 50% of lot area	Low Medium Density Residential which
	b) M2 Density Areas–80% of lot area	provides a maximum gross floor area of
	c) H1 High density Areas – 80% of lot	50% of the area of the lot.
	area	The proposed multi dwelling housing
		development to be utilised as infill
		affordable housing provides a gross floor
		area of 540m ² being 33.5% of the lot (Lots
		155 & 156)
A-8.2.6	1. The following minimum landscaped area	Comment
Landscaped	applies for all development on the site:	The subject site is mapped within the M1
Area	a) M1 Density Areas – 30% of lot area	Low Medium Density Residential which
	b) M2 Density Areas – 20% of lot area	provides a minimum landscape area of
	c) H1 High Density Areas – 20% of lot	30% of the area of the lot.
	area	As detailed within the design plans, the
		proposed development located on Lots
		155 & 156 provides a total landscaped
		area of 761m ² being 47.33% of the lot.
A-8.2.7 Principal	1. The area of principal private open space	Comment
Private Open	provided for each dwelling is:	Each unit is provided with an area of
Space	a) At least 16m2 with a minimum	private open space with a minimum area
	length and width of 3m for a 1 or 2	of 16m ² .
	bedroom dwelling;	
	b) at least 25m² with a minimum	
	length and width of 3m for a	
	dwelling containing 3 or more	
	bedrooms (or 2 bedrooms and a	
	study).	
	2. The principal private open space is	Comment
	located behind the front building line.	The private open space provided to the
	3. The principal private open space is	dwellings is located behind the building
	located adjacent to the living room,	line, and is located directly adjacent a
	,	,

		4.	dining room or kitchen to extend the living space. A minimum of 8m2 of the private open space should be paved and covered to provide shade and protection from rain.	living area. Each unit includes a terrace that complies with the minimum requirement of 8m² of private open spaces that is paved and covered.
A-8.2.8	Car	1.	Minimum parking requirements are:	N/A
Parking			a) 1 per dwelling (<150 m2 GFA), plus	Refer to carparking requirements under
			b) 1.5 per dwelling (>= 150 m2 GFA),	Section 18 of SEPP (Housing) 2021 for
			plus	infill affordable housing.
			c) 1 visitor space per 4 dwellings.	
A-8.2.9	View	1.	Where views from other dwellings or	N/A
Sharing			public spaces are likely to be impacted,	The proposed development is not
			the applicant may be required to submit	considered likely to have any adverse
			a view loss assessment.	impacts on view sharing given the
		2.	View loss and opportunities for view	location.
			sharing is to be considered in accordance	
			with the Land and Environment Court	
			Planning Principals.	

4.3.3 Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide

Part A-8 of the Richmond Valley DCP adopts the objectives and design criteria established for Multi Dwelling Housing contained in the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide for Development Applications (July 2020), (section 2.4 Multi Dwelling Housing) except as modified by the local provisions outlined below. **Table 13** summarises the applicable standards and demonstrates where compliance is achieved, or a variation sought for the proposal.

It is noted **Section 2.4** of the Design Guides states that 'The development application proposal is merit assessed. If the development application cannot meet the design criteria, then the consent authority is to be flexible in applying these provisions and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the relevant objectives'. As detailed within **Table 13** below, there are a number of provisions in which the development does not strictly meet the design criteria, however demonstrates compliance with the objective of the development standard. As a result, it is considered the proposal is consistent with the Design Guide.

Table 13: Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide

Element	MDHC Requirement	Comment						
Section 2.4 Mu	on 2.4 Multi Dwelling Housing							
2.4A Building Envelopes	 1. Where the LEP or DCP does not include a maximum building height, that height of buildings is: R1, R2, or RU5 zoned land: 9m 	N/A A maximum building height of 8.5 metres is stipulated by the						
	R3 zoned land: 11m	Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan						
	2. The maximum number of storeys (excluding basements) are:	Comment The proposed multi dwelling						
	R1, R2, or RU5 zoned land: 2R3 zoned land: 3	housing is single storey in nature.						

3. On R1, R2, or RU5 zoned land the maximum height of building on the rear 40% of the site is: 5.4m	Comment The subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre. The proposed multi dwelling housing development provides a maximum building height of 6.4 metres.
4. Refer to the DCP for front setback or envelope	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for
controls.	comments on front setback.
 5. R2 zoned land - Where the DCP does not contain front setback controls the following apply: Where existing dwellings are within 40m - average of the two closest dwelling houses, dual occupancies or multi dwelling housing (terraces), or Where no existing dwellings are within 40m the front setback is 3.5m. 6. R3 zoned land - Where the DCP does not contain front setback controls the setback to primary road is 3.5m. 	N/A The subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre.
7. Where the DCP does not contain setback controls for secondary roads the following apply: Lot Area (m²) Setback 0 - 900 2m >900 - 1500 3m >1500 5m	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for comments on secondary road setbacks.
8. Setback from classified road: 9m. Objective 2.4A-2 The development provides a setback from the front boundary or public space that: • defines the street edge; • creates a clear threshold and transition from public to private space; • assists in achieving visual privacy to ground floor dwellings from the street; • contributes to the streetscape character and landscape; and • relates to the existing streetscape and setback pattern or the desired future streetscape pattern if different to the existing.	consistent with design standard objective The subject site adjoins Johnston Street to the south which is a classified road. A setback of 3 metres is provided to Johnston Street from the multi dwelling housing infill affordable housing development. Whilst not consistent with the development standard, the proposal is compliant with the requirements of the DCP with respect to setbacks to secondary road frontages. In addition, it is considered the proposal is consistent with the objectives of the standard being that: • The street edge is clearly defined by virtue of the existing road configuration, kerb and guttering, and pedestrian footpath. • The proposal creates a clear threshold and transition

between public and private

space. • The units are orientated to front Clark Street. Fencing and landscaping is provided along the Johnston Street frontage to ensure visual privacy is provided to the units. • As detailed above fencing is provided along Johnston Street to maintain visual and acoustic privacy, and provide security to the residents of the units. As detailed within the concept landscaping plan, significant landscaping proposed along the Johnston Street frontage to soften the impact visual on streetscape. 9. Setback from public reserve: 3m. N/A The development is not located adjacent a public reserve. 10. Where the DCP does not contain side setback Comment controls the side setback is 1.5m A side setback of 1.5 – 2 metres is provided to the multi dwelling Development that is 10m behind the front building line housing units. and greater than 4.5m above ground level (existing) - s = h - 3m 's' is the minimum setback in metres 'h' is the height of the part of the building in meters. 11. Refer to the DCP for rear setbacks or envelope N/A controls. DCP does not provide rear setback requirements. 12. Where the DCP does not contain rear setback Consistent with design controls the rear setback is 6m. standard objective The proposed development Objective 2.4A-4 provides a setback of 1.5-2 The development provides a rear boundary setback metres to the rear and side that provides opportunity to retain and protect or boundaries to Cluster Building establish significant landscape trees in deep planting 02 being the rear most building areas. on the site. In this regard, as a result of the design of the development, which provides communal/shared landscaped and open space areas, internal common terraces, and private open space for each dwelling which are orientated towards the front of the dwellings, the proposal has not nominated a 'rear' boundary, and treats both

Landscaped	landscaped area					landscaping requirements.
2.3B Gross Floor Area / Floor Space Area 2.4C	Gross floor area the following maximum gross floor				ross floor t area ne lot area	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for gross floor area requirements. Refer to Section 4.3.2 for
	13. The setback	to a land	e is 0m.			boundaries as 'side setbacks'. This also results from the interconnected nature of the infill affordable housing and shop top housing / group home development being that both developments will be owned and operated by Momentum Collective. Whilst the proposal is not compliant with this requirement, it is considered the development remains consistent with the objective of the standards. In this regard, significant landscaping is provided throughout the site, including along both side boundaries, which includes significant areas of deep soil planting zones. N/A The subject site does not enjoy frontage to a laneway.

	Π			10.10		T
	Large trees	>12m	>8m	10x10	1.2m	
	Medium	8-12m	4-8m	6x6m	1m	
	trees Small trees	5-8m	<4m	3.5x3.5m	0.8m	
	Shrubs	-	-	-	0.5-	
	Groundcover	_	_	<u> </u>	0.6m 0.3-	
	Groundcover	-	-	-	0.3- 0.45m	
	Turf	_	_	1_	0.45III	
	20. If the DC	D door r	ot specif	fy troo plan	-	Comment
	particular size		=	-	_	Refer to the concept landscape
				ure height		plans provided at Attachment 2 .
				_		pians provided at Attachment 2.
	I	-	_	reater than		
				height of 8r		
	21. Mature tre			-	=	Comment
	along the bou		-		pproval is	The proposed development
	granted by Cou					involves the removal of an
	22. Landscap			_		existing tree located with Lot
	outcrops are			-		156. An Ecological Assessment is
	streetscape ch	naracter (or are lo	cated within	the rear	provided at Attachment 10 ,
	setback.					with further consideration
						provided at Section 4.8.
	23. The landsc	ape plan	is to prov	ide for a co	mbination	Comment
	of tree planting	g - for sha	de, mid h	eight shrubs	, lawn and	Refer to the concept landscape
	ground covers					plans provided at Attachment 2 .
	24. The landsca	ape plan i	ndicates t	hat at least 5	50% of the	Comment
	overall numbe	r of trees	s and shru	ubs are spec	ies native	Refer to the concept landscape
	to the region.					plans provided at Attachment 2.
						A detailed landscape plan
						demonstrating at least 50% of
						the overall plantings will be
						native to the region will be
						provided at Construction
						Certificate stage.
2.4D Local	25. Provide in	n the De	sign Veri	fication Sta	tement a	Comment
Character and	description ho		•			A Design Verification Statement
Context	contributes to				· ·	is provided at Attachment 3 of
Content	guidance in Se				_	this report.
2.4E Public	26. The front					Consistent with design
Domain	from the stree		caen arre	13 411 60	itiy visibic	standard objective
Interface	27. Each dwell		hahitahl	a room that	faces the	Due to the design of the
meriaee	street or public		Habitabi	e room mat	races the	development, with two
	Street of public	c space.				separate buildings containing
	Objective 2.4E	_1				three units each, and one
	I -		vaccivo cu	weillance to	the public	building being located towards
	Provide activat streets	.ioii aiiu þ	assive sui	veillance to	trie public	the rear of the site, two
	Streets					dwellings within the multi
						dwelling housing development
						do not provide a front door or
						habitable room that is visible
						from the street.
						In this regards, all units within
						the front building provide a

front door and habitable room visible from Clark Street, whilst one (1) unit within the rear unit building provides a front door and habitable room that is visible from Clark Street.

Whilst the proposal is not fully compliant with requirement, it is considered the development remains consistent with the objective of the standards, being that the proposal provides activation of the street by way of direct access to Clark Street into front courtyards, and provides passive surveillance to public streets within two thirds of the development and it is therefore considered the non-compliance acceptable in circumstances of the case.

28. Private courtyards within the front setback are only located within the articulation zones and / or behind the required front building line.

Objective 2.4E-2

Front fences and walls do not dominate the public domain instead they respond to and compliment the context and character of the area (including internal streets).

Consistent with design standard objective

The three units provided within the front building are provided with courtyards within the front setback and articulation zone area. Whilst not consistent with the development standard, the proposal is considered consistent with the objectives of the standard being that the design of the front fencing has been undertaken to minimise dominance of the streetscape, with landscaping provided forward of the fencing to soften the streetscape. In this regard, fencing is setback off the front boundary to enable landscaping to be provided wholly within the property boundaries.

29. Front fences:

- Are visually permeable (no more than 50% of the allowable fence area will be solid masonry, timber or metal).
- Average height no greater than 1.2m.
- Have a consistent character with other front fences in the street.
- Are not to be constructed of solid metal panels or unfinished timber palings.

Consistent with design standard objective

Fencing along the front property boundary is provided with a height of 1.2 metres. Higher fencing of 1.5 metres is provided along the front façade, which is setback into the property to enable landscaping to be provided, which provides

	Objective 2.4E-2 Front fences and walls do not dominate the public domain instead they respond to and compliment the context and character of the area (including internal streets).	softening of the streetscape, and articulation to the fence line. As a result, the proposed landscaping is considered to minimise the impact of the proposed fencing on the streetscape and soften the front façade of the development.
	30. High solid walls are only used to shield a dwelling from the noise of classified roads. The walls are to have a maximum height of 2.1m and be setback at least 1.5m from the property boundary. Landscape planting is to be provided between the wall and the boundary, with a mature height of at least 1.5m.	Comment High fencing is provided along Johnston Street being a classified road. Fencing heights range from 1.5 metres to 2 metres, with landscaping provided forward of the fencing to soften the impact on the streetscape. A setback of 1.5 metres is provided to the fencing from the boundary.
	31. Retaining walls greater than 600mm within the front setback are to be softened by planting for a minimum depth of 600mm on the low side of the retaining wall.	Comment As detailed within the Civil Engineering Plans provided at Attachment 8, retaining walls are proposed along the northern and western property boundaries with a height of up to 0.8m high. No retaining walls are proposed within the front setbacks.
	 32. Where development adjoins public parks, open space or bushland, or is a corner site, the design positively addresses this interface using any of the following design solutions: Habitable room windows facing the public domain. Street access, pedestrian paths and building entries. Paths, low fences and planting that clearly delineate between communal/ private open space and the adjoining public open space. Walls fronting the public spaces are to have openings not less than 25% of the surface area of the wall. 	Comment The subject site does not adjoin a public park, open space, or bushland. The site is a corner site being on the corner of Johnston Street and Clark Street. The proposal has been designed to provide habitable rooms facing the public domain, street access and pedestrian paths to provide connectivity and fencing and landscaping to provide an integrated front façade design.
2.4F Pedestrian and Vehicle Circulation	33. Vehicle circulation and parking complies with AS2890.1.34. Dwellings are to be connected by new internal	Comment Vehicle circulation and parking complies with AS2890.1. Comment
Sirodiation	streets and lanes which are overlooked by windows from habitable rooms and or private open space.	The proposed development provides a new driveway and common parking area. No new streets or lanes are provided. Windows are provided to habitable rooms which enable

	surveillance of the proposed
05.14	parking and entrance area.
35. Where new streets or lanes are created:	N/A
Lanes: shared or pedestrian surfaces with a width	No new streets or lanes are
of common area including landscape - minimum	proposed as part of the
6m.	development.
Streets: width of common area including landscape minimum 12m.	
36. Where less than 20 car spaces are provided reduce	Comment
carriageway width to 3.5m, with passing areas as	The parking area is provided a
required by AS 2890.1.	width of 11.4 metres and
,	enables turning of vehicles to
	enter and exit in a forward
	direction.
37. Internal vehicle circulation must be:	Comment
at least 1m setback from a fences;	The proposed car parking has
 at least 1m setback from another dwelling; 	been designed to provide
at least 2.5m setback from a window in a habitable	compliance with this provision.
room if the window exceeds 1m²; and	
• the setbacks should contain plants to soften edges.	
38. Terminate driveways and streets with trees, open	Comment
space or the window of a dwelling - not a garage or car	The proposed parking area
space.	terminates in front of a
	proposed dwelling.
39. Streets to be designed to accommodate	N/A
appropriate service vehicles likely to access the site.	No new streets or lanes are
	proposed as part of this
	development.
40. Where on street parking is currently available in	N/A
front of the development, the proposed driveways are located so that at least one car space remains.	Formalised street parking is not
41. Car parking not associated with a dwelling must be:	provided in this locality. Comment
setback from a fence is to be at least 1m	All parking is located within a
setback from another dwelling is to be at least 1m	central parking area.
setback from a habitable room window is to be at least 1111 setback from a habitable room window is to be at	central parking area.
least 3m if the window exceeds 1m ² .	
The setbacks should contain plants.	
42. New streets and lanes	N/A
maximum length of a dead end laneway - 40m.	No new streets or lanes are
minimum width between structures - 6m.	proposed as part of this
	development.
43. Provide safe shared spaces for vehicles, cyclists and	Comment
pedestrians by including measures that reduce vehicle	The proposed development
speeds such as changes in pavement texture at entries	provides a common parking
or key nodes, reduce demarcation between pedestrian	area. Footpaths and pedestrian
and vehicle spaces.	access are provided adjacent
	the parking area to enable safe
	shared spaces between vehicles,
	cyclists and pedestrians.
44. Pedestrian paths that are separated from an	N/A
internal road or lane by a kerb or landscaped area are	The proposed development

	to be provided where there are more than 20 dwellings.	does not include more than 20 dwellings.
	45. Where pedestrian circulation is separated from	Comment
	vehicle circulation the paths are still to function like	The proposed development
	•	provides a common parking
	streets with pavement at least 1.5m wide, clearly	1 '
	identifiable dwelling entrances and clear lines of sight	area. Footpaths and pedestrian
	to create a legible and safe network.	access are provided adjacent
		the parking area to enable safe
		shared spaces between vehicles,
		cyclists and pedestrians.
	46. Roads and pedestrian spaces are to have lighting	Comment
	designed in accordance with A1158.3.1 that avoids light	The proposed development
	spill into private spaces.	does not include outdoor
		lighting.
	47. Basement car parking not to protrude more than	N/A
	1m above finished ground level except at the entrance	The proposal does not include
	to the car park.	basement parking.
	-	basement parking.
	48. Basement car park entrances to have a maximum	
	width of 3.5m where there are less than 10 dwellings	
	being serviced by the car park.	
	49. The maximum height of the car park entry is to be	
	2.7m.	
	50. Where driveways are adjacent a tree, it is either	N/A
	outside the drip line or complies with the	The proposed driveway and
	recommendations in a report prepared by a qualified	parking area are not located
	arborist.	adjacent an existing tree.
		,
2.4G	51. The minimum lot size for carrying out multi dwelling	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for
2.4G Orientation	51. The minimum lot size for carrying out multi dwelling	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for
Orientation,	housing is:	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	housing is: • the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling	
Orientation,	housing is: • the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	housing is: • the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	housing is: • the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP 	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 	compliance with minimum lot
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 	compliance with minimum lot size provisions.
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing 	compliance with minimum lot size provisions. Comment
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing public street or new pedestrian or vehicle street or 	compliance with minimum lot size provisions. Comment Each dwelling maintains
Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing 	compliance with minimum lot size provisions. Comment Each dwelling maintains frontage to Clark Street
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Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing public street or new pedestrian or vehicle street or lane. 53. The frontage measured at the building line is to be at least 5m. 54. Dwellings should be orientated away from side boundaries and towards the front and rear of the lot or 	Comment Each dwelling maintains frontage to Clark Street pedestrian pathways and the proposed parking area. Comment The subject site provides a frontage of 40.2 metres. Comment Dwellings are orientated
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Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing public street or new pedestrian or vehicle street or lane. 53. The frontage measured at the building line is to be at least 5m. 54. Dwellings should be orientated away from side boundaries and towards the front and rear of the lot or towards new internal streets. 	Comment Each dwelling maintains frontage to Clark Street pedestrian pathways and the proposed parking area. Comment The subject site provides a frontage of 40.2 metres. Comment Dwellings are orientated towards Clark Street and internal to the site.
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Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing public street or new pedestrian or vehicle street or lane. 53. The frontage measured at the building line is to be at least 5m. 54. Dwellings should be orientated away from side boundaries and towards the front and rear of the lot or towards new internal streets. 55. A window that is more than 3m from the boundary 	Comment Each dwelling maintains frontage to Clark Street pedestrian pathways and the proposed parking area. Comment The subject site provides a frontage of 40.2 metres. Comment Dwellings are orientated towards Clark Street and internal to the site. Comment
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Orientation, Siting and	 housing is: the minimum dimensions for multi dwelling housing specified in a environmental planning instrument or DCP that applies to the land, or if an environmental planning instrument or DCP does not specify a minimum lot dimension - 600m2 and width measured at the building line of 20m. 52. Each dwelling is to have a frontage to an existing public street or new pedestrian or vehicle street or lane. 53. The frontage measured at the building line is to be at least 5m. 54. Dwellings should be orientated away from side boundaries and towards the front and rear of the lot or towards new internal streets. 55. A window that is more than 3m from the boundary to a living room of an adjoining dwelling is to receive more than 3 hours of direct sunlight between 9am and 	Comment Each dwelling maintains frontage to Clark Street pedestrian pathways and the proposed parking area. Comment The subject site provides a frontage of 40.2 metres. Comment Dwellings are orientated towards Clark Street and internal to the site. Comment Shadow diagrams are provided within the architectural plan set

		<u> </u>
	Note: Direct sunlight is measured consistent with	
	Design Criteria 63 and is only required to one window	
	serving the living room.	
	56. Where the location of the living room of an	
	adjoining dwelling cannot be verified the proposed	
	development is accommodated within a building	
	envelope defined by a 35° plane springing from 3.6m	
	above the boundary.	
	-	Comment
	57. Unless a dwelling is over a basement, the ground	Comment
	floor is not more than 1.3m above ground level, and no	The proposed dwellings are
	more than 1m below ground level.	located on ground and are not
		raised, other than to comply
		with minimum habitable floor
		level requirements.
	58. Dwellings are located to step with the topography.	Comment
		The subject site is flat, with
		earthworks proposed to provide
		' ' '
		the required dwelling sites.
	59. All lots must have access to reticulated water and	Comment
	sewer, electricity, telecommunications, and where	All units will have access to
	available gas.	reticulated water and sewer,
		electricity, and
		telecommunications, as
		required by the relevant
		authorities.
	60. Basement car parking should not be provided within	N/A
	the setbacks described in 2.4A.	The proposed development
	the setbacks described in 2.4A.	does not involve basement
		parking.
	61. The minimum separation between two or more	Comment
	buildings containing dwelling on the same lot is 3m.	A setback of 7.5 metres is
	Note: Greater separation may be required for privacy.	provided between each building
		of units.
	62. Provide a break of 3m between buildings more than	Comment
	45m long.	No building proposed as part of
	_	the development is more than
		45 metres long.
2.4H Solar and	63. The living room or private open space in each	Comment
Daylight	dwelling is to receive a minimum of 2 hours direct	As detailed within the plan set
Access	sunlight between 9 am and 3pm on the winter solstice	provided at Attachment 1 , the
ALLESS		· .
	(June 21). Note: Direct sunlight is achieved when 1m ² of	living room & private open
	direct sunlight on the glass is achieved for at least 15	space of each dwelling in both
	minutes. To satisfy 2 hours direct sunlight, 8 periods of	cluster receive a minimum of 2
	15 minutes will need to be achieved - however the	hours direct sunlight between
	periods do not need to be consecutive.	9am and 3pm on the winter
		solstice.
	64. Daylight may not be borrowed from other rooms,	Comment
	except where a room has a frontage to a classified road.	All rooms provide windows to
		enable direct sunlight.
	65. No part of a habitable room is to be more than 8m	Comment
	from a window	Each unit provides windows to
	i nom a window	•
		habitable rooms, with no part of
		the room more than 8 metres

		from the window.
	66. No part of a kitchen work surface is to be more than	Comment
	6m from a window or skylight.	Kitchen work surfaces are
	offition a window of skylight.	provided no further than 6
	67 Court yards are to ha	metres from a window.
	67. Courtyards are to be:	Comment
	Be fully open to the sky; and	Open courtyards are provided to
	Have a minimum dimension of one third of the	three units within the
	perimeter wall height, an area of 4m ² .	development.
	68. A window is visible from 75% of the floor area of a habitable room.	Comment As detailed within the
	Traditional Footh.	architectural design plans, a
		window is visible from 75% of
		the floor area of each habitable
		room.
2.41 Natural	69. Natural ventilation is available to each habitable	Comment
Ventilation	room	Each habitable room is provided
	70. Each dwelling is to be naturally cross ventilated.	with natural ventilation, with
	,	each dwelling being naturally
		cross ventilated.
2.4J Ceiling	71. Minimum ceiling heights are:	Comment
Height	2.7m to ground floor habitable rooms.	The proposed development
	2.7m to upper level living rooms.	provides a minimum ceiling
	2.4m to upper level habitable rooms (excluding)	height of 2.7 metres.
	living rooms).	
	The ceiling height is measured from finished floor level	
	to finished ceiling level.	
	to mished ceiling level.	
	Objective 2.4J-1	
	Ceiling height achieves sufficient natural ventilation	
	and daylight access and provides spatial quality.	
2.4K Dwelling	72. Dwellings are required to have the following	Complies
Size and	minimum internal floor areas:	The proposed units are all two
Layout	• 1 bed 65m ²	bedroom and provide internal
,	• 2 bed 90m ²	floor areas of 90m ² .
	• 3+ bed 115m ²	
	73. The minimum internal areas outlined above only	N/A
	contain one bathroom. The minimum area of each	Each unit type provides a single
	additional bathroom is 5m ² added onto the minimum	bathroom only.
	dwelling area.	Batilloom only.
	74. The minimum area of any additional bedroom is	N/A
	12m ² . The area of each additional bedroom is then	Each unit type provides two
	added to the minimum internal floor area contained in Design Criteria 72.	bedrooms only.
	75. Kitchens should not be part of a circulation space	Comment
	such as a hallway	Each unit type does not provide
	Such as a nanway	the kitchen with a circulation
		space.
	76. One bedroom has a minimum area of 10m ²	Comment
	excluding space for a wardrobe.	All bedrooms are provided with
	excluding space for a wardrobe.	a minimum of 10m ² floor area,
		excluding wardrobes.
		excluding wardropes.

	77. Bedrooms have a minimum dimension of 3m in any	Comment
	direction (excluding wardrobe space).	All bedrooms in each unit type
		provide a minimum dimension
		of 3 metres.
	78. Combined living and dining rooms are to have a	Comment
	minimum area of:	As detailed within the
	• 1 and 2 bed 24m ²	architectural design plans, each
	• 3+ bed 28m²	unit maintains a combined living
		and dining area of a minimum of
		24m².
	79. Living room or lounge rooms are to have a minimum	Comment
	width of 4m (excluding fixtures).	Living rooms provided in each
		unit type provides a width of
		greater than 4 metres.
2.4L Principal	80. The area of principal private open space provided	Refer to Section 4.3.2 for
Private Open	for each dwelling is at least 45m ² with a minimum	compliance with private open
Space	dimension of 5m.	space provisions.
	81. Provide a consolidated paved area of 12m2 with	
	minimum dimension of 3m.	
	82. The principal private open space is located behind	
	the front building line.	
	83. The principal private open space is to be located	
	adjacent to the living room, dining room or kitchen to	
	extend the living space.	
	84. 8m2 of the private open space should be covered to	
	provide shade and protection from rain.	
2.4M Storage	85. In addition to storage in kitchens, and bedrooms,	Comment
	the following storage with a minimum dimension of	As detailed within the
	500mm is provided:	architectural design plans, each
	• 1 bed 6m ³	unit is provided a minimum of
	• 2 bed 8m³	8m ³ of storage.
	• 3+ bed 10m³	- C
	86. At least 50% of the required storage is to be located	Comment
	inside the dwelling.	All storage is located within the
	inside the dwelling.	dwellings.
	87. Storage not located in dwellings is secure and	Comment
	clearly allocated to specific dwellings if in a common	No storage is provided external
	area.	to the dwellings.
2.4N Car and	91. Covered space is to be provided for the secure	Comment
Bicycle Parking	storage of at least 1 bicycle per dwelling.	Sufficient space is provided
Dicycle Falking	storage of at least 1 bitytie per uweiling.	within each unit to provide
		storage for at least 1 bicycle.
	02 Pasamont car parking is not to protecte more than	
	92. Basement car parking is not to protrude more than	N/A Recement parking is not
	1m above finished ground level except at the entrance	Basement parking is not proposed as part of this
	to the car park.	' '
	93. The maximum dimensions of any basement car park entry is to be 2.7m high by 3.5m wide.	development.
	94. Where a driveway is adjacent an existing tree, it is	N/A
	either outside the drip line or complies with the	The proposed driveway and
	recommendations in a report prepared by a qualified	parking area are not located
	arborist.	adjacent an existing tree.
t	i .	<u>-</u>

	95. The setback of	a car space from a primary,	Comment
	secondary or parallel	Parking is provided 6 metres	
	Setback of Max	kimum width of garage door	from the front boundary.
	dwelling from ope	nings	
	road		
	>4.5m 1m	behind the building line	
	<4.2m 5.5r	n	
		dth of all garage doors facing a	N/A
	primary or secondary	road:	The proposal does not include
	Lot Width	Maximum Width of Garage	any garage doors.
		Door Openings	
	12m - 15m	3.2m	
	>15m - 20m	6m	
	>20m - 25m	9.2m	
	>25m	12m	
2.40 Visual	97. Orientate living	room windows, primary private	Comment
Privacy	open space to the stre	eet or rear.	Living areas and private open
			space have been orientated to
			the street and internal to the
			development as a result of the
			overall design of the
			development.
		dows for each habitable room is	Comment
	provided without the	need for a privacy screen.	Privacy screens are not
			proposed as part of this
			development.
	99. A privacy screen is		Comment
		om Finished Floor Level	Privacy screens have not been
	Boundary	Above Ground Level	provided as part of the development.
	42	(Existing)	development.
	<3m	1 - 3m	
	<6m	>3m om Finished Floor Level	
	Distance from Windows in Dwell		
	on Same Lot	(Existing)	
	<6m	1 - 3m	
	<12m	>3m	
	\12III	23111	
	Note: This does not	apply to bedroom windows that	
	have an area less that	an 2m² or windows that have a	
	frontage to a road or	public open space.	
	100. A privacy screen is required at the edge of that part		Comment
	of a terrace, deck, ba	lcony or verandah that is parallel	Privacy screens have not been
	or faces towards a sid	e or rear boundary	provided as part of the
			development.
	Distance from	Finished Floor Level Above	
	Boundary	Ground Level (Existing)	
	<3m	1 - 3m	
	<6m	>3m	
	Distance from	Finished Floor Level Above	
	Windows in	Ground Level (Existing)	

	Dwelling on Come		
	Dwelling on Same Lot		
	<6m	1 - 2m	
	<12m	>2m	
	Note: This does not a	pply to a terrace, deck, balcony or	
		a less than 3m ² or has a frontage	
	to a road or public op	_	
	101. Where privacy s	screens are provided to windows,	Comment
		part of the window required to	The proposed development
	<u> </u>	im daylight or solar access	does not include any privacy
	requirements or resti	· -	screens.
2.4P Acoustic	102. Electrical, m	nechanical, hydraulic and air	Comment
Privacy	conditioning equipm	ent is housed so that it does not	No objection is raised to a
,		noise' as defined in the Protection	condition being included as part
		Operations Act 1997 either within	of the consent to ensure
		of any property at any time of the	compliance with this provision.
	day.	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
2.4Q	•	nt within the 20 ANEF contour is to	N/A
		mply with AS 2021:2015 Acoustics	The subject site is not within 20
	Aircraft Noise Intru	• •	ANEF contour
		re within 100m of a classified road	Comment
	=	rridor are to have LAeq measures	The proposed development is
	are not exceeding:	muor are to have Biteq measures	located adjacent Johnston
	=	35dB(A) between 10pm-7am.	Street being a classified road. A
	=	in the building (other than a	Noise Impact Assessment has
	-	= :	been prepared by <i>Tim Fitzroy</i> &
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Associates, and is provided at
	•		Attachment 6. The NIA has
			assessment road noise impacts
			·
	acoustic enginee		(of the Bruxner Highway (Johnston Street) on users of the
		relevant noise control treatment	'
		as and other habitable rooms in	• •
		Draft Guide to Infrastructure	commercial buildings as per
	Development Near Rail Corridors Busy Roads.		Section 2.120 of the Transport
			and Infrastructure SEPP 2021
			and relevant Development near
			Rail Corridors and Busy Roads –
			Interim Guideline.
			The NIA determined the
			majority of facades comply with
			traffic noise criteria. For facades
			that exceed the façade criteria,
			construction measures have
			been provided.
2.3R	105. Provide in the Design Verification Statement a		Comment
Architectural	description as to how the architectural form reduces		A Design Verification Statement
Form and Roof	the visual bulk and responds and provides a cohesive		is provided at Attachment 3 of
Design	design response. Not	e: Refer to Section 3 for guidance.	this report.
		is integrated harmoniously with	Comment
	the overall building fo		The roof form is considered to
			integrate with the overall
			building form.
<u> </u>	1		1

Г		
	107. Skylights and ventilation systems are integrated	Comment
	into the roof design.	Any skylights or ventilation
		systems will be integrated into
2.46	400 0 11 1 11 0 1 11 15 11 15 11	the roof design.
2.4S Visual	108. Provide in the Design Verification Statement a	Comment
Appearance &	description as to how the aesthetics and articulation	A Design Verification Statement
Articulation	contribute to the character of the local area.	is provided at Attachment 3 of
	Note: Refer to Section 3 for guidance.	this report.
	109. The development may have a primary road	Comment
	articulation zone that extends up to 1.5m forward of the minimum required setback from the primary road.	The proposal provides landscaping and courtyards
	The following elements can be located in the	landscaping and courtyards within the articulation zone.
	articulation zone:	within the articulation zone.
	An entry feature or portico.	
	 A balcony, deck, pergola, terrace or verandah. 	
	A window box treatment.	
	A bay window or similar feature.	
	•	
	An awning or other feature over a window. A sun shading feature.	
	A sun shading feature.An eave.	
2.4T Pools and		Comment
Detached	110. Swimming pools and spas are to have a maximum height above ground level (existing):	The proposal does not include a
Development	• At the water line – 1.2m,	swimming pool or detached
Development	At the water line = 1.2m, At the top of the coping - 1.4m, and	development.
	Where the coping is more than 300mm wide —	development.
	600mm.	
	111. Swimming pools and spas are to be located in the	
	rear yard with a minimum setback of 1m from any side	
	or rear boundary.	
	112. The swimming pool pump must be located in an	
	enclosure that is sound proofed.	
	113. Maximum height above ground level (existing) -	
	4.5m	
	114. A detached studio with a frontage to a rear lane or	
	parallel road may have a height of 6m.	
	115. Maximum floor area for each dwelling:	
	• generally: 45m²	
	 detached studios: 36m2 	
	116. Where the DCP does not contain	
	setbacks for detached development, side	
	setbacks are the same as for the dwelling	
	except for the following:	
	• side setback: 0.9m, or	
	• side setback with wall height less than 3.3m: 0m,	
	and adjoining lot building is <0.9m from boundary	
	and building wall is of masonry construction with	
	no windows,	
	• side setback of detached studio with frontage to a	
	lane: 0m	
	• side setback of detached studio without a frontage	
	to a lane:	
1		ļ

	П			
	Lot Width at	Rear setback		
	building line			
	0 - 18m	900mm		
	>18m	1.5m		
	117. Where the DCF		setbacks for	
	detached developme		İ	
	Lot Area	Rear setback		
	0 - 900m2	900mm		
	>900-1500m2	1.5m		
	>1500m2	2.5m		
	118. The maximum flo	oor level of a detached	deck, patio,	
	pergola or terrace the	at is less than 0.9m fr	om the side	
	boundary is 0.6m abo	ve ground level (exist	ing).	
2.4U Energy	119. Provide an outdo	oor area for clothes dr	ying that can	Comment
Efficiency	accommodate at leas	st 16 lineal metres o	f clothesline	Sufficient area is provided for
	for each dwelling.			clothes drying that is screen
	120. Any clothes dryi	ng area should be sci	reened from	from the public.
	public and communal	areas		
2.4V Water	122. Detention tanks	s are to be located ι	ınder paved	Comment
Management	areas, driveways or ir	n basements		Stormwater management for
&				the affordable housing site is
Conservation				detailed within the civil
				engineering plans provided at
				Attachment 8. As detailed
				within the civil engineering
				plans, stormwater management
				is proposed to include:
				• 4x underground stormwater
				detention tanks,
				Pit and pipe infrastructure to
				direct the stormwater to the
				existing swale within Johnston
				Street.
2.4W Waste	123. Provide storage			Comment
Management	bins designated in co			Sufficient area is provided
	124. Where waste st	• .		within each dwelling footprint
	area, access to this w	•	vided for all	for the storage of bins.
	residents without cro			
	125. Where waste sto	= :		A private waste contracting
	car park, a maximur	· -	1:6 is to be	agreement is proposed to be
	provided to the waste	•		undertaken with Richmond
	126. Where a rear	•		Waste. Richmond Waste have
	collection trucks used	=	tion point is	confirmed the bins can be
	to be from the rear la			serviced both street side, or the
	127. Despite any r	· ·		vehicle nosing into the site and
	policy, on-site waste	e vehicle access is n	ot required	servicing directly from the waste
	where:			storage area. A Waste
		an 20 dwellings, or		Management Plan has been
	-	is Torrens title subdi		prepared outlining the required
	128. Where vehicle a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		waste management and is
	any communal on-sit	•		provided at Attachment 11.
	be less than 10m	from the street boun	dary,	

	be located on a surface with a gradient less than 1:20	
	 not require access through a security door or gate 	
	(unless this is permitted by council waste policy).	
	 have path that connects the collection area to the 	
	street boundary with a gradient less than 1:8 and	
	free of steps for the transfer of bins to the	
	collection vehicle	
	129. If the waste collection point is used for permanent	
	storage of bins, it is to be screened from view from the	
	public domain and any structure to have height no	
	greater than 1.3m, if forward of the building line.	
	130. Storage areas for rubbish and recycling bins are to	
	be provided:	
	Within garages;	
	• In screened enclosure that is part of the overall	
	building design; or	
	In the basement car park.	
	131. Communal waste areas are to be located at least	
	3m from any bedroom of living room window.	
2.4X Universal	132. All dwellings are to include the Liveable Housing	Consistent with design
Design	Design Guideline's Silver level universal design	standard objective
	features.	The project architect has
		advised the dwelling have been
	Objective 2.4X-1	designed to be finished to meet
	Universal design features are included in dwelling	or exceed as many of the silver
	design to promote flexible housing for all community	standards as practical, not all
	members	design features have been
		achievable. For example:
		• 6 out of 7 of the features are
		provided to all 6 dwellings,
		• 7 out of 7 features are
		provided to 2 of the 6
		dwellings to the front door, and
		• 7 out of 7 features are
		provided to a further 2 of the
		6 dwellings to the rear door.
		As a result of the above, it is
		considered the proposal is
		consistent with the objective of
		the design standard being that
		all universal design standards
		have been included in the
		dwelling design where possible
		to promote flexible housing to
		all members of the community.
2.4Y	133. Where more than 10 dwellings are proposed a	Comment
Communal	communal space with minimum area of 5% of the site	The proposed development
Areas & Open	area with a minimum dimension of 8m is to be provided	does not provide more than 10
Space	for active communal open space.	dwellings and therefore

134. The active communal open space is at least 3m	communal space is not required.
from a habitable room of a dwelling on the lot.	Notwithstanding, communal
135. The active communal open space is to receive at	terraces and a landscape / play
least 2hrs of direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm at	area is provided for communal
the winter solstice (June 21) to 50% of the required	use.
area.	
136. Communal areas and open space are visible from	
habitable rooms and private open space while	
maintaining visual privacy.	
137. Where communal open space is provided, it has a	
direct connection to the internal street along the	
longest edge.	
138. Public through site links should have direct line of	
site between public streets.	
139. Daylight and natural ventilation is provided to all	
common circulation above ground.	
140. Provide lighting to common spaces.	
	from a habitable room of a dwelling on the lot. 135. The active communal open space is to receive at least 2hrs of direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm at the winter solstice (June 21) to 50% of the required area. 136. Communal areas and open space are visible from habitable rooms and private open space while maintaining visual privacy. 137. Where communal open space is provided, it has a direct connection to the internal street along the longest edge. 138. Public through site links should have direct line of site between public streets. 139. Daylight and natural ventilation is provided to all common circulation above ground.

4.3.4 Part A-9 Shop Top Housing

The relevant parts of Part A-9 Shop Top Housing of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan are discussed below within **Table 14** below.

Table 14: Part A-9 Shop Top Housing

Chapter A Reside	Chapter A Residential Development			
-	Part A-9 – Shop Top Housing			
A-9-1 Height of Buildings	 (1) The maximum height a structure may be built is shown in the Height of Buildings Map in Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012. a) Generally the maximum height is 8.5m. b) Some areas of Evans Head and South Casino have 9.5m maximum. c) (c) The High density area in proximity to the Casino CBD has a 14m maximum 	Comment As detailed within Section 4.2.3, the maximum height for buildings on the subject site should not exceed 8.5m (as measured from ground level existing to the highest point of the building). The proposal provides a maximum building height of 8.4 metres.		
A-9.2 Building Setbacks, Footprint & Floor Space Ratio	(1) Density on the Ground Floor Commercial component as per Part B – Commercial Development. (2) Zone B1 – Neighbourhood Centre—development is required to most closely align with residential development and the surrounding area. If there are commercial examples to draw upon nearby, and generally the streetscape is dominated by similar 'older' style development, higher density 'shopfront'/'awning' development may be acceptable if the design aligns closely. (3) Zone B2 & B3—As per Part B – Commercial Development for first 2 storeys (4) Density Area H1 – High Density—there is likely to be little or no examples of the ideal form to follow, however the podium style	Comment Part B – Commercial Development does not provide density provisions. Comment The overall design of the development has been designed to provide a commercial style development from the Johnston Street frontage whilst meeting the needs of Momentum Collective and the end use of the site. N/A The subject site is not located within the H1 High Density area.		

Chapter A Residential Development Part A-9 - Shop Top Housing typology described within Chapter A-4.3 will be considered atop Commercial density. (5) Setbacks for residential development shall Comment have regard to the existing and desired The subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre, character of the locality and the amenity of which provides a zero (0) building line residents of the building and nearby setback for shop top housing - where residential properties, and the setbacks of located above ground floor commercial the ground floor commercial development. development. Guidance can be found in Part I-3 of this DCP. The proposed development provides a setback of 2.75 metres to the ground floor, and 3 metres to the first-floor residential component. The setbacks are considered consistent the surrounding residential dwellings, and provides a greater setback than required for the E1 zone. (6) The residential component should also The proposal does not trigger the comply with the provisions of the Apartment requirements of SEPP 65 as the Design Guide – Part 4 designing the building. development is less than 3 storeys in height. **Developments exceeding 3 storeys** Developments exceeding three storeys may only be proposed within areas with a building height limit of 14 metres within and near the Casino CBD area. The Density provisions apply to residential flat buildings will be applied to development 3 storeys or greater. Setbacks and apartment design will need to be designed to comply with the requirements of the Apartment Design Guide. Any building height three (3) storeys and higher as a stand-alone development must be set back a minimum of six (6) metres from the side and rear boundaries, from the ceiling height of the second storey up. When proposed within a commercial area, lesser or even zero building line setback from the side boundaries may be permissible dependent upon dominant adjacent building bulk and form. Council reserves the right to ultimate resolution as to the proposal's built form and setbacks. A-9.3 Visual & Visual and Amenity Impact considerations Comment Amenity include: The proposed shop top housing has been **Impacts** a) Bulk form designed having regard to potential visual • Overall scale & height, and amenity impacts. a) Bulk form Roof forms & pitch Materials of external front walls The proposed development has been

designed in accordance with the RVDCP,

Chapter A Residential Development

Part A-9 - Shop Top Housing

• Street setbacks & spacings between building.

b) Character

- Overall architectural style
- Maintaining or continuing existing horizontal lines
- Finishes & decorative detail
- Architectural elements

c) Reducing continuous walls,

Windows or structures (entranceways, porticos, windows including bay windows, balconies etc.) are to be used to break up the façade. Any section of front façade may not exceed five metres without a building element to disrupt continuous wall area.

In addition, any side wall may not exceed 14 metres in length without a recess, or building element, in the wall to break the continuity and lessen visual and 'bulky' impacts.

d) Amenity

The design of the shop top housing development is to have regard amenity controls in Part B — Development in Commercial Centres to ensure that the impact of commercial development on the residential component is minimised and the development as a whole does not unreasonably impact on the amenity of any nearby sensitive land uses such as residential accommodation.

other relevant standards, and to be consistent with the comments provided by Council in pre-lodgement meetings. The proposal provides an architecturally designed building, which incorporates a number of materials along external walls and interesting design features.

As detailed above, the proposal complies with the maximum building height provision and provides setbacks in excess of those required within the E1 Local Centre zone.

b) Character

As detailed above, the proposed development has been architecturally designed, and provides a number of architectural elements to provide an interesting façade.

As detailed within the design plans, the development is provided with significant landscaping along the front façade to soften the visual impact on the streetscape, and screen the proposed boundary fencing.

The ground floor commercial component has been designed to reflect a common commercial shop front along the Johnston Street frontage, whilst ensuring the design brief for the project and end use is met.

c) Reducing continuous walls

The proposal does not provide any continuous walls in excess of 14 metres.

d) Amenity

The proposed development has been designed to reduce any adverse impacts on surrounding land uses. A Noise Impact Assessment has been prepared by *Tim Fitzroy & Associates* and is provided at **Attachment 6**. The NIA determined the proposed development does not result in any impacts on adjoining sensitive receivers.

A-9.4 Driveways and Access

 Generally one (1) access per street or lane frontage is appropriate. In instances where there is ample width to the development lot, two (2) accesses may be permitted if the development has frontage to appropriately constructed and dimensioned streets or laneways.

Comment

The proposed development provides a single access point from Johnston Street.

Chapter A Reside	ntial Development	
Part A-9 – Shop 1	op Housing	
A-9.5 Car	Car Parking Requirements	Comment
Parking	Residential Shop Top Housing:	A total of fourteen spaces are required to
	1 per dwelling, plus,	service the shop top housing
	1 visitor space per every 10 dwellings (or part	development and group home located on
	thereof)	Lots 157 & 158.
		As detailed within the design plans, a
	Required: 5 spaces	total of 10 parking spaces are provided
		including 1 accessible space, and
	Commercial:	therefore results in a shortfall of 4 spaces.
	Parking must be provided at the rates	A request to vary the DCP is provided at
	required for commercial development in Part	Attachment 13, which is considered
	B of this DCP.	reasonable and justified having regard to
		the circumstances of the case and use of
	<u>Commercial premises</u>	the subject site.
	1 per 30m² (>1,000m²)	
	Required: 8 spaces	
	Accessibility - Car Parking	Comment
	Car parking provision for mobility impaired	One (1) accessible parking space are
	must be provided minimum one (1) per	provided.
	development and located closest to the most	
	suitable entranceway.	
	Unit development must provide one (1)	
	mobility impaired space per five (5) units, or	
	as prescribed by most recent Australian	
	Standards and requirements.	
A-9.6	Applications involving earthworks and	Comment
Earthworks	retaining walls must:	As detailed within the civil engineering
	(a) provide details of the extent of all cut and	plans provided at Attachment 8,
	fill, and	earthworks are proposed to facilitate the
	(b) where fill is greater than 600mm high	development. The proposed earthworks
	provide geotechnical certification to verify	involve both cut and fill, with a maximum
	the structural stability of any fill material, and	cut depth of 0.6 metres, and a maximum
	(c) not redirect the flow of any surface water	fill depth of 1 metre. The proposal will
	or ground water in a concentrated manner	involve cut of 35.6m ³ , whilst a total of
	onto an adjoining property, and	1,033.2m ² of fill is proposed.
	(d) be located outside the Clear Zone of and	
	have footings outside which extend below	
	the Zone of Influence for any sewer main,	
	water main, or stormwater pipeline, and	
	(e) have footings extend below the Zone of	
	Influence for any sewer main, water main, or	
	stormwater pipeline, and	
	(f) have adequate drainage lines connected to	
	the existing stormwater drainage system for	
	the site, and	
	(g) retaining walls must be of masonry	
	construction and have engineering	
	certification if:	
	➤ 900mm or higher in height, or	
	➤ if located within 900mm of a boundary,	
1	and (h) if the fill is imported to the site—be	

Chapter A Residential Development		
Part A-9 – Shop To	op Housing	
	free of building and other demolition waste, and only contain virgin excavated natural material (VENM) as defined in Part 3 of Schedule 1 to the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.	
A-9.7	Overshadowing	Comment
Overshadowing, Solar Access & Orientation	 (1) The proposed development must maintain adequate solar access to adjoining residential accommodation, in accordance with the provisions of this DCP for the relevant form of adjoining development. (2) Council may require a shadow diagram if it suspects there will be excessive overshadowing of an adjacent lot or public land. 	Shadow diagrams are provided within the architectural design plans demonstrating the proposed shop top housing does not result in impacts on adjoining residential developments.
	Solar Access (3) Consideration should also be given to the orientation of design elements and the location of central living rooms and open space areas within any proposed development to maximise: Energy Conservation - Development should orientate living areas to best maximise conservation of heat gained from solar access, and utilise predominating breezes and other natural light, wind, water occurrences to provide maximum efficiency within dwellings reducing the need for artificial energy usage. Sunlight Infusion - Important daytime living areas within a dwelling should be orientated toward the northernmost areas of the design to provide warmth and light. Solar Power Generating Equipment - Northfacing roofing should have consideration for the ideal slope, surface area, orientation and structural integrity to facilitate the immediate or possible future installation of Solar Power receptacles (Solar Hot Water Systems and	The residential units have been designed to provide solar access to each unit. A Basix Certificate is provided at Attachment 12, demonstrating compliance with energy efficiency requirements.
	Photovoltaic Cells).	Commont
	Orientation (4) The proposed development should be orientated in a way to benefit street and front yard surveillance (as satisfying CPTED principles, see below). The orientation of the development should also have regard for the other existing elements within the streetscape, and the way and style in which they are orientated.	Comment The development is orientated to both the Johnston Street frontage and has been designed with regards to CPTED principles.
A-9.8 Safety &	Safety considerations and principles are	Refer to Section 4.3.9.
Security	particularly important for residential design. Safety and security considerations are	

Chapter A Reside	Chapter A Residential Development		
Part A-9 – Shop To	op Housing		
	referred to as Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) and are outlined in detail in Chapter – I-10.		
A-9.9 Additional Notes & Provisions	Prior to construction, a dwelling must have a Waste Management Plan submitted and approved in accordance with Richmond Valley Council Waste Minimisation and Management Policy.	A Waste Management Plan has been prepared by HMC Environmental Consulting Pty Ltd and is provided at Attachment 11.	

4.3.5 Part A-10 Seniors Housing & Affordable Housing

Part A-10 of the Richmond Valley DCP provides guidance for Seniors Housing & Affordable Housing within the Richmond Valley Local Government Area. Part A-10 outlines the relevant State Environmental Planning Policies and other sections of the DCP including Part I-3 that are applicable to Seniors Housing and Affordable Housing.

In this regard, **Section 4.4.2** provides an assessment against the relevant provisions of State Environmental Planning Policies (Housing), whilst **Section 4.3.9** provides an assessment against Part I-3 of the DCP.

4.3.6 Part B Commercial Development

The relevant parts of Part B Commercial Development of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan 2021 are discussed below within **Table 15**.

Table 15: Part B Commercial Development

Chapter B Commo	Chapter B Commercial Development		
A-9-1 Height of	The maximum building height at the site is 8.5	Comment	
Buildings	metres.	As detailed within Section 4.2.3 , the	
		maximum height for buildings on the	
		subject site should not exceed 8.5m (as	
		measured from ground level existing to	
		the highest point of the building). The	
		proposal provides a maximum building	
		height of 8.4 metres.	
B-3 Building	Street Setbacks	Refer to comments in Section 4.3.9 .	
Setbacks	Other Zones		
	Commercial Premises		
	➤ See Part I-3		
	Side and Rear Setbacks		
	All Other Zones		
	Commercial Premises		
	➤ See Part I-3		
B-4 Streetscape	(1) The design of a building must relate to its	Comment	
& Character	locality in terms of scale, form proportions	The proposed development has been	
	and materials; and contribute to the	designed in accordance with the RVDCP,	
	development of an attractive streetscape and	other relevant standards, and to be	
	town character.	consistent with the comments provided	
	(2) Proposed commercial development of a	by Council in pre-lodgement meetings.	
	heritage item, or adjacent to a heritage item	The proposal provides an architecturally	
	or proposed within the Casino heritage	designed building, which incorporates a	
	conservation area must comply with the		

Chapter B Commercial Development		
	applicable heritage requirements in Part I-1	number of materials along external walls
	of this DCP.	and interesting design features.
	(3) Commercial development, particularly in	As detailed above, the proposal complies
	the main streets and business districts, is to	with the maximum building height
	be consistent with existing streetscape	provision and provides setbacks in excess
	elements, including:	of those required within the E1 Local
	i. Overall scale and setbacks	Centre zone.
	ii. Roof form and pitch	As detailed above, the proposed
	iii. Materials and colour of external walls,	development has been architecturally
	awnings, and embellishments such as	designed, and provides a number of
	decorative detail on gable ends	architectural elements to provide an
	iv. Scale and position of windows and other	interesting façade.
	architectural features	As detailed within the design plans, the
	v. Landscaping	development is provided with significant
	(4) New development shall incorporate active	landscaping along the front façade to
	retail or office uses and provide direct and	soften the visual impact on the
	inviting access from the street level.	streetscape, and screen the proposed
	(5) For commercial premises permitted in residential areas, the street setback and	boundary fencing. The ground floor commercial component
	landscaping is to comply with the	has been designed to reflect a common
	requirements applying for residential	commercial shop front along the
	development in the street.	Johnston Street frontage, whilst ensuring
		the design brief for the project and end
		use is met.
B-5 Access &	(1) Vehicular access, parking and	Comment
Loading	loading/unloading must comply with:	Parking and access is provided in
	(a) Australian Standard AS2890; and	accordance with AS2890.
	(b) Council's Vehicular Accessway Policy.	
	(2) Loading areas for new developments	Comment
	should be located so as to:	The proposal provides an area for loading
	(a) reduce on-street loading; and	and unloading within the subject site.
	(b) be freely available for use at all times.	
B-6 Car Parking	Commercial premises	Comment
	1 space per 30m² (<1,000m²)	A total of fourteen spaces are required to
	(2) On site parking is only permitted within	service the shop top housing
	the street setback where it is not inconsistent	development and group home located on
	with the established development pattern in	Lots 157 & 158.
	a commercial centre, and the landscaping	As detailed within the design plans, a
	requirements outline in this chapter are	total of 10 parking spaces are provided
	achieved.	including 1 accessible space, and therefore results in a shortfall of 4 spaces.
	(3) For commercial premises in the R1 General Residential Zone or the residential	A request to vary the DCP is provided at
	precincts in the RU5 Zone, on site parking	Attachment 13, which is considered
	within the street setback is not supported	reasonable and justified having regard to
	unless the landscaped area requirements	the circumstances of the case and use of
	outlined below can be satisfied.	the subject site.
B-7 Amenity	(1) Development in commercial centres	Comment
	which has an interface with residential	As detailed within Section 4.2 , the
	accommodation and other sensitive uses	subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre. The
	such as parks, childcare centres and	property is surrounded by commercial
	community facilities is to be compatible with	land uses to the west, and residential
	its surroundings, having regard to:	land uses to the north and east. The
	(a) the physical impacts of the development	proposed shop top housing development

Chapter B Commo	ercial Development	
Chapter & Commit	(including noise, odour, overshadowing, view loss, privacy, traffic and parking, loading, hours of operation, constraints on development of the adjoining sites), and (b) the visual impact (whether the proposal is in harmony with the buildings around it and the character of the street).	including commercial ground floor development is considered to be compatible with the surrounding uses. Notwithstanding the above, the following comments are provided with regards to the potential amenity impact on the surrounding sensitive land uses: • Due to the separation distance between the proposed shop top housing development and existing residential dwellings, overshadowing is not considered to be an issue. • The proposed development is not considered to result in view loss issues. • A Noise Impact Assessment has been prepared by <i>Tim Fitzroy & Associates</i> (Attachment 6), which determined the proposal would not result in impacts on adjoining sensitive receivers. • A Traffic Engineering Report has been undertaken by <i>TTM Group</i> (Attachment 7), which demonstrates the proposal complies with the relevant requirements for traffic engineering. • The proposed shop top housing development and commercial frontage has been architecturally designed to minimize visual impacts on the streetscape.
B-8 Safety & Security	The design of any proposed development needs to demonstrate compliance with the Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) guidelines.	Refer to Section 4.3.9 below.
B-9 Signage	All signage intended for the development in commercial centres must be outlined within formal application for the development. Part F of this DCP relates to signage. In addition, some forms of Business Identification Signage may be carried out as exempt development under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008	Comment The proposed development incorporates signage panels of uniform size and placement within the building form. The signage will relate to the ground floor commercial component only, being operated entirely by Momentum Collective. The signage is not proposed to be illuminated or include variable messaging.
B-10 Landscaping	A landscaping component is also required in commercial centres in situations where adjoining uses and overall built form also incorporates landscaping. Where the proposed development adjoins residential development, particularly where car parking areas are required, landscaping shall be incorporated to screen these areas from adjoining land uses For commercial premises permitted in residential areas, a minimum of 50% of the	Comment As detailed within the architectural plan set provided at Attachment 2, a concept landscape plan is provided which demonstrates significant landscaping along the frontage of Johnston Street forward of the proposed building and carparking area.

Chapter B Commo	ercial Development	
	street setback is to be landscaped area.	
B-11 Stormwater, Sewage & Water	Stormwater All urban lots are required to connect or maintain adequate connection to town infrastructure where provided and have consideration for Water Sensitive Urban Design principles. All stormwater is to be directed to the street drainage system, or to an inter allotment drainage easement where available.	Comment Stormwater management for the shop top housing and group home site is detailed within the civil engineering plans provided at Attachment 8. As detailed within the civil engineering plans, stormwater management is proposed to include: • 4x underground stormwater detention tanks, • Pit and pipe infrastructure to direct the stormwater to the existing swale within
	Sewage All greywater and toilets are required to be connected to sewer infrastructure, where provided. Liquid Trade Waste	Johnston Street. Comment The proposed development will be serviced by Council reticulated sewer. N/A
	Where a commercial development generates liquid trade waste, mechanisms for disposal of liquid waste must be identified as part of the development application. Approval from Council is required to discharge liquid trade wastes into the sewerage system. Refer to Council's Policy - Discharge of Liquid Trade Waste to the Sewerage System. In areas not connected to the sewerage system, the development application must also demonstrate how liquid trade waste for the proposed development will be managed	As detailed within Section 3.2 , the commercial space proposed as part of this development will be wholly utilised by Momentum Collective to provide services to clients and participant in their care. Therefore, the proposal does not result in any requirement for a liquid trade waste approval.
	Water All commercial development is required to be connected to water infrastructure, where provided	Comment The proposed development will be connected to reticulated water.
B-12 Earthworks & Retaining Walls	All earthworks and retaining walls proposed for the development must be detailed within the development application.	Comment As detailed within the civil engineering plans provided at Attachment 8, earthworks are proposed to facilitate the development. The proposed earthworks involve both cut and fill, with a maximum cut depth of 0.6 metres, and a maximum fill depth of 1 metre. The proposal will involve cut of 35.6m³, whilst a total of 1,033.2m² of fill is proposed.
B-13 Garbage Waste & Storage	A garbage and waste storage area for recyclable and non-recyclable waste materials and receptacles for those materials must— (a) be provided as part of the development, and (b) be located entirely within the lot on which the development is being carried	Comment A Waste Management Plan has been prepared by HMC Environmental Consulting Pty Ltd and is provided at Attachment 11.

Chapter B Commo	ercial Development	
	out and not on a road or road reserve,	
	and	
	(c) comply with the following appendices in	
	the document entitled Better Practice	
	Guidelines for Waste Management and	
	Recycling in Commercial and Industrial	
	Facilities (ISBN 978-1-74293-944-5),	
	published by the NSW Environment	
	Protection Authority in December 2012	
B-14 Natural	Any development application shall consider	Comment
Hazards and	the constraints of the land, including:	The subject site is mapped as containing
Constraints	Flooding	flood prone land. The proposal has been
	Acid sulfate soils	designed to comply with the minimum habitable floor level requirements.
	Contaminated Lands	Habitable 11001 level requirements.
B-15	Commercial Development often incorporates	Comment
Development	some form of development over public roads.	The proposed development does not
over Roads	This development may be in the form of	involve any works over public roads.
	Footway Activities (kerbside dining, footpath	
	trading, erection of signage), erection of	
	awnings and verandahs, flagpoles etc.	

4.3.7 Part F - Signage

Business identification signage forms part of the overall development as outlined in **Section 3.8** of this report. Two signage panels are provided within the elevation of the ground floor commercial component of the proposed shop top housing development. The signage will relate entirely to the ground floor commercial development, which will be operated by Momentum Collective.

In response to the controls applicable to Clause F.4 the following comments are provided:

All Signage Types & Wall Signs

- The signage will relate to the proposed commercial component of the shop top housing development;
- The signage is not considered to detract from the amenity or visual qualities of the streetscape and is consistent with existing signage in the area;
- The proposal will not obscure an architectural element of the building;
- The proposal relates to signage banner on the southern elevation;
- The sign will not be attached to a vehicle;
- The signage is not proposed to be illuminated;
- The signs will be wholly contained within the allotment and not located over a footpath;
- The signs will be attached to the building;
- The sign will not exceed 25% of the wall area.

4.3.8 Part H Natural Resources and Hazards

The relevant parts of Part H Natural Resources and Hazards of the DCP are discussed below within **Table 16.**

Table 16: Part H Natural Resources and Hazards

Element	DCP Requirement	Comment
Part H-1 Flood	d planning	
H-1.3 – Flood	planning level	
C3	All development at or below the FPL must take into account flood hazards in the area, thereby reducing the risk to life and lowering the health, social and psychological trauma associated with flooding, a greatly reducing property damage. Additional requirements exist for more critical development.	Complies. The subject site is identified as being affected by the 1 in 100 year flood event. The proposed development has been designed to provide floor levels at or above the minimum habitable floor level requirements.

4.3.9 Part I Other Considerations

The relevant parts of Part I Other Considerations of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan 2021 are discussed below within **Table 17**.

Table 17: Part B Commercial Development

Chapter I Other Considerations			
Part I-3 Building	Part I-3 Building Setbacks		
I-3.3 Street	E1 Local Centre	Comment	
Setbacks	Shop Top Housing, Seniors	Shop top housing:	
	Living, Boarding Houses	A setback of 2.75 metres is provided to the ground	
	➤ Zero—where located above	floor, whilst a setback of 3 metres is provided to the	
	ground floor commercial	first-floor residential component.	
	development, else	Multi Dwelling Housing (Infill Affordable Housing)	
	➤ 6 metres	A setback of 5.5 metres is provided to Clark Street,	
	All other development	whilst a setback of 3 metres is provided to Johnston	
	> Zero	Street.	
		Group Home	
		The group home is located in the rear of the site behind	
		the shop top housing development.	
I-3.4 Side	E1 Local Centre	Comment	
Boundary &	Shop Top Housing, Seniors	Shop top housing:	
Rear Boundary	Living, Boarding Houses	A side setback of 1.5 metres is provided to the nearest	
Setbacks	See Part A – Residential	property boundary (east)	
	Development		
		Multi Dwelling Housing (Infill Affordable Housing)	
	All other development	A side setback of 1.5-2 metres is provided to the side	
	➤ Zero	property boundaries.	
		Group Home	
		A setback of 1.5-2 metres is provided to the side and	
		rear boundary.	

Chapter I Other Considerations		
Part I-4 Car Parking Provisions		
I-4.3 General		
Car Parking	Infill Affordable Housing	Comment
Rates	as per Housing SEPP 2021	6 spaces
	Section 18(G) (ii) for each dwelling containing	Including one (1) accessible space.
	2 bedrooms—at least 1 parking	
	space, or	
	Required: 6 spaces	
	Lots 157 & 158 – Johnston Street	
	Shop top housing	DCP variation request
	1 per dwelling, plus 1 visitor space per 10 dwellings	10 spaces provided.
		As detailed within Section 3.4.2 above, a total of 14
	Required: <u>5 spaces</u>	parking spaces are required for the shop top housing
		and group home development. As detailed within the
	Commercial premises	attached architectural design plans, a total of ten (10)
	1 per 30m2 (>1,000m2)	parking spaces are provided at the site, and therefore a
		request to vary the Development Control Plan is
	Required: <u>8 spaces</u>	provided at Attachment 13 . The variation is considered reasonable and justified having regard to the
	Group home	circumstances of the case and use of the subject site,
	1 per 10 beds, plus	with the following justification provided:
	1 per 2 supervisors or carer	• The proposal provides a total of 246m ² of gross floor
	Required: <u>1 space</u>	area for the ground floor commercial component of the shop top housing development. In accordance with the DCP, this generates required parking of 8
	Total required: 14 spaces	spaces.
		 Having regard to the use of the commercial component, being entirely utilised for Momentum Collective to provide their current services and managed the operation of the site, it is considered the provision of 8 parking spaces is excessive.
		 Additionally, a significant portion of the ground floor commercial area provides communal space / kitchen
		/ kids space etc. that would be used intermittently when clients first come to the site, and by residents of the upstairs residential development, and rear
		group home. As a result, in these instances, the users of the downstairs spaces would utilise the compliant
		parking provided for the residential components of the development.
Part I-7 Noise Im	Part I-7 Noise Impact Assessment	
1-7.4	Development types which will	Comment
Determining	require an extensive and	A Noise Impact Assessment has been undertaken by
what NIA is	comprehensive degree of Noise	Tim Fitzroy & Associates and is provided at Attachment
required	Impact Assessment	6 . Refer to Section 4.5 below.
_	accompanying the application:	
	> Any other development	
	Council's Planning or	
	Environmental Health Officers interpret to likely present	
	•	

Chapter I Other	Considerations	
	comparable noise impacts to those listed above.	
Part I-9 Water Se	ensitive Urban Design (WSUD)	
I-9 WSUD	 WSUD Principles Water Quality controls Stormwater Generation 	 Comment Civil Engineering Plans have been prepared by Manage Design Engineer Pty Ltd and is provided at Attachment 8 of this report. As detailed within the civil plans, stormwater will be dealt with in the following manner: 8x underground stormwater detention tanks across the two sites, Pit and pipe infrastructure to direct stormwater to the existing swale within Johnston Street.
Part I-10 Crime F	Prevention through Environmental	Design (CPTED)
I-10.2 CPTED Principles	 Territorial reinforcement Surveillance Access control Space/activity management 	 Comment The proposed development has been designed having regard to CPTED principles. In this regard, the following will be provided: Security fencing is provided to the entirety of the development, Access to the development will be limited to those residing in the proposed residential units, and Momentum Collective staff utilising the commercial component of the shop top housing development. Momentum Collective will manage who is permitted to access the site. Security cameras will be provided at the entrance and within the development.

4.4 State Environmental Planning Policies

4.4.1 Introduction

Table 18 summarises the State Environmental Planning Policies which apply to the land and form of development.

Table 18: SEPP Applicability

State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP)	Applicable
SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021	\boxtimes
SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022	\boxtimes
SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008	
SEPP (Housing) 2021	\boxtimes
SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021	\boxtimes
SEPP No.65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development	
SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021	\boxtimes
SEPP (Precincts – Central River City) 2021	
SEPP (Precincts – Eastern Harbour City) 2021	
SEPP (Precincts – Regional) 2021	
SEPP (Precincts – Western Parkland City) 2021	
SEPP (Primary Production) 2021	
SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021	×
SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021	⊠

4.4.2 SEPP (Housing) 2021

The Housing SEPP aims to provide for a range of housing types and encourages the development of housing that meetings the needs of the more vulnerable members of the community. **Table 19** below outlines the relevant standards of the SEPP and the proposal's response.

Table 19: Housing SEPP

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021	
Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 – Infill Affordable Housing	Comment
16 Development to which Division applies	
(1) This Division applies to residential development if—	
(a) the development is permitted with consent under	Comment
another environmental planning instrument, and	Multi dwelling housing development is permitted
another environmental planning instrument, and	with consent in the E1 Local Centre zone.
(b) at least 20% of the gross floor area of the building	Comment
resulting from the development will be used for the	The proposed development will be utilised for
purposes of affordable housing, and	affordable housing and managed by Momentum
purposes of unorable mousting, and	Collective.
(c) for development on land in the Greater Sydney	N/A
region, Newcastle region or Wollongong region—all or	
part of the development is within an accessible area,	
and	
(d) for development on other land—all or part of the	Comment
development is within 800m walking distance of land	The subject site is zoned E1 Local Centre.
within 1 or more of the following zones or an equivalent	,
land use zone—	
(ia) Zone E1 Local Centre,	
(ib) Zone MU1 Mixed Use,	
(i) Zone B1 Neighbourhood Centre,	
(ii) Zone B2 Local Centre,	
(iii) Zone B4 Mixed Use.	
(2) In this Division, residential development carried out	N/A
by, or on land owned by, a relevant authority is taken	The proposal is not being undertaken by a
to be used for the purposes of affordable housing.	'relevant authority'.
(3) In this section—	Comment
residential development means development for the	The proposal involves multi dwelling housing for
following purposes—	the purposes of infill affordable housing.
(a) attached dwellings,	
(b) dual occupancies,	
(c) dwelling houses,	
(d) manor houses,	
(e) multi dwelling housing,	
(f) multi dwelling housing (terraces),	
(g) residential flat buildings,	
(h) semi-detached dwellings,	
(i) shop top housing.	
17 Floor space ratio	Comment
(1) The maximum floor space ratio for development to	The RVLEP does not stipulate a Floor Space Ratio
which this Division applies is the maximum permissible	requirement for the subject site.
floor space ratio for residential accommodation on the	
land plus an <i>additional floor space ratio</i> of—	

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(a) if the maximum permissible floor space ratio is	
2.5:1 or less—	
(i) if at least 50% of the gross floor area of the	
building resulting from the development will be used	
for affordable housing—0.5:1, or	
(ii) if less than 50% of the gross floor area of the	
building will be used for affordable housing—Y:1,	
where—	
AH is the percentage of the gross floor area of the	
building that is used for affordable housing.	
Y = AH ÷ 100	
or	
(b) if the maximum permissible floor space ratio is	
more than 2.5:1—	
(i) if at least 50% of the gross floor area of the	
building will be used for affordable housing—20% of	
the maximum permissible floor space ratio, or	
(ii) if less than 50% of the gross floor area of the	
building will be used for affordable housing—Z% of	
the maximum permissible floor space ratio,	
where—	
AH is the percentage of the gross floor area of the	
building that is used for affordable housing.	
Z = AH ÷ 2.5	
(2) The additional floor space ratio must be used for	
the purposes of affordable housing.	
18 Non-discretionary development standards—the Ac	t, s 4.15
(1) The object of this section is to identify develop	
development for the purposes of in-fill affordable hou	
authority from requiring more onerous standards for the	e matters.
(2) The following are non-discretionary development	
standards in relation to the carrying out of	
development to which this Division applies—	
(a) a minimum site area of 450m ² ,	Complies
(b) for a development application made by a social	Complies
housing provider—at least 35m² of landscaped area	As detailed within the architectural design plans,
per dwelling,	a total of 761m ² of landscaped area is provided
	within the infill affordable housing site, which
	results in greater than 35m ² of landscaped area
	per dwelling.
(c) if paragraph (b) does not apply—at least 30% of the	N/A
site area is landscaped area,	
(d) a deep soil zone on at least 15% of the site area,	Complies
where—	As detailed within the architectural design plans,
(i) each deep soil zone has minimum dimensions of	a total of 280m ² of deep soil zones are provided
3m, and	within the infill affordable housing site which
(ii) if practicable, at least 65% of the deep soil zone	equates to a total of 17% of the site.
is located at the rear of the site,	

Comment

As detailed within the design plans provided at

(e) living rooms and private open spaces in at least 70%

of the dwellings receive at least 3 hours of direct solar

access between 9am and 3pm at mid-winter,	Attachment 2, the proposed multi dwelling housing units are provided with at least 3 hours of sunlight.	
(f) for a development application made by a social housing provider for development on land in an accessible area— (i) for each dwelling containing 1 bedroom—at least 0.4 parking spaces, or (ii) for each dwelling containing 2 bedrooms—at least 0.5 parking spaces, or	N/A The subject site is not located within an accessible area.	
(iii) for each dwelling containing at least 3 bedrooms— at least 1 parking space,		
 (g) if paragraph (f) does not apply— (i) for each dwelling containing 1 bedroom—at least 0.5 parking spaces, or (ii) for each dwelling containing 2 bedrooms—at least 1 parking space, or (iii) for each dwelling containing at least 3 bedrooms—at least 1.5 parking spaces, 	Comment The proposal provides 6 x 2 bedroom dwellings, requiring a total of 6 parking spaces. The proposed development provides a total of 6 parking spaces within the infill affordable housing development.	
(h) for development for the purposes of residential flat buildings—the minimum internal area specified in the Apartment Design Guide for each type of apartment,	N/A Proposal does not involve residential flat buildings.	
(i) for development for the purposes of dual occupancies, manor houses or multi dwelling housing (terraces)—the minimum floor area specified in the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide,	N/A The proposal does not involve dual occupancies, manor houses or multi dwelling housing (terraces). Notwithstanding the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide has been addressed at Section 4.3.3 of this report in accordance with the requirements of the RVDCP.	
 (j) if paragraphs (h) and (i) do not apply, the following minimum floor areas— (i) for each dwelling containing 1 bedroom—65m², or 	Comment The proposal involves 2 bedroom dwellings which contain a minimum floor area of 90m².	
(ii) for each dwelling containing 2 bedrooms— 90m², or (iii) for each dwelling containing at least 3 bedrooms—115m² plus 12m² for each bedroom in addition to 3 bedrooms.		
19 Design requirements (1) Development consent must not be granted to development to which this Division applies unless the consent authority has considered the following, to the extent to which they are not inconsistent with this Policy—		
(a) the Seniors Living Policy: Urban Design Guidelines for Infill Development published by the Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources in March 2004,	The proposed infill affordable housing development is considered to be consistent with the Seniors Living Policy Urban Design Guidelines for Infill Development.	
(b) for development for the purposes of dual occupancies, manor houses or multi dwelling housing (terraces)—the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide.	N/A The proposal does not involve dual occupancies, manor houses or multi dwelling housing (terraces). Notwithstanding the Low Rise Housing	

	Diversity Design Guide has been addressed at Section 4.3.3 of this report in accordance with the
	requirements of the RVDCP.
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to development to	N/A
which State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—	SEPP 65 does not apply to this development.
Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development	
applies.	
(3) Development consent must not be granted to	Comment
development to which this Division applies unless the	The proposed infill affordable housing
consent authority has considered whether the design	development is considered to be consistent with
of the residential development is compatible with—	the desirable elements of the character of the
(a) the desirable elements of the character of the	area. The proposed development has been
local area, or	designed to reflect the residential nature of Clark
	Street and be sympathetic to the residences
	adjoining the site, and located east of the Clark
	Street road reserve. Significant landscaping is
	provided along the street frontage to soften the
	visual amenity of the development to the
(1) (streetscape and existing dwellings.
(b) for precincts undergoing transition—the desired	Comment
future character of the precinct.	The subject site is not located within a 'precinct'
	undergoing transition.
20 Continued application of SEPP 65	N/A
Nothing in this Policy affects the application of <i>State</i>	SEPP 65 does not apply to this development.
Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality	
of Residential Apartment Development to residential	
development to which this Division applies.	
21 Must be used for affordable housing for at least	
15 years	
(1) Development consent must not be granted under	
this Division unless the consent authority is satisfied	
that for a period of at least 15 years commencing on	
the day an occupation certificate is issued—	
(a) the affordable housing component of the	Comment
residential development will be used for affordable	It is understood a condition of consent will be
housing, and	provided on any future development consent to
	4
(b) the affordable housing component will be	ensure the site is used for affordable housing for
managed by a registered community housing	a minimum of 15 years.
provider.	
	2.42
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to development on	N/A
land owned by a relevant authority or to a development	The application is not made by or on behalf of a
application made by, or on behalf of, a public authority.	public authority.
Chapter 3, Part 2 – Group Homes	Comment
61 Development in prescribed zones	The proposed development is within the E1 Local
(1) Development for the purposes of a permanent	Centre zone which permits dwellings and multi
group home or a transitional group home on land in a	dwelling housing in the zone, and therefore is a
prescribed zone may be carried out—	prescribed zone under this Part in accordance
presentate zone may be carried out	with Section 60(b).
	」 With Jethon Outo).

(a) without consent if the development—	N/A
(i) does not result in more than 10 bedrooms being	N/A
within 1 or more group homes on a site, and	
(ii) is carried out by or on behalf of a public authority,	N/A
or	
(b) otherwise—with consent.	Development consent is being sought for a group
	home.
(2) State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and	N/A
Infrastructure) 2021, Part 2.2, Division 1 applies to	Application is not proposed by or on behalf of a
development carried out by or on behalf of a public	public authority.
authority under subsection (1)(a) and, in the	
application of the Division, a reference in the Division	
to "this Chapter" is taken to be a reference to this	
section.	
62 Determination of development applications	
(1) A consent authority must not—	
(a) refuse consent to development for the purposes of	The proposed development involves the
a group home unless the consent authority has made	construction of a group home containing 3 units.
an assessment of the community need for the group	The group home will be operated and managed
home, or	by Momentum Collective being an existing
	community housing provider in the Northern
	Rivers region. There is considered to be a
	significant community need of the group home to
	provide diversity of housing and safe housing
	choices.
(b) impose a condition on a consent granted for a	Noted.
group home only because the development is for the	
purposes of a group home.	
(2) This section applies to development for the	Group homes are permissible with consent under
purposes of a group home that is permissible with	the Richmond Valley LEP and under this SEPP.
consent under this or another environmental planning	
instrument.	

4.4.3 SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

Chapter 4 – Koala Habitat Protection 2021

Chapter 4 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021 aims to encourage the conservation and management of areas of natural vegetation that provide habitat for koalas.

Chapter 4 of the SEPP applies to land within a local government area identified within Schedule 2 of the SEPP. The subject site is located within the Richmond Valley Council Local Government Area, which is identified within Schedule 2 of the SEPP, and therefore Chapter 4 is applicable to the development.

4.9 Development assessment process—no approved koala plan of management for land

Richmond Valley Council does not have an approved koala plan of management for the local government area. The subject site is not greater than 1 hectare in land area, and as there is not approved KPoM, this section is not applicable to the development application. Therefore, no further consideration of the Biodiversity & Conservation SEPP is considered warranted.

4.4.4 SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022

Comment: A Basix Certificate has been prepared in relation to the residential components of the development and is provided at **Attachment 12.** The proposed development provides a cost of works of greater than \$5 million. Notwithstanding, Chapter 3 of the SEPP relating to the non-residential buildings is not considered to be applicable to the development, as the cost of works for the commercial component is less than \$5 million.

4.4.5 SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021

Comment: The current application involves the construction of a shop top housing development comprising ground floor commercial space and four (4) residential units within first floor, group home comprising three (3) units being 1 and 2 bedrooms, and infill affordable housing comprising six (6) 2-bedroom units with an estimated Capital Investment Value greater than \$5 million. As such, the project meets the criteria to be considered Regionally significant Development as listed in Schedule 6, Item 5, and is therefore required to be determined by the Northern Regional Planning Panel.

4.4.6 SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Chapter 4 - Remediation of Land

The objective of Chapter 4 of SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 is to promote the remediation of contaminated land for the purpose of reducing risk of harm to human health or any other aspect of the environment.

Clause 4.6 of the SEPP relates to contamination and remediation that should be considered in determining a Development Application. A consent authority must firstly consider whether a site is contaminated. If the land is contaminated, the consent authority must be satisfied that the land is suitable in its contaminated state, or it will be suitable after remediation, for the proposed development.

A Detailed Site Investigation has been prepared by *Easterly Point Environmental* and is provided at **Attachment 5.** The Detailed Site Investigation concluded:

Following from Easterly Point's investigation, it is apparent that some uncontrolled filling has occurred at the site. While chemical contamination was not identified, asbestos has been confirmed and appropriate management will be required during both the development stage and throughout occupation. This is likely to best be managed under the requirements of the WHS legislation, including the development of an asbestos register and an asbestos management plan.

While previous investigations recommended remediation based on the As detected in surficial soils (HMC 2020), Easterly Point has not been able to replicate their results, including after conducting an additional, surficial sampling program at a high sample density. Therefore, Easterly Point considers that the previously reported arsenic (and copper) in surface soils were an artefact of sampling, rather than related to actual site contamination. As no other contaminants beyond bonded asbestos have been identified, Easterly Point does not consider that a duty to report exists, but rather that the site should be managed under the WHS framework in regard to asbestos.

The site is considered to be suitable for the proposed development, noting that appropriate management should be incorporated into the site development and use, as recommended

herein. If unexpected findings are detected which are contrary to the current finding, appropriate controls and management should be conducted, and these should be specified in an unexpecting findings protocol developed for the site.

It is therefore recommended that specific management protocols be developed for the development and ongoing use of the site, and that these include:

- a construction environmental management plan (CEMP) for any development;
- an unexpected findings protocol (UFP) for incorporation into the CEMP, and any ongoing site management documentation; and
- an asbestos register and an asbestos management plan (AMP).

4.4.7 SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

Chapter 2 – Infrastructure

Division 5 – Electricity Transmission or Distribution

Section 2.48 – Determination of development applications – other development

This Section states:

- (1) This section applies to a development application (or an application for modification of a consent) for development comprising or involving any of the following—
 - (a) the penetration of ground within 2m of an underground electricity power line or an electricity distribution pole or within 10m of any part of an electricity tower,
 - (b) development carried out—
 - (i) within or immediately adjacent to an easement for electricity purposes (whether or not the electricity infrastructure exists), or
 - (ii) immediately adjacent to an electricity substation, or
 - (iii) within 5m of an exposed overhead electricity power line,
 - (c) installation of a swimming pool any part of which is—
 - (i) within 30m of a structure supporting an overhead electricity transmission line, measured horizontally from the top of the pool to the bottom of the structure at ground level, or
 - (ii) within 5m of an overhead electricity power line, measured vertically upwards from the top of the pool,
 - (d) development involving or requiring the placement of power lines underground, unless an agreement with respect to the placement underground of power lines is in force between the electricity supply authority and the council for the land concerned.

Comment: As illustrated below, the site is currently serviced by overhead power connection, within the Clark Street and Johnston Street Road reserves. The proposal requires the relocation of a slay wire to facilitate the construction of the new driveway from Clark Street. In such circumstances, it is assumed that the application will be referred to Essential Energy

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Plate 11: Essential Energy Network

All works will be completed in accordance with applicable Australian Standards and Essential Energy requirements.

Division 17 - Roads & Traffic

Section 2.122 - Traffic-generation development

Comment: The current application does not meet the triggers requiring referral of the application to the NSW RMS.

4.4.8 SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021

Chapter 3 - Advertising and Signage

Comment: Chapter 3 of the Industry & Employment SEPP applies to all signage, which can be displayed with or without development consent, under an Environmental Planning Instrument and is visible from any public place or public reserve. The Chapter's aims and objectives seek to ensure signage is compatible with the desired amenity and visual character of an area.

The current proposal seeks consent for a signage panel for business identification signage located on the southern elevation of the proposed commercial component of the shop top housing development. The following table provides an assessment of the proposed signage against Schedule 5 of the Industry & Employment SEPP.

Table 20: Schedule 5 of Industry & Employment SEPP

Assessment Criteria Comment Character of the Area The proposed signage is compatible with the • Is the proposal compatible with the existing or existing and future desired character of the area in desired future character of the area or locality in the following ways: which it is proposed to be located? The scale and location of the proposed signage Is the proposal consistent with a particular theme has been designed to provide an integrated and for outdoor advertising in the area or locality? professional signage outcome for the site. The signage will be directly compatible with the architectural form of the building.

The signage is proportionate to the building façade on which it is proposed to be placed. **Special Areas** The site is not located in a 'special precinct'. Does the proposal detract from the amenity or The proposed signage is located on the visual quality of any environmentally sensitive southern elevation and is orientated towards to areas, heritage areas, natural or other the front of the property facing Johnston Street conservation areas, open space areas, waterways, within a commercial zoned site. rural landscapes or residential areas? Views and Vistas The proposed signage is located on the façade • Does the proposal obscure or compromise of the proposed development and therefore do important views? not compromise or obscure any important Does the proposal dominate the skyline and views. reduce the quality of vistas? • The proposal does not affect the viewing rights • Does the proposal respect the viewing rights of of other advertisers. other advertisers? Streetscape, Setting and Landscape The signage is appropriately scaled relative to • Is the scale, proportion and form of the proposal the size of the proposed building. The signage appropriate for the streetscape, setting or relates to the proposed commercial portion of landscape? the shop top hosing development only which will be utilised by Momentum Collective and is • Does the proposal contribute to the visual interest of the streetscape, setting or landscape? not considered to generate unnecessary clutter. • Does the proposal reduce clutter by rationalising and simplifying existing advertising? • Does the proposal screen unsightliness? · Does the proposal protrude above buildings, structures or tree canopies in the area or locality? Site and Building • The dimensions of the proposed signs are • Is the proposal compatible with the scale, appropriate given the size and overall scale of proportion and other characteristics of the site or the building. The proposed signage has been building, appropriately positioned and proportioned to both, on which the proposed signage is to be identify the principal entry points. located? • Does the proposal respect important features of the site or building, or both? Does the proposal show innovation and imagination in its relationship to the site or building, or both? Associated Devices and Logos with Advertisements • Any lighting and required safety devices will be and Advertising Structures concealed within the structure of the signs Have any safety devices, platforms, lighting themselves. devices or logos been designed as an integral part of the signage or structure on which it is to be displayed? Illumination The signage is not proposed to include • Would illumination result in unacceptable glare? illumination. · Would illumination affect safety for pedestrians, vehicles or aircraft? • Would illumination detract from the amenity of any residence or other form of accommodation?

Is the illumination subject to a curfew?

if necessary?

Can the intensity of the illumination be adjusted,

Safety

- Would the proposal reduce the safety for any public road?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians or bicyclists?
- Would the proposal reduce the safety for pedestrians, particularly children, by obscuring sightlines from public areas?

 The proposal will not reduce the safety of users of adjacent roads, including cyclists and pedestrians, beyond what is existing. Illumination will be provided in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.

4.5 Noise Impact Assessment

A Noise Impact Assessment (NIA) has been prepared by *Tim Fitzroy & Associates* and is provided at **Attachment 6.** The NIA assessed the proposals impacts on surrounding sensitive receivers, as well as the impact of traffic noise from the adjoining Johnston Street road corridor on the proposed development.

In relation to noise impacts from the proposed development on surrounding sensitive receivers, the NIA determined:

As per the assumptions and variables stated, it is concluded that –

- Noise emission levels from the expected sources at the development are predicted to meet the criteria at the closest sensitive receptors during all time periods.
- Mechanical plant must be acoustically screened to avoid direct line-of-sight to the neighbouring dwellings to the north or east. This may be readily achieved by positioning the plant generally as shown in Illustration 3.1.

In relation to noise impacts on the proposed development from road traffic noise, the NIA determined:

It is concluded that -

- A noise model has been constructed to predict the propagation of noise from Johnston and Clark Streets onto the proposed buildings. The model includes shielding effects from surrounding buildings and topography.
- Residential facades within the development have been assessed against the façade criteria. The majority of facades meet the criteria and no specific acoustic construction is recommended for these facades (see Table 4.4).
- The required traffic noise reduction levels (TNR) for the non-residential component of the development, and for the residential facades that exceed the façade criteria, have been calculated to achieve the appropriate internal noise goals. The required traffic noise reductions (TNR) are between 13 and 31 dB and construction to Category 2 and 3 under AS3671 is required (depending on the façade, see Table 4.5):
 - Category 2: Standard construction, except for lightweight elements such as fibrous cement or metal cladding or all-glass facades. Windows, doors and other openings must be closed. TNR of approximately 25 dB(A) is expected.
 - Category 3: Special construction, chosen in accordance with Clause 3.4. Windows, doors and other openings must be closed. TNR between 25 and 35 dB(A) is expected.
- Calculated STC / Rw ratings are presented in Table 4.5.

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It is recommended that the Rw requirements are confirmed once final detailed plans become available.

4.6 Traffic Engineering Report

A Traffic Engineering Report has been prepared by *TTM Group* and is provided at **Attachment 7**. The TIA determined:

The accesses to the development into the Johnston Street and Clark Street are compliant in accordance with Council requirements and Australian Standards. A 2-car queue space is provided for the Johnston Street crossover and a 1-car queue space is provided for the Clark Street crossover.

The proposed parking supply for the site is generally consistent with Richmond Valley Council accepted parking requirements and Australian Standards. Overall, TTM considers the proposed car parking arrangements for this development are adequate.

Assessment of the proposed development indicates that the development will not have a significant impact on the future road network. As such, no further mitigating road works are required.

Servicing for this development will be facilitated in the designated service bay between entry gate and the property line of Core & Cluster Housing. The largest design vehicle, a service van, can manoeuvre on site in order to enter and exit in a forward gear. Overall, the proposed service vehicle arrangements are considered adequate to meet the needs of the proposed development.

The current public transport infrastructure and proposed site provisions for pedestrian/bicycle facilities is considered adequate for the development.

Based on the assessment contained within this report, TTM see no traffic engineering reason why the relevant approvals should not be granted.

4.7 Air Quality Assessment

An Air Quality Assessment has been prepared by *Contamination Site Investigation Australia Pty Ltd* and is provided at **Attachment 9**. The Air Quality Assessment determined:

CSI Aus has undertaken an Air Quality Assessment that has focused on the potential contaminates arising from the sale of fuel on the neighbouring property. There are no onsite sources of contamination or airbourne pollutants. A desktop review of previous consultant reports and a site visit did <u>not</u> identify previous 'high risk' activities on the site that are likely to have contaminated surface soils or pose a risk to air pollution. Analytical results from air samples collected around the site did <u>not</u> report any exceedances of the human health criteria for residential use or commercial use. The distance between source and receptor is considered to be sufficient for local village land use and the proposed development.

Additional investigation of the site for contamination or air quality is <u>not</u> considered to be warranted and the land is as usable as any other parcel in an urban area with similar zoning.

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4.8 Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016

As shown in **Plate 12** below, the subject site is not mapped on the Biodiversity Values Map.



Plate 12: Biodiversity Values Map

In accordance with the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, the subject site is provided a clearing threshold of 0.25 hectares. As detailed within **Section 3.7** above, the proposal requires the removal of a single existing Forest Red Gum located within existing Lot 156. An Ecological Assessment has been prepared by *Blackwood Ecological Services* and is provided at **Attachment 10**.

As detailed within the Ecological Assessment, the proposed vegetation clearing will not exceed the area clearing threshold trigger or the Biodiversity Values map trigger.

The Threatened Species 'test of significance' is a requirement to be undertaken for local developments below the biodiversity threshold to consider threatened species, ecological communities, and their habitats, through the development assessment process. Following an assessment of site habitats, the proposed development is considered highly unlikely to have a significant impact on any Threatened species or communities.

The Biodiversity Assessment Method (BAM) will not need to be applied.

4.9 Waste Management Plan

A Waste Management Plan has been prepared by HMC Environmental Consulting Pty Ltd and is provided at **Attachment 11.** The WMP determined during construction of the development, the following waste storage bins would be required:

- 1 x 6m³ skip bin for general waste (includes site office)
- 1 x 10m³ skip bin for co-mingled building waste to be sorted at facility.

At occupation stage, the WMP determined the following communal waste storages bins will be required:

Waste Type	Proposed Receptacle Size
General Waste	1 x 660L MGB serviced weekly
	1 x 240L MGB serviced fortnightly
Co-Mingled Recycled Waste	1 x 660L MGB serviced weekly
Organic Waste	1 x 240L MGB serviced weekly

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4.10 Section 4.15 Evaluation

In determining a development application, a consent authority is to take into consideration such of the following matters as are of relevance to the development the subject of this application.

Table 21: Section 4.15 Matters for Consideration

S4.15 Matters for consideration	Response
(a) the provisions of:	All relevant provisions of the Richmond Valley
(i) any environmental planning instrument;	Local Environmental Plan 2012 have been
	considered within this report.
(ii) Any proposed instrument that is or has	No draft EPI is considered to adversely impact the
been the subject of public consultation under	application.
this Act and that has been notified to the	
consent authority (unless the Planning	
Secretary has notified the consent authority	
that the making of the proposed instrument	
has been deferred indefinitely or has not	
been approved);	
(iii) any development control plan;	The relevant provisions of the Richmond Valey
	DCP are addressed within Section 4.3 of this
	report.
(iiia) and planning agreement that has been	The subject land is not known to be subject to a
entered into under section 7.4, or any draft	planning agreement.
planning agreement that a developer has	
offered to enter into under section 7.4;	
(iv) the regulations (to the extent that they	
prescribe matters for the purpose of this	
paragraph) 1 Demolition of Structures	N/A
2 Land subject to a Subdivision Order3 Dark Sky Planning Guideline	N/A N/A
4 & 5 Application for a manor house or	N/A
multi dwelling housing (terraces).	N/A
6 Residential building in Penrith City	N/A
Centre	N/A
7	N/A
7A Repealed	N/A
8 Nepealed	N/A
(v) (Repealed)	147.
(b) The likely impacts of that development,	
including environmental impacts on both the	
natural and built environments, and social	
and economic impacts in the locality;	
Context and setting	The subject land is zoned E1 Local Centre. The
	proposal relates to the construction of a new
	shop top housing development, group home and

S4.15 Matters for consideration	Response
S4.15 Matters for consideration	infill affordable housing, which provides an architectural designed buildings within an existing commercial precinct of Casino. The development is consistent with the requirements of the relevant requirements of the RVLEP, DCP and SEPP and is considered to be consistent with the general development pattern in the locality. The application is supported by a number of technical reports which demonstrate the proposed development is able to be undertaken in accordance with the relevant legislation, policies and standards.
Access, transport and traffic	The proposal is consistent with the scale of development foreshadowed in Council's planning policies and is not expected to adversely impact on the function of the local road network. A Traffic Engineering Report has been prepared by TTM Group and is provided at Attachment 7. The TIA determined the proposal is suitable for the location in terms of traffic engineering.
Utilities	All necessary services will be connected to the proposed development as discussed in Section 3 of this report.
Heritage	The site is not identified on Schedule 5 of the RVLEP2012 as containing an Item of Environmental Heritage.
Flora and fauna	The proposal involves removal of an existing Forest Red Gum at the site. An Ecological Assessment has been prepared by <i>Blackwood Ecological Services</i> , with further consideration provided at Section 4.8 of this report.
Natural hazards	The subject site is mapped as flood prone land. The proposed development complies with the minimum habitable floor level requirements Further consideration is provided at Section 4.2.3.
Site design and internal design	As demonstrated within this report, the proposed development has been designed having regard to the surrounding development, architectural character of the existing Casino locality, requirements of the RVLEP, DCP and SEPP Housing. In this regard, the proposed is considered suitable for the area, and provides an architecturally designed development within an existing site in Casino.

S4.15 Matters for consideration	Response	
(c) The suitability of the site for the development:		
Does the proposal fit within the locality?	The proposal for the construction of shop top housing, group home and infill affordable housing development is consistent with Councils planning framework. Furthermore, the design is compatible with existing and likely future developments within the surrounding locality.	
Site attributes conducive to the development?	The subject site is a vacant commercial site adjoined by commercial and residential development. The site is not mapped as bushfire prone, and is not impacted by land contamination. Flooding has been considered in the design, with the proposal complying with the minimum habitable floor level requirements. The site provides vehicle and pedestrian connection to the wider Casino locality. The proposed development has been designed to respond to the surrounding existing land uses, and architectural character of the Casino locality. The application is supported by a number of technical reports which demonstrate the proposal is able to be undertaken within minimal impact on the surrounding locality.	
(d) Any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations;	The proposal is compliant with the relevant legislation, as addressed within this report. Council will consider any submissions to the application as part of the assessment process.	
(e) The public interest.	This project has been designed to be compatible with the existing and desired future amenity of the locality and will support the use of the land for residential and commercial purposes. In addition, the development is largely consistent with the development controls for the locality. The application is supported by a range of technical reports which demonstrate the proposals compliance with the relevant legislation, policies and standards. As such, the proposal is considered to be in the public interest.	

5. Conclusion

This Town Planning report when read in conjunction with the accompanying documents successfully addresses the issues relevant to Council's assessment of this application.

In consideration of the issues and information provided, approval of the Development Application is warranted in the manner prepared, subject to the application of reasonable and relevant conditions.

The grounds for this approval are summarised below:

- The application accords with the relevant provisions of the Richmond Valley Local Environmental Plan 2012;
- The proposal adequately addresses the relevant provisions of the Richmond Valley Development Control Plan, and Section 2.4 of the Low Rise Housing Diversity Design Guide for Development Applications. A variation to the DCP in relation to carparking is provided, and is considered reasonable and justified in the circumstances of the case;
- The proposal adequately addresses the relevant provisions of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021;
- The proposal has been designed to accord with the building form and scale of surrounding development in the area; and

• The proposal is considered to be in the public interest.

MEGAN YATES

Town Planner. BRUP.

DAMIAN CHAPELLE

Town Planner. BTP, CPP